Import and export procedures guide

JORDAN

Preliminary version











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ABOUT THIS GUIDE

This guide focuses on trade related procedures and customs requirements for the clearance of goods in Jordan. The objective is to provide key information that will enable economic operators (importers and exporters) and beginners to have a comprehensive overview about the basics and cycles for the importation and exportation in Jordan. The import and export of goods is governed by a number of laws and regulations. These are listed and attached within corresponding Legal justifications but this document does not provide any legal guidance to any procedures outlined.

KEY CONCEPT DEFINITIONS

Import	The process of buying goods from a foreign country
Export	A function of international trade whereby goods produced in the country are shipped to another country for future sale or trade.
The Tariff, The Customs Tariff:	The schedule listing types of commodities, units of fees, categories of customs duties payable thereon, as well as the rules and notes included therein.
The Customs Zone:	The area determined by the Minister in each seaport or airport or any other place where a customs house exists and authorized for performing all or part of the customs formalities
The Customs Line:	The line which is identical to the political borders between the Kingdom and neighboring countries as well as coasts of seas surrounding the Kingdom
The Customs Territory:	The part of lands or seas subject to customs control and measures. Such customs territory comprises of: -
	A. The maritime customs territory which includes the sea area lying between coasts and the limit of the territorial water borders of the Kingdom.
	B. The land customs limit which includes the territory lying between coasts or land borders on one hand and an internal line on the other to be determined by a decision from the Minister and published in the official gazette
Goods:	Every natural material, or animal, or agricultural, or industrial product including electrical energy
Kind of Goods:	The nomenclature incorporated in the Customs Tariff list
The Prohibited Goods:	Every commodity whose importation or exportation is prohibited in accordance.
The Specified Prohibited Goods:	The prohibited goods which the minister specifies through a decision published in the official gazette for the purpose of customs control
Customs Value:	The value approved for goods pursuant. Such value shall apply to all customs approved status unless provided otherwise
Identical Goods:	Means goods which are the same in all respects, including physical characteristics, quality and reputation. Minor differences in appearance would not preclude goods otherwise conforming to the definition from being regarded as identical. Goods shall not be regarded as identical goods unless they were produced in the same country and by the same person as the goods being valued
Similar Goods:	Means goods which, although not alike in all respects, have like characteristics and like component materials which enable them to perform the same functions and to be commercially interchangeable. The quality of the goods, their reputation and the existence of a trademark are among the factors to be considered in determining whether goods are similar. Goods shall not be regarded as similar goods unless they were produced in the same country and by the same person as the goods being valued
The Monopoly Goods:	Goods in respect of which a decree is issued by a competent authority granting exclusive importation or exportation by a certain party or to a certain party
Sumptuary - Duty Goods:	The goods which are specified by a decision from the director for the purpose of customs control and through a decision published in the official gazette
Restricted Goods:	Good the importation or exportation of which is made conditional on securing a permit, a license, a certificate or any other document to be issued by the competent authority
Customs Declaration:	Declaration submitted to department, which specifies the distinctive features of declared goods, as well as the itemized quantities the documents required and which shall be attached to the customs declaration are deemed to be part of such declaration
Declaring:	The person making the customs declaration in his own name, or the person in whose name the customs declaration is made. Such person shall have the right to present the goods to customs and complete customs procedures
Clearance Agent:	Every person whose job is to prepare, sign and present customs declarations to the department and complete the necessary procedures related to the clearance of goods on behalf of others
Warehouse:	The area or the building where the goods are stored under the supervision of the department pending the collection of duties in accordance.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION:

All the information's in this guide are collected from official sources and documented by links and annexes. A list of the main sources is available on the following table:

Table 1 Information Resources

Import, Export law	Annex 2
Jordan Custom Law	Annex 8
The Jordanian Custom Department website	https://www.customs.gov.jo/ar/index.aspx
Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply	https://www.mit.gov.jo/

LEGAL JUSTIFICATION:

The import and export of goods is governed by a number of laws and regulations. These are listed and attached within corresponding Legal justification (law articles are stated) but the document does not provide any legal guidance to any procedures outlined.

ACRONYMS:

APHIS Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

ACC Amman Chamber of Commerce

CA Customs Authorities

COOC Country of origin certificate

CSB The Civil Service Bureau

EDA Exporter Department of Agriculture

HC Halal certificate

FSIS Food Safety Inspection Service

FHCC Fitness for Human Consumption Certificate

FTA Free Trade Agreement

JFDA Jordan Food and Drug Administration

JSMO Jordan Standards and Metrology Organization

MITS Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supplies

MOA Ministry of Agriculture

MOPIC Ministry of Planning and International Cooperation

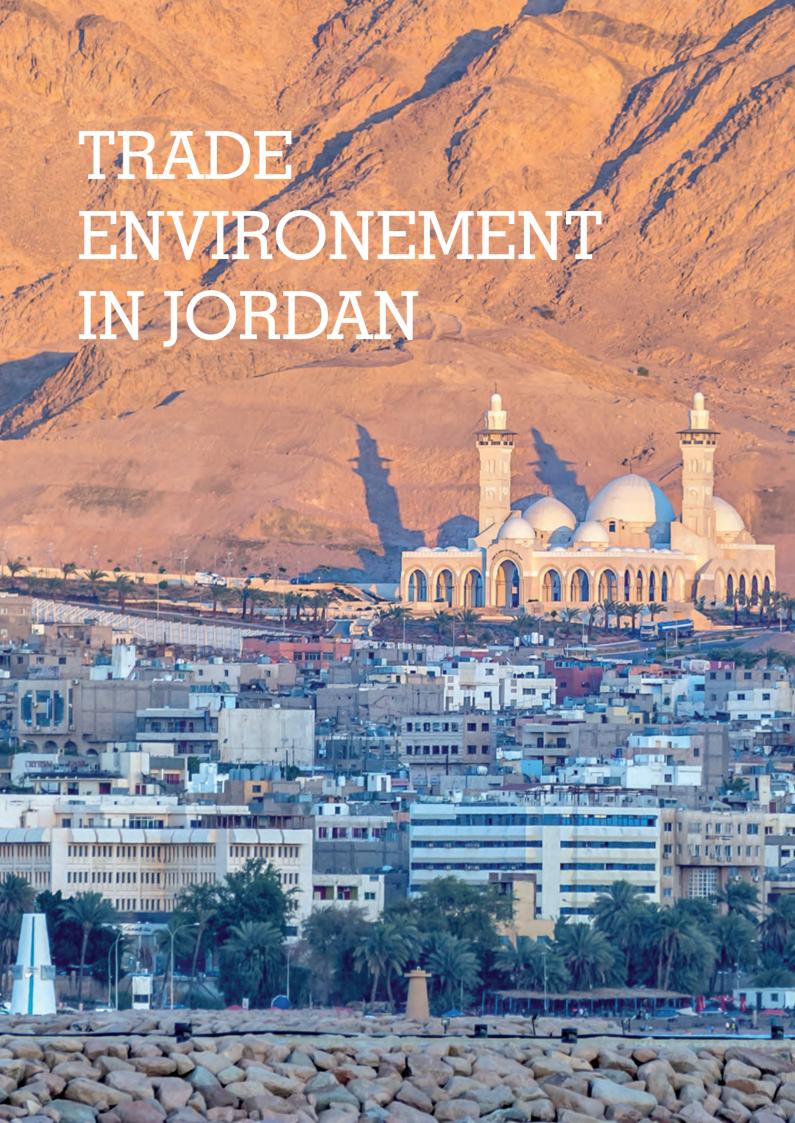
PVCCOOC Product Validity for Consumption in the Country of Origin.

SPS Sanitary and Phytosanitary

TBT Technical Barriers to Trade

VAHC Veterinary Animal Health Certificate

WTO World Trade Organization



TRADE ENVIRONEMENT IN JORDAN

TRADE CONTEXT IN JORDAN

Jordan became a Member of the WTO on 11 April 2000. It is a signatory to the WTO's Information Technology Agreement (ITA). Jordan has not been involved in any dispute under the WTO Dispute Settlement Mechanism, either directly or as a third party.

Jordan's trade policy objectives are: enhancing trade and economic openness through rapid integration into the global economy; enhancing the competitiveness of the economy; improving trade performance; and promoting a stimulating environment for economic and investment activities. In pursuit of these objectives, the Government aims to develop an economy that is open to regional and international markets. The authorities consider that trade, particularly exports, are the major channel for Jordan's economic growth. Thus, the Government has been making efforts to promote economic growth, reduce the trade deficit, and increase investment into the economy. Jordan released its 10-year economic blueprint - Jordan Vision 2025 Strategy - in May 2015, which intends to enable Jordan to move quickly to diversify resources, develop infrastructure, and capitalize on its strengths.

The only viable access to Jordan's market comes through Aqaba, thus imports and exports towards Europe for instance have to go through the red sea then through the Suez Channel, making trading and processing of foreign inputs quite expensive. However, the trade balance is slightly saved by services, where Jordan has good chances to excel. Tourism (including medical one) brings some relief in the unfavorable account, including exporting human capital as the education level in Jordan is high.

The following trade indicators represents the Jordanian trade in 2017:

Imports of Goods (Thousand USD): 20,407,329 (Source: Trade Map, 2017)

Exports of Goods (Thousand USD): 7,469,238 (Source: Trade Map, 2017)

Trade Balance (Thousand USD): -12,938,091 (Source: Trade Map, 2017)

Table 2 Main Partner Countries Source: Trade Map (ITC), 2017

Main Suppliers (% of Imports)	2017	Main Customers (% of Exports)	2017
China	13.5%	United States	21.5%
Saudi Arabia	13.5%	Saudi Arabia	11.3%
United States	9.8%	Iraq	7.3%
United Arab Emirates	4.9%	India	6.9%
Germany	4.4%	United Arab Emirates	4.7%
Italy	4.0%	Kuwait	4.6%
Turkey	3.3%	Palestine	2.7%
Japan	2.8%	Qatar	2.2%
South Korea	2.7%	China	2.2%
India	2.5%	Lebanon	1.9%

3Trade agreements and partnerships

Based on Jordan's keenness to develop its national economy and boost its exports the government have signed different trade agreements with different countries. The table below summarizes the Jordanian agreements and its partners.

Table 3 Jordan Trade Agreements

Agreement	Involved countries	Text of Agreement	Additional information and URLs
The United States and Jordan Free-Trade Agreement – FTA	Jordan United State of America	US- Jordan FTA Text	Signed in 2001 with no expiration date, this agreement has been signed by the two countries to establish a freetrade for goods and services. Customs are dismantled for both countries according to the US-Jordan FTE Rules of Origin. For all the agreement annexes click on
			the following link: https://ustr.gov/trade-agreements/free-trade-agreements/jordan-fta/final-text
GAFTA	Jordan, Morocco, Kuwait, United Arab Emirates, Syria, Tunis, Bahrain, Lebanon, Libya, Saudi Arabia, Iraq, Sudan, Oman, Egypt, Yemen, Qatar, Palestine	Available in Arabic only GAFTA	https://mit.gov.jo/Pages/ viewpage?pageID=310
EFTA	Jordan and the Association of European Countries (EFTA), which includes Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Iceland and Norway, signed the Agreement on the Establishment of a Free Trade Area (FTA) between the two sides on June 21, 2001 with the aim of finding the appropriate framework for developing and diversifying trade and economic cooperation on the basis of equality and common interests. Entered into force on 1/9/2002.	EFTA Agreement	All the EFTA agreements Annexes and protocols are available on the following link: https://mit.gov.jo/Pages/ viewpage?pageID=312
The Jordanian-European Partnership:	First party the European community: 1. The Kingdom of Belgium, 2. The Kingdom of Denmark, 3. The Federal Republic of Germany, 4. The Hellenic Republic, 5. The Kingdom of Spain, 6. The French Republic, 7. Ireland, 8. The Italian Republic, 9. The Grand Duchy of Luxembourg, 10. The Kingdom of The Netherlands, 11. The Republic of Austria, 12. The Portuguese Republic, 13. The Republic of Finland, 14. The Kingdom of Sweden, 15. The United Kingdom of Great Britain And Northern Ireland Second party: The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan	The Jordanian-European Partnership: simplification decision	The original agreement can be found on the following link: https://mit.gov.jo/EchoBusV3.0/ SystemAssets/PDFs/AR/Departements/ ForeignTradePolicy/Jordan-EU_ Association_Agreement.pdf
SJFTA	The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan And the Government of the Republic of Singapore	SJFTA	
Canada – Jordan FTA	The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, and Canadian Government	Canada- Jordan	

Turkish- Jordanian FTA	The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, and Turkey	Turkish- Jordanian Agreement	This 7-year deal was suspended by the Jordanian side on march 2018, and a negotiation is in progress to reactivate the agreement. http://www.jordantimes.com/news/local/jordan-turkey-renegotiate-suspended-fta
Agreement on the establishment of the Free Trade Area between the Arab Middle States (Agadir)	Jordan, Tunisia, Egypt and Morocco	AGADER	For all Agreements Annexes visit the link: https://mit.gov.jo/Pages/viewpage?pageID=310

What can be imported in Jordan

The Jordan Government issues decisions for the prohibition or the restriction of imports, considering its international commitments.

Prohibited Goods: The authorities stated that some goods are prohibited from importation for reasons of public safety, health and environment, or protection of national resources, or to implement UN Security Council resolutions.

Table 4 Goods subject to import prohibition

Products	Rationale
Plastic waste	Environmental protection
Diesel powered saloon cars	Environmental protection
Tractors older than one year	Safety of public transport
Khat	Public health
Coral	Protect marine life from extinction
Hexavalent chromium except for paint and coating industry use	Public health, environmental protection
Fireworks (certain kinds)	Safety
Toy guns shooting bead bullets	Public health, safety
Laser pens and other laser medals	Public health, safety
Holy water (Baptism water)	Religious reasons
Additional installations on cars, including calling devices and flashers	Security protection, safety
Photo blocker spray	Safety and security
Alarm systems and high-light devices for cars, except when imported for the Ministry of Health, Armed forces, General Intelligence Department of Jordan, Public Security Directorate, the Jordanian Civil Defense, and Jordan Customs, and ambulances for private hospitals	Safety and security
Danger alarms, bells, gongs and the like flash-lamp	Safety and security
Doll that resembles the living organism, consisting of human genes and animals	Safety
Arcs crossbow	Safety and security
Candy in the form of underwear and other forms	Security
Mosaics	Protection of national artistic and historic treasures
Lighters like pistols	Safety and security
Freight cars intended for the transport of goods and include (tractors and trailer and tractor and semi-trailer), which were manufactured five years ago or more, except vehicles manufactured ten years ago or more for private use	Safety of public transport
Games in the form of balloons and paper (wishing lamp)	Air safety
Fireworks toy guns	Public safety and security
Dry plant materials containing substances (jwh – 18K jwh -73) manufactured from materials resembling the impact of marijuana and hashish	Public health
Materials with similar effects of marijuana and hashish Narcotic	Public health

Automobiles with tinted glass	National security, protection of human health and safety
Materials and equipment containing camouflaged cameras and apparatus combined with video and/or sound recording	Public safety and security
Articles used in the manufacturing of illegal narcotic substances	Public health
Video games presenting pornography	Public safety and security
Somali charcoal	UN Security Council Resolution

Restricted Imports: restricted items are allowed to be imported by only certain parties.

Table 5 Restricted Goods in the Jordanian Market

Product	Restricted to
Raw leather	Restricted to the Jordan tanning company
Crude oil and its derivatives (except metallic oils) and household gas cylinders	Restricted to the Jordan petroleum refinery company
Cement	Restricted to the Jordan cement factories company which is now privately owned
Explosives and gun powder	The company Jordan phosphate mines
Used tires	Are restricted to tire retreating factories
Biscuits of all types; mineral water, and dried milk for industry use	Are restricted to those factories

Special Import Provisions: Import Pre-approval is required for certain goods. The pre-approval acts as an import license. However, these licenses are not automatic. These goods are summarized as follows:

Table 6 Goods that require a Pre-approval before importing them to Jordan

Product	Relevant Ministry
Arms and ammunitions	
Switch-blade knives	
Explosives fuel-operated toy cars	Ministry of Interior/ Public Security Directorate
ote control operated toy planes	
Electric and electronic games for commercial use	
Self-defense electric tools	
Military clothing	Jordan Armed Forces
Radioactive materials and uranium	Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources
Wireless receivers and broadcast stations	
Wireless alarm devices	
Remote control devices (including motor, garage, window and shutter control; excluding television and video devices)	
Site mapping equipment	
Wireless receivers and broadcast devices	Telecommunications Regulatory Commission
Cellular-phone equipment	relection intuitions negulatory Commission
Wireless microphones	
Communications terminals	
Remote control toy planes (also to be cleared by the public security department of the ministry of interior),	
Mobile tv equipment	
Decoders and satellite receivers	Radio and Television Corporation
Color photocopiers	Central Bank of Jordan

Medical drugs and antibiotics	
Food supplements for athletes	
Potassium bromide food dyes	
Asbestos pipes and panels	Ministry of Health
Frozen ice cream	Millistry of Health
Baby food and milk	
Laser pens	
Oxygen and nitrogen oxide	
Halogen use material	Ministry of Municipal Affairs and Ministry of
Freon gas	Environment
Postal clearing devices	Ministry of Information and Communications Technology
Artesian well drills	Ministry of Water and Irrigation
Small monitoring cameras	Military Security

Commercial import companies should hold a valid importer card (license), which provides a special number and file that facilitates customs clearance. Goods may be imported for commercial purposes without an importer card; however, a penalty is payable equal to 2.5% of the value of the imported goods.

The Import License Program Agreement classifies import licenses into automatic and non-automatic licenses. In the automatic import licensing system, there is no limit to the number of the import licenses to be issued to the importer, that is, for all goods listed under the license, the importer could import as long as they apply. The purposes of automatic import license are statistic collection and supervision, providing the government with information about major goods that could possibly do harms to domestic industry. The function of such licenses is not to restrict the import of products, but to provide statistics for import trade.

Non-automatic import license is basically an administrative method to limit import amount. It is a common method of non-tariff barriers.

Jordan requires certain certificates for importing a number of food products, a detailed list can be found in Table 6 below.

Table 7 Required certificates for imported goods

Product(s)	Title of Certificate	Attestation Required on Certificate	Purpose	Requesting Ministry
Powder Milk	Country of Origin Certificate (Annex 7)	Exporter country Government or Chamber of Commerce	Custom Valuation, Health, Risk control	CA, MOA
For direct consumption-does not need	Sanitary and Phyto Sanitary (SPS) Veterinary Animal Health Certificate (VAHC)	EDA-FSIS or APHIS	Human Health	JFDA
an import license	Fitness for Human Consumption Certificate. (FHCC)	FDA or EDA-FSIS	Human Health	JFDA
	Product Validity for Consumption in the Country of Origin. (PVCCOOC)	FDA or EDA-FSIS	Human Health	JFDA
Flavored Milk	COOC, VAHC, FHCC, PVCCOOC, Approved flavor and/or coloring material.	FDA or EDA-FSIS	Human Health	MOA, JSMO, JFDA, CA

	SPS-VAHC	EDA-FSIS or APHIS	Free from infectious or contagious diseases. Food safety	MOA
Bovine Meat	HC	Supplier/Manufacturer	Verification that slaughter conforms to Islamic traditions. Food quality and consumer protection.	MOA, JSMO
	SPS-VAHC	EDA-FSIS or APHIS	Free from infectious or contagious diseases. Food safety	MOA
Processed Meat	НС	Supplier/Manufacturer	Verification that slaughter conforms to Islamic traditions. Food quality and consumer protection.	MOA, JSMO
	COOC	Exporter country Government or Chamber of Commerce	Custom Valuation, Health, Risk control	MOA, JSMO, JFDA, Customs
Poultry meat	HC	Supplier/Manufacturer	Verification that slaughter conforms to Islamic traditions. Food quality and consumer protection.	MOA, JSMO
	Residues monitoring Program certificate	National Residue Control System (FSIS- EPA & FDA)		MOA, JSMO, JFDA
	Poultry meat from flocks that have not been fed on bovine bone and meat meals certificate	FDA, EDA-FSIS or APHIS	Food Safety	MOA, JFDA
	Validity Certificate	FDA, EDA-FSIS or APHIS	Self-life. Food quality	MOA, JSMO, JFDA
Pisces (fish	Processing Procedures		Food quality	MOA, JSMO
and sea fruits) Frozen and/or Processed	COOC	Exporter Country Government or Chamber of Commerce	Custom Valuation, Health, Risk control	MOA, JSMO, JFDA, CA
	SPS-VAHC	EDA-FSIS	Free from infectious or contagious diseases. Food safety.	MOA, JFDA
Chassa	COOC	Exporter Country Government or Chamber of Commerce	Custom Valuation, Health, Risk control.	MOA, JSMO, JFDA, CA
Cheese	SPS-VAHC	EDA-FSIS or APHIS	Free from infectious and contagious diseases. Food safety.	MOA, JFDA
	Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point	Accredited by FDA, EDA-FSIS or APHIS	Food quality.	JFDA
Honey	COOC	Exporter Country Government or Chamber of Commerce	Custom Valuation, Health, Risk control.	MOA, JSMO, JFDA, CA
	Residues free certificate	FDA, EDA-FSIS or APHIS	Food safety.	MOA, JFDA
Fresh fruits and Vegetables	COOC	Exporter Country Government or Chamber of Commerce	Custom Valuation, Health, Risk control.	MOA, JSMO, JFDA, CA
	Quarantine pests free Sanitary and Phyto Sanitary certificate SPS	EDA-FSIS or APHIS	Plant health.	MOA

Abbreviations: Ministry of Agriculture (MOA), Jordan Standards and Metrology Organization (JSMO), Jordan Food and Drug Administration (JFDA), Customs Department (CA), Exporter Department of Agriculture (EDA), Food Safety Inspection Service (FSIS), Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS), Veterinary Animal Health Certificate (VAHC), Country of origin certificate (COOC), Sanitary and Phytosanitary (SPS), Fitness for Human Consumption Certificate.(FHCC), Product Validity for Consumption in the Country of Origin.(PVCCOOC), Halal certificate (HC).

IMPORT REGIMES IN JORDAN:

Goods entrance to the country comes with different purposes, where part of it enters for the local market consumption, other is used as row materials in industry, enter for maintenance or fixing and exit the country afterward, or even enters the borders to reach other neighbor countries. The table below shows the different types of customs regimes that are used at Jordan Customs in import, export, and other customs procedures. Each type is normally used by different sector, for example the EX1 is normally used by the trading sector since they aim to make profit from bringing in goods and sell it to consumers in the local market.

Table 8 Import regimes in Jordan

code	Regime	Sectors That Mostly Deal with This Regime	Legal justification	Additional information
Ex1	export local goods permanently	Industrial and trading sectors selling goods that holds a Jordanian Certificate of Origin	custom law, Article 65	https://www.customs.gov.jo/ar/ JCMainServices/main/services/ Statement_issued/JC_Export.pdf https://www.customs.gov.jo/ CustomsManual/index.aspx
EX2	Temporary export for exhibition or maintenance	Industrial and trading sectors to show Jordanian goods in national exhibitions or for maintenance, all the goods will be returned back to Jordan afterward.		https://www.customs.gov.jo/ar/ JCMainServices/main/services/ Temp_Export/JC_TempExport.pdf
EX3	Re-export foreign goods outside Jordan against guarantee (unpaid duties)	Industrial and trading sectors Foreign goods shall be allowed to enter the Kingdom, under the statuses of pending customs duties and other fees and taxes for processing principally whether the beneficiary is a manufacturer or an exporter, for exportation purposes within a period not exceeding three years.	custom law, Chapter Five	https://www.customs.gov.jo/ar/ JCMainServices/main/services/ Statement_issued/JC_Export.pdf
IM4	Home consumption	not restricted to a specific sector normally individual end consumer	-	https://www.customs.gov.jo/ar/ JCMainServices/main/services/ Clearance_Service/Clearance_ Service.pdf
IM5	Temporary import for manufacturing, projects, and exhibition	Industrial and trading sectors to show international goods in Jordanian exhibitions or for maintenance, all the goods will be returned back to their source afterward.	custom law, Chapter Six	https://www.customs.gov.jo/ar/ JCMainServices/main/services/ Temp_Bayan/Daleel.pdf
IM6	Reimport exported goods of Jordanian origin	Industrial and trading sectors bringing back an exported Jordanian product.		https://www.customs.gov.jo/ar/ JCMainServices/main/services/RE- import_bayan/RE_IMPORT.pdf
IM7	Bonded warehouse	Goods may be stored in warehouses without paying fees and taxes in accordance with the provisions of this section. These warehouses are divided into two types: - Public and Private.	custom law, Chapter Three	https://www.customs.gov.jo/ar/ JCMainServices/main/services/ Statement_issued/JC_Export.pdf
TR8	Transit	Goods of foreign origin may be transported according to transit status by crossing one border to exit across another. Such transit status shall end when producing copies of the declarations duly signed from the first customs house in the neighboring country or producing a certificate of arrival from the country of destination or by any other evidence accepted by the Department.	custom law, Chapter Two	https://www.customs.gov.jo/ar/ JCMainServices/main/services/ Statement_issued/JC_Export.pdf
SD4	Simplified documents for non-commercial goods	non-commercial goods that comes with passengers and exceeding 2000JD and doesn't require a tax number	-	https://www.customs.gov.jo/ar/ JCMainServices/main/services/ Passenger_baggage_statement/ Passenger_baggage_statement. pdf
RD4	Home consumption	Personnel effect and household furniture of returns and foreigners for permanent stay in Jordan	-	

AR9	Other customs procedures such as damage and vessel supply	transit and shipping companies	custom law	https://www.customs.gov.jo/ar/ JCMainServices/main/services/ Statement_issued/JC_Export.pdf
RZ4	Entering luggage into the Special Economic Zone	-	custom law, Chapter Four	https://www.customs.gov.jo/ar/ JCMainServices/main/services/ Statement_issued/JC_Export.pdf
ST	Take out luggage of the Special Economic Zone	-	custom law, Chapter Four	https://www.customs.gov.jo/ar/ JCMainServices/main/services/ Statement_issued/JC_Export.pdf
AA97	Entering Goods into the Special Economic Zone	all foreign goods of all kinds and origins may be brought into the free zones and moved out to non-customs areas without being subject to import or prohibition restrictions or duties and taxes except those imposed for the benefit of the party which runs and invests these zones.	custom law, Chapter Four	https://www.customs.gov.jo/ar/ JCMainServices/main/services/ Statement_issued/JC_Export.pdf

Institutional environment and legal bases

Trade and customs in Jordan are controlled by different main entities working in harmony to simplify trade in Jordan. The following sections will discuss the related institutional environment and legal bases.

Institutional Environment

Trade and industrial policies are formulated and executed by the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supplies (MITS). In 2013, the Ministry of Industry and Trade became the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supplies with added responsibilities for ensuring the continued availability of goods and fair competition in the market, and preventing anti-competitive behaviors.

The Foreign Trade Policy and Relations Department in the MITS is responsible for all matters relating to multilateral trade agreements (WTO), and regional and bilateral trade agreements. It is in charge of negotiating and preparing draft agreements, supervising their implementation, evaluating their impact, and amending them to enhance and develop Jordan's economy. The Department is the focal point for the WTO, functioning as Jordan's Notification Point for various WTO agreements (except for notifications related to agriculture, TBT, and SPS measures). It is Jordan's inquiry point for trade in services. The Department is responsible for ensuring that Jordan complies with all its commitments towards the WTO and its regional and bilateral agreements. It cooperates with other government agencies as well as private sector institutions. It is also Jordan's focal point for the Social and Economic Council of the Arab League. The Department deals closely with Jordan's economic counsellor offices worldwide to follow up on international and bilateral issues.

The Ministry of Planning and International Cooperation (MOPIC) established a central government portal (http://inform.gov.jo/en-us/) in 2014, where information on plans and strategies of the Government are available to all. The plans and strategies cover all aspects of Jordan's development, including: reducing poverty, increasing employment, reforming government, and building an environment for business growth and entrepreneurship. The Government considers that making this information accessible to the public facilitates public discussion and improves the decision-making procedure in both the public and private sectors. According to the authorities, the Government made important progress towards greater fiscal transparency, as it provides the public with some information related to its expenditures and other fiscal activities. The public may challenge the Government on its management of public funds. The Civil Service Bureau (CSB) took measures recently to improve transparency, such as automating candidacy and employment data, and establishing an audit unit at the CSB to ensure its compliance with transparency and integrity in recruitment.

Treaties and international agreements concluded by Jordan have legal power in national courts. In case of conflict between international and domestic laws, applicable international agreements take precedence.

The table below summaries the main entities in charge of trade regulations.

Table 9 Jordanian trade regulations entities

Body/Entity	Linked procedure – Documentation	Address and contact Department	Additional information
Jordan Customs	Advanced classification application (can be filled electronically here). Custom clearance procedures. Golden list.	P.O Box 90 Amman 11118 Head Office of Jordan Customs is located at the following address: Amman - Abdali - King Hussein Street - opposite the Ministry of Finance. Hotline: 080022999 Phone: +962 6 4623186 Fax: +962 6 4647791	https://www.customs.gov.jo/en/index.aspx
Companies Control Department	Company registration	Ministry of Industry, Trade & Supplies, Talha Bin Obaid Allah St 10, Amman ' +962 77818 1186	http://www.ccd.gov.jo/
The ministry of Industry, Trade & Supply	Pre- approvals inquiry Trade mark registration Import license card inquiry	Amman Shumeisani Al-sharef Al- Radi Street - Building Number 11 ZIP Code 11181 ' (962) 6 5629030 Fax (962) 6 5684692 Email: info@mit.gov.jo PO Box 2109	http://www.mit.gov.jo
Jordan Standards and Metrology Organization	-Import certain goods Pre- approvals -Goods Inspection Down below is a list of related e-services and Informational services links: Control on imported products Granting a certificate of good agricultural practices (GLOBAL G.A.P) Granting a halal logo and certificate Granting the Jordanian quality mark Hallmarking manufactured local or imported Gold jewelry Hallmarking manufactured local or imported Silver jewelry Inquiring about the standards/Jordanian and non-Jordanian technical regulations Preparing or reviewing a Jordanian Standard or Jordanian Technical Regulation or adopting a standard Testing food samples and chemical samples Testing local and imported Golden alloys Testing local and imported Silver alloys Testing samples to verify the karats Verifying imported legal measuring instruments Verifying pre-packaged cans Verifying the organic Product Certificate	Amman, Dabouq area, #50 Khair Al-Din Al-Ma ani St. ZIP Code 11194 PO Box 941287 Email: jsmo@jsmo.gov.jo Telephone: + 962-6-5301225	http://www.jsmo.gov.jo

Legal Framework

The Jordanian legal framework through its laws, rules, regulations, and instructions is wrapping up all the import and export related issues, controlling what can be imported / or exported, who is legally allowed to do so, process, cost, and time. Keeping the right for the importer or exporter to appeal for governmental decisions whenever its applicable.

Table 10 Jordanian Legal Framework

Legislation	Short summary	Additional information	
Custom law	 Custom clearance stages. 	Jordanian custom law (Annex 9)	
	 Factors on Basis of Which Import or Export Duties are Applied 		
	 Entering and Leaving of Goods 		
	 Statuses of Pending Duties 		
	- Simplification of Customs Procedures		
	- Customs Legal Cases		
	- Prescription		
Import and Export Law no.12- 2001	 This document legalizes the import license, export license 	Jordanian Import Export Law	
		Available on annex 2.	
Import legal instructions	 What can be imported or exported under those licenses. 	Import legal instructions (https://www.mit.gov.jo)	
Import and export license rules no.114 2004	Import license validity time.License cancelation, causes and appeal	Import and export license rules (https://www.mit.gov.jo)	
Modified Import and export license rules 115 2015		Modified Import and export license rules no. 115- 2015 (https://www.mit.gov.jo)	
Decision, List of Jordanian controlled materials subject to non-automatic export	This decision listed all the products under non-automatic export license.	List of Jordanian controlled materials subject to non-automatic export license for	
license for 2018	For exporting or re-exporting these items, the exporter needs to apply for export license for each shipment. Since they are valid only for one time.	2018	
	To know more about these items, follow the link.		
Instructions Export/ Re-Export a Dual usage Items- 2009	 Dual usage items are those can be used in Chemical, Nuclear, Biological weapons. 	Instructions Export/ Re-Export a Dual usage Items	
	 Describe the procedure of getting the export license for such products. 		
	 Criterion taking into consideration for providing such license. 		
	 Information and data needed for the license requisition. 		
Principles and conditions for importing surveillance cameras	Types of surveillance cameras that can be imported.	Principles and conditions for importing surveillance cameras	
	Types of surveillance cameras that are not allowed.		
	General terms and conditions like locations where cameras of any type are not allowed.		

Principles and conditions for importing 3-D printers	Parties who can import this type of printers. Importing 3-D printer spare parts. 3-D printer provisioned users list.	Principles and conditions for importing 3-D printers
Importing of household and / or office electrical appliances either new, or stock, or renewed	For more information about importing those items refer to article 13, Import legal instructions	Import legal instructions https://www.mit.gov.jo
Products exempted from importer card and fine import	Products that can be imported without having an import card and not legal to importing fine. refer to article 4-B, Import legal instructions	Import legal instructions https://www.mit.gov.jo
Chemicals that are prohibited or restricted by the Ministry of Environment's legislation and which require the pre-approval of the Ministry of Environment.	Refer to article 6-b, import legal instructions	Import legal instructions https://www.mit.gov.jo
Chemicals that are prohibited or restricted and require a preapproval from the Ministry of Interior - National Committee for Prohibition Chemical weapons	Refer to article 6-c, import legal instructions	Import legal instructions https://www.mit.gov.jo
Importing grated Used Tires	Refer to article 14, import legal instructions	Import legal instructions https://www.mit.gov.jo
Importing Fruit, vegetables, live animals, milk and dairy products.	Refer to annex 10, import legal instructions	Import legal instructions https://www.mit.gov.jo



Penalty provisions and appeal procedures

The following table represent the system administrating penalties related to import, export and customs procedure defaults.

Table 11 Penalties related to import, export and customs

Ac	t / violation case	Penalty (corresponding provision)	Additional information
Α.	Contraventions in export declaration which would lead to evading the restrictions of export license or retrieving currency.		
B.	The contravening declaration which leads to benefit from refunding duties or taxes or clearing the records of goods under temporary entry or goods imported for processing and export purposes whose duties do not exceed 500 JDs.		
C.	Transport of passengers or goods within the country by vehicles acceptable under pending status of duties in violation to the provisions of Laws and regulations.		
D.	Changing the route specified in the transit or re-export declarations without the Departments approval.	fine of no less than 100 JDs and not more than 1000 JDs shall be imposed on each of the following contraventions	Article 199
E.	Removal of lead, or buttons or erasing the customs seals off goods dispatched by transit or re-exportation.		
F.	Presentation of the specified certificates necessary for the discharge and settlement of the transit manifests or for the temporary entry undertakings or the inward processing of pending duties or re-exportation after the expiry of the delay periods specified for that purpose.		
G.	Breaching any of the legal conditions and provisions of transit or inward processing or temporary entry or re-exportation contained in the customs directives and regulations.		
Н.	Contraventions of violating the regulations related to public and private warehouses. This fine shall be collected from proprietors or utilizers of said warehouses.		
1.	Acquisition by the concerned persons of more than one manifest or its substitute.		
J.	Possession or circulation within the customs limit in an illegal way or in a manner contravening the contents of the transport bill of goods subject to the control of the customs officers.		
K.	Ferrying by ships whose load capacity is less than 200 tons of restricted or prohibited goods or goods subject to heavy fees or specified prohibited goods within the sea customs limit whether the goods were mentioned in the cargo manifest or not. The same applies when such ships change their course inside the sea customs limit under circumstances other than those resulting from maritime emergency or force majeure.		
L.	Anchoring of ships or landing of planes or parking of other transport means in places other than those set out for them and which are licensed by the Department.		
М.	Departure of ships and planes and other transport means from the harbor or the customs zone without a license from the Department.		
N.	Anchoring of ships of any load capacity and the landing of planes at harbors and airports other than those set out for those purposes, either this was in normal or emergency cases without notifying the nearest customs house of that.		
Ο.	The transfer of goods from a transport means to another or the re-exportation of these goods without an authorized declaration or license.		
P.	The loading and unloading of ships or trucks or cars and other transport means or withdrawal or goods without a license from the Department or in the absence of its personnel or outside the hours set for that or in violation of the provisions determined by the Department or unloading the goods at places other than those set for that purpose.		

Ac	t / violation case	Penalty (corresponding provision)	Additional information
Q.	Obstructing the Department's officials from carrying out their duties and exercising their right of inspection, verification and examination and failure to stop upon the request of the Department's officials. This fine shall be imposed on anyone who took part in such contravention.	fine of no less than 100 JDs	Article 199
R.	Failure to keep registers and documents and similar items during the period prescribed in Article (183) of the custom law or failure to present these registers and documents.	and not more than 1000 JDs shall be imposed on each of the following contraventions	
S.	Failure by customs clearance agents to abide by the customs regulations which specify their duties. In addition, professional penalties may also be applied in this regard in accordance with the provisions of Article (168) of the custom law.		
T.	The verified decrease in goods at the stores after being delivered in an apparent sound condition.		
U.	The goods which have escaped seizure and which it was not possible to determine their value or quantity or kind and this shall not hinder prosecution on charges of smuggling.		
V.	Refunding duties or taxes not exceeding 500 JDs in value without any right to do so.		
Α.	Declaring, in the declaration, of information contrary to the documents attached thereto. Such fine shall be levied from the declarant.		
B.	Listing several closed parcels put together in whatever way in the manifest or its substitute as being one parcel. In this case, Article 60 of this Law concerning containers, pallets and trailers shall be observed.		
C.	Failure to present the manifest or its substitute and the other documents referred to in Article 43 of this Law upon entry or exit and also the delay in presenting the manifest or its substitute from the period prescribed in the same Article.		
D.	Non-presence of a duly made cargo manifest or its substitute or the existence of a manifest contrary to the reality of the cargo.	Except for cases falling under smuggling category, a fine of 50 - 500 JDs shall be imposed on	Article 200
E.	Failure to mark the manifest by the customs authorities at the shipment place in cases where such marking is essential in accordance with the provisions of this Law.	the following contraventions	
F.	Failure to list what should be listed in the manifest or its substitute.		
G.	Importation by mail of closed parcels or unlabeled cans in violation of the provisions of Arab and international postal agreements and the national legal provisions in force.		
Н.	The attempt to refund duties and taxes without having the right to do so.		
I.	Every other contravention to the provisions of this Law, regulations, decisions and directives enforcing them.		
dis the	all be imposed in cases of contraventions involving delay in presenting the goods patched by transit to the exit office or to the destined internal office after the expiry of periods determined in the manifests. The fine shall not exceed half the value of the ods.	A fine between 10 - 20 dinars for each day of delay	Article 201
in r	all be imposed for each week of delay or any part thereof for contraventions of delay eturning the goods entering temporarily for processing purposes after the expiry of period set out for them in the declaration, the fine shall not exceed half the value of ods.	A fine from 10- 20 dinars with the exception of cars where the fine shall be 15-30 JDs.	Article 202

Ac	t / violation case	Penalty (corresponding provision)	Additional information
		provision)	illiorillation
Α.	uggling provisions which includes the following: Failure upon entry to go to the nearest customs house. Failure to follow the appointed routes when bringing in the goods or transferring them out of the country.	A fine not less than 1000 dinars and not more than 10000 dinars and on repetition a jail term not less than one year plus a fine not less than 5000 dinars.	Article 206
D. E. F. G.	Unloading or loading the goods from or on board the ships in a manner contravening the regulations prevailing along the coasts where customs houses are not available or loading or unloading the goods in the sea customs limit. Unloading or loading the goods from or on board the planes in an illegal manner outside the official airport or throwing the goods during flights. In such case, provisions of Article 53 of this Law shall be complied with. Failure at the entry and exit office to declare the entering or departing goods without a manifest. The goods carried by the passengers are included but the provisions of Article 197 of this Law should be observed. Overpassing with the goods the customs houses without declaring thereof upon entry or departure. The discovery at the customs house of undeclared goods put in hiding places with the aim of concealing them or put in places which are usually not designed for the containment of such goods. The increase or decrease or exchange with regard to the number of the packages and their contents and which are accepted under suspension of duties prescribed in Title 9 of this Law and which are accepted under suspension of duties prescribed in Title 9 of this Law and which are accepted under suspension of duties prescribed in Title 9 of this Law and which are accepted under suspension of duties prescribed in Title 9 of this Law and which are accepted under suspension of duties prescribed in Title 9 of this Law and which are accepted under suspension of duties prescribed in Title 9 of this Law and which are accepted under suspension of duties prescribed in Title 9 of this Law and which are accepted under suspension of duties prescribed in Title 9 of this Law and which are accepted under suspension of duties prescribed in Title 9 of this Law and which are accepted under suspension of duties prescribed in Title 9 of this Law and which are accepted under suspension of the duties have a duties the described in Title 9 of this Law and which are accepted under suspension of the	A custom fine as a civil indemnity for the Department as follows: - 1. Between three times to six times the value of the specified prohibited goods. 2. Between double to three times of both the value and the duties concerning the prohibited or monopoly goods. 3. Between double to four times of the duties due on goods subject to customs duties if not prohibited or monopoly provided that the fine shall not be less than half the	Article 206
I.	in Title 8 of this Law and which have been discovered following the departure of the goods from the entry center. This rule shall cover the goods which have come to the country by smuggling or without customs formalities and in such case the transporter shall assume the responsibility therefore. Failure to submit the proofs determined by the Department for the discharge of the	value of the goods. 4. Between half to one time the value for goods not subject to duties or taxes and which are not prohibited or	
J.	declarations of goods which are accepted under suspension of duties and which are prescribed in Title 6 of this Law. The removal of goods from the free zones or the stores or warehouses to the	monopoly. C. The confiscation of the goods involved in the	
	customs yard without the customs formalities. Presenting false manifests intended for the importation or exportation of specified prohibited goods or prohibited or monopoly goods or those intended for the importation of goods by falsifying their value so as to surpass the amounts of money determined in the enforced rules.	smuggling or levying the equivalent of their value including the duties if the goods were not seized or escaped seizure.	Article 206
L.	The submission of false or forged or fictitious documents or labeling the goods with false signs with the aim of evading customs duties or the other fees and taxes in whole or in part or with the aim of evading rules of prohibition and restriction, provided that Article 198/A/2 of this Law shall be observed.	Confiscation of the transportation means and the instruments and items used in the smuggling or a	
	The transport or possession of the specified prohibited goods or the prohibited or monopoly goods without submitting proofs confirming their importation in a legal manner.	fine not exceeding 50% of the value of the smuggled goods provided that it does not exceed the value of the	
	The transport or possession of the goods which are under the control of customs zone's officers without presenting a legal document. The failure to re-import the goods whose exportation is prohibited and the goods	transport means with the exception of ships, planes	
О. Р.	exported temporarily for whatever purpose. Unloading or loading trains in places where customs houses are not available or loading or unloading the goods in the customs zone in a manner contravening the	and trains unless they were prepared or hired for this purpose or levying the	Article 206
	regulations.	equivalent of their value if they were not seized or escaped seizure.	
Α.	Goods imported or exported through smuggling whose value does not exceed 100 dinars and which are not among the specified prohibited goods.	A custom fine not exceeding the amount of duties shall be	Article 197
B.	Items and objects designed for personal use and the effects and gifts carried by the passengers whose value does not exceed 500 dinars and which are not declared at the customs house upon entry or exit and are not exempted from customs duties. The seized goods may, in both cases, be returned to their owners wholly or partly on condition that the restrictions prescribed by the provisions in force should be observed.	imposed on the following:	
1.	The unjustified shortage in cargo listed in the maritime manifest or its substitute.	Except for cases falling under smuggling category covered by	Article 198
2.	Inconsistent declaration in which the real value has been confirmed to be not exceeding 10% of the declared value or 10% of weight or number or measurement provided that the goods shall not be of those prohibited ones.	Article 204 of custom Law, a fine not more than half the amount of due duties and taxes shall be imposed on the following contraventions:	

Ac	t / violation case	Penalty (corresponding provision)	Additional information
1.	The contravening declaration which leads to benefit from refunding duties or taxes or clearing the records of goods under temporary entry or goods imported for processing and export purposes the duties of which exceed 500 JDs, without having the right to do so.		
2.	The unjustified increase over what has been listed in the cargo manifest or its substitute. If the increase contained parcels bearing the same signs and numbers borne by other parcels, the extra parcels shall be considered as being subject to higher fees or subject to prohibition rules.		Article 198
3.	The unjustified decrease from what has been listed in the land or air cargo manifest or its substitute whether such decrease occurred in the number of parcels or their contents or in the quantities of bulk goods.	Except for cases falling under smuggling category covered by Article 204 of this Law, a fine not more than twice of duties or half	
4.	The use of items covered by exemption or reduced tariff for a purpose other than that for which they were imported. The same fine shall be imposed on exchange or sale or disposal of these items in an illegal manner and without the Departments approval and without submitting the necessary papers.	the value of goods whichever is less shall be imposed on the following contraventions:	
5.	The sale of goods accepted under pending status of duties or for their use outside the permitted areas or for purposes other than those for which they were imported or when allocated for a purpose other than that which they were meant for, or upon replacing or disposing of them in an unlawful way before notifying the Department and presenting the necessary documents.		
6.	Refunding duties and taxes whose value exceeds 500 JDs without having the right to do so.		
In o	ease of goods imported for commercial purposes without an importer card.	penalty is payable equal to 2.5% of the value of the imported goods.	

Appeal procedures

The Jordanian law ensure the citizens of appealing the judgments of custom penalties based on the customs law as follows:

Article 224

- A. Judgments passed by the Customs Court of First Instance may be appealed to a special customs court consisting of three civil judges, one of them as a president, to be appointed by the Judicial Council, and in case one of them fail to perform his duties due to absence or any other legal reason, the Minister of Justice may delegate another judge for the job.
- B. This court shall meet in Amman and in the place designated by the Minister or the place it deems appropriate.
- C. This court shall deal with cases referred to it in terms of investigation and pleading and issue its decisions by unanimity or majority of votes
- D. The period of appeal shall be thirty days from the date of notification if the judgment has been passed by default or from the date of the issuance if the judgment was given in presence.

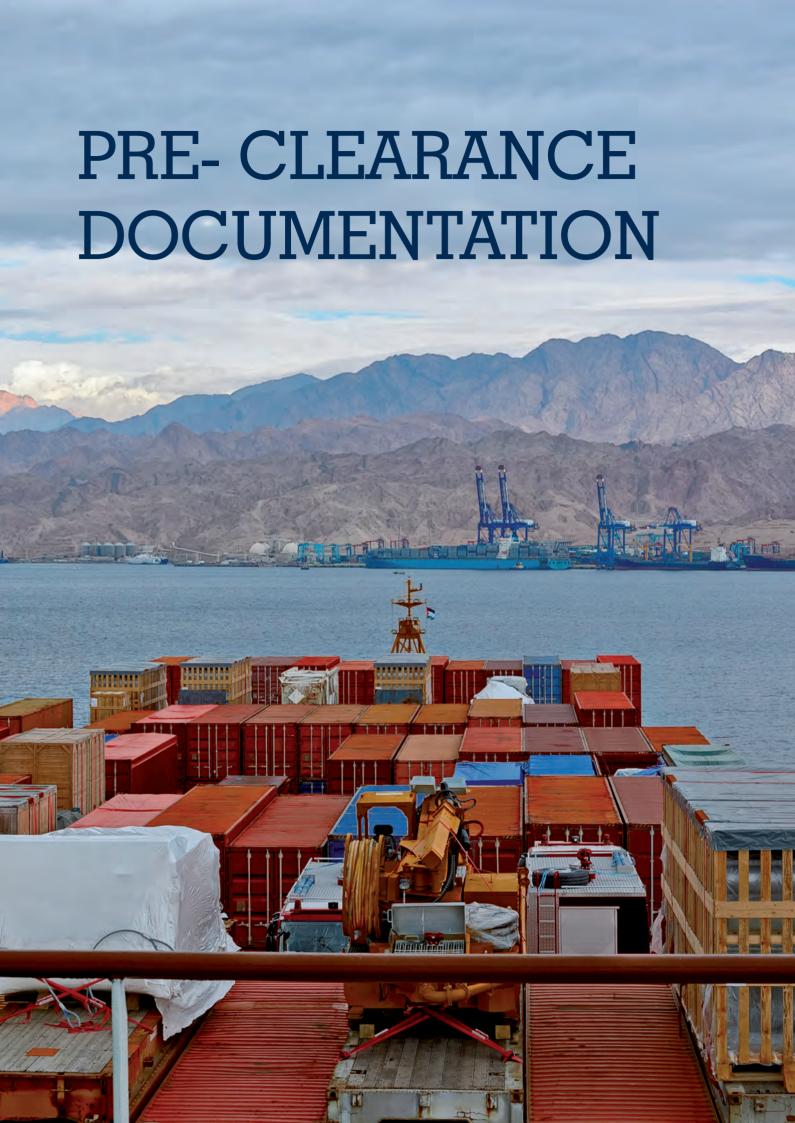
Article 225

Judgments given by the court of appeal in legal and penal cases shall be subject to cassation: -

- A. If the sum of the judgment is not less than two thousand dinars.
- B. If the dispute in the other judgments involves a newly-created legal point or a complicated one or of general significance and the Customs Court of Appeal gave its permission. Request for that permission must be presented within ten days of the date of the notification of the Customs Court of Appeal's decision.
- C. Should the Customs Court of Appeal refuse to give a permission for cassation, the applicant has the right to request the permission from the President of the Cassation Court within ten days of his notification of the refusal decision.
- D. If the permission for cassation was issued by the Customs Court of Appeal or from the President of the Cassation Court, the cassation applicant must present the cassation statement within ten days of his notification of the permission decision.

Article 226

- A. The sentenced person may object to the judgment passed by default within ten days of his notification.
- B. The requisition for cassation or appeal shall be presented to the court which issued the judgment or to the court under whose jurisdiction the applicant's area of residence falls so as to submit it to the pertinent court.
- C. The requisition for cassation shall be presented to the Cassation Court or to the Court of Appeal which issued the judgment to refer it together with the suit's documents to the Cassations Court. The cassation period is thirty days from the date of the issuance of the judgment or notification if it has been passed by default.



PRE- CLEARANCE DOCUMENTATION

Register as an authorized economic operator

How can I know which chamber my business belongs to?

Becoming a member of a Chamber of Commerce or Chamber of Industry

You can check where your business falls under any of the below sectors

Chamber of Commerce	Chamber of Industry		
 Information and Communications Technology (ICT) 	- Mining		
 Clothing and Jewelry 	- Construction		
 Construction and Building Materials 	- Printing, Packaging, Paper and Stationeries		
 Cars and Heavy Equipment (including vehicle accessories) 	 Food, Supplies, Agricultural and Livestock 		
 Healthcare and Pharmaceutical 	 Leather and Garments 		
 Banking and Finance 	 Therapeutic and Medical Supplies 		
 Food-processing 	 Chemical and Cosmetics 		
 Furniture and stationary 	 Engineering, Electrical and Information Technology (IT) 		
 Service and Consulting 	 Plastic and Rubber 		
 Electronics and Electricity 	 Wooden and Furniture 		
	 Artisanal Products and Handicrafts 		

Becoming a member in a chamber of commerce

WHERE TO GO: There are 16 Chambers of Commerce in Jordan, all of which fall under the umbrella of the Jordan Chamber of Commerce (located in Amman).

Below is a list of all the Chambers of Commerce across all governorates:

North:

- Al Mafraq Chamber of Commerce
- Irbid Chamber of Commerce
- Zarga Chamber of Commerce
- Rusaifeh Chamber of Commerce
- Jarash Chamber of Commerce
- Ramtha Chamber of Commerce
- Ajloun Chamber of Commerce

Center:

- Amman Chamber of Commerce
- Madaba Chamber of Commerce
- Al Salt Chamber of Commerce

South:

- South Mazar Chamber of Commerce
- South Shouna Chamber of Commerce
- Agaba Chamber of Commerce
- Ma'an Chamber of Commerce
- Tafileh Chamber of Commerce
- Karak Chamber of Commerce

WHAT TO DO:

What are the required documents I need to bring with me?

If your business in an individual establishment, you will need the following:

- 1. Registration certificate (Annex 1) from the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply
- 2. The tradename document from the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply (if applicable)
- 3. An original copy of the lease or the title deed, in addition to the occupational permit
- 4. National ID card of the authorized signatory from the Civil Status Department for Jordanians, and a proof of identification (passport) for non-Jordanians
- 5. Signature of the organization's authorized signatory on the commercial sector form

If your business is a general or limited partnership company, you will need the following:

- 1. Registration Certificate (Annex 1) from the Companies Control Department
- 2. The tradename document from the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply (if applicable)
- 3. An original copy of the lease or the title deed, in addition to the occupational permit
- 4. National ID card of the authorized signatory from the Civil Status Department for Jordanians, and a proof of identification (passport) for non-Jordanians
- 5. Signature of the organization's authorized signatory on the commercial sector form

If your business is a limited liability or private shareholding company, you will need the following:

- 1. Registration Certificate (Annex 1) from the Companies Control Department
- 2. The tradename document from the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply (if applicable)
- 3. An original copy of the lease or the title deed, in addition to the occupational permit
- 4. National ID card of the authorized signatory from the Civil Status Department for Jordanians, and a proof of identification (passport) for non-Jordanians
- 5. A document that states the company's capital, names of partners or stakeholders in addition to their respective shares, and the authorized signatories, issued by the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply
- 6. Company Articles of Associations and Memorandum of Association
- 7. Signatory on the commercial sector form

What do I need to do?

Note: The business's authorized signatory must be physically present at the chamber; however, in case of inability to attend, you can obtain the registration and the commercial sector form from the Chamber of Commerce and have them signed by the authorized signatory, then validate the signature from the bank he/she deals with or validate it by referring to other files signed by the same person on behalf of the company.

In case of a title deed, make sure that it clearly states that the location of the shop, company or organization is a commercial entity. Otherwise, you will need to bring an occupational permit or a map showing that the location is commercial.

What is the process that I will need to follow?

- 1. Go to the reception desk to make sure you have all the right documents and to get a ticket number to await your turn
- 2. A chamber employee will enter all the required data into the system after receiving your requisition and to finalize your transaction before asking you to pay the fee
- 3. After paying the registration fee, you will receive a membership certificate stamped and signed by the authorized employee

What fees do I have to pay? (in Jordanian Dinar JD)

Company/ Organization's Capital	Annual Membership Fees	Registration and
		Membership Fee
10 million JDs or more	1500	2250
5 million JDs – 10 million JDs	1000	1500
2 million JDs – 5 million JDs	800	1200
1 million JDs – 2 million JDs	500	750
500,000 JDs – 1 million JDs	300	450
100,000 JDs - 500,000 JDs	200	300
50,000 JDs - 100,000 JDs	100	150
5,000 JDs - 50,000 JDs	50	75
Below 5,000 JDs	20	30

How much time do these steps normally take?

From 5 to 10 minutes

What does a registration certificate look like?

When you finish registration in the Chamber of commerce you will get the following certificate:

Figure 1 Chamber of commerce Certificate



Becoming a member in a chamber of industry

WHERE TO GO: There are 3 Chambers of Industry in Jordan, all of which fall under the umbrella of the Jordan Chamber of Industry (located in Amman).

Amman Chamber of Industry

This chamber serves Amman as well as governorates that are unaffiliated with other chambers, such as Balqa. The Amman Chamber of Industry has offices in governmental organizations such as the Jordan Investment Commission and the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply. It also has branches in the following locations:

- Abdullah II Ibn Al-Hussein Industrial Estate
- Marka Industrial City
- Agaba Special Economic Zone Authority (ASEZA)
- Ma'an Industrial Estate

Irbid Chamber of Industry

This chamber serves the following governorates:

- Irbid
- Jerash
- Ajloun

Zarqa Chamber of Industry

This chamber serves the following governorates:

- Zarga
- Mafraq

WHAT TO DO:

What are the required documents I need to bring with me?

If your business is an individual establishment, you will need the following:

- 1. Registration certificate (Annex 1) from the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply
- 2. The tradename document from the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supple (if applicable)
- 3. An original copy of the lease or the title deed
- 4. National ID card of the authorized signatory from the Civil Status Department for Jordanians, and a proof of identification (passport) for non-Jordanians

If your business is a general <u>or</u> limited partnership company, you will need the following:

- 1. Registration certificate (Annex 1) from the Companies Control Department
- 2. The tradename document from the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply (if applicable)
- 3. An original copy of the lease or the title deed
- 4. National ID card of the authorized signatory from the Civil Status Department for Jordanians, and a proof of identification (passport) for non-Jordanians

If your business is a limited liability company or private shareholding company, you will need the following:

- 1. Registration certificate (Annex 1) from the Companies Control Department
- 2. The tradename document from the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply (if applicable)
- 3. List of authorized signatories and the company's capital from the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply
- 4. Company Articles of Association and the Memorandum of Association
- 5. An original copy of the lease or the title deed
- 6. National ID card of the authorized signatory from the Civil Status Department for Jordanians, and a proof of identification (passport) for non-Jordanians

What is the process I need to follow?

Note: The business's authorized signatory must be physically present in the chamber; however, in case of his/her absence, you can obtain the registration by going to the Chamber or visiting its website. You then have to have the registration application form (can be collected from the chamber of industry service counter) signed by the authorized signatory, then validate the signature from the bank he/she deals with.

Registration process:

- 1. Go to the reception desk to make sure you have all the right documents and to get a ticket number to await your turn (the documents must include the number of factories your business owns or operates along with their locations and nature of work)
- 2. A chamber employee will then enter all the required data into the system after receiving your requisition, to finalize your form before asking you to pay the fee

After paying the registration fee, you will receive a membership certificate - stamped and signed by the authorized employee

What fees do I have to pay? (In Jordanian Dinar JD)

i) Industrial organizations

Any company or organization working in an industrial sector with more than 10 Jordanian employees registered at the Social Security Corporation, and has a capital of 30,000 JDs or more.

Table 12 Chamber of Industry fees 1

Capital Classification	Membership Fees	Registration Fees	Community Service Donations
10 million JDs or more	1500	750	300
5 million JDs and less than 10 million JDs	1000	500	300
2 million JDs and less than 5 million JDs	800	400	300
1 million JDs and less than 2 million JDs	500	250	200
500,000 JDs and less than 1 million JDs	300	150	150
100,000 JDs and less than 500,000 JDs	200	100	100
30,000 JDs and less than 100,000 JDs	100	50	50

ii) Handicrafts (artisanal) organizations

Any individual company or organization working in an industrial sector with less than 10 Jordanian employees registered at Social Security Corporation, or has a capital of less than 30,000 JDs.

Table 13 Chamber of Industry fees 2

Capital Classification	Membership Fees	Registration Fees	Community Service Donations
100,000 JDs and more	70	35	70
50,000-100,000 JDs	40	20	20
10,000-50,000 JDs	30	15	20
1 JD - 10,000 JDs	20	10	10

How much time do these steps normally take?

The process itself typically takes 5-10 minutes but you need to consider waiting times.

Note: The chamber issues membership cards for those registered in the chamber with a valid membership

What does a registration certificate look like?

Figure 2 Chamber of Industry Certificate



How to get an importing license card for the first time

All companies' types are eligible to import goods to Jordan under the following conditions:

- Be an active member in the chamber of industry or the chamber of commerce.
- Have a valid vocational license.
- Have an importing license card.

You can find other eligible bodies and frames explained by article 4 of the importing and exporting license card regulation for 2004. See annex 5.

Documents:

	Document	Source
1.	Depositing a bank guarantee worth ten thousand dinars to the Income and Sales Tax Department for one year and bringing a letter guarantee deposit.	Tax Department
2.	A recent copy of the registration certificate (Annex 1) of the company or the registration certificate of the merchant. *	companies' control Department, Directorate of the Central Register
3.	Copy of the certificate of registration of the industrial or commercial chambers in effect. *	Jordan Chambers of Commerce, Jordan Chamber of Industry
4.	License of the original professions in force and a copy thereof	Greater Amman Municipality, Municipalities
5.	Copy of income and sales tax registration certificate	Income and sales tax
6.	A written authorization from the applicant to the applier signed by the Commissioner on the Commercial Register, certified by one of the Chambers of Commerce or Industry, provided that the date of ratification shall not exceed one week prior to the date of submission of the requisition.	Jordan Chambers of Commerce or Jordan Chamber of Industry
7.	A copy of the original copy of the public or private agency, provided that the date of ratification shall not exceed one week prior to the date of submission of the requisition.	The company itself and court

The registration procedure will go as follow:

	Steps	Where	Cost	Time
1.	The department's auditor checks the commercial register of the reference to verify the existence of a card or not, and in case of non-completion of the conditions the request is rejected by the auditor.	Ministry of Industry,	-	2 minutes
2.	Filling the application (can be collected from the counter) for the card service of the importer by the concerned person or the commissioner, accompanied by the necessary documents to the auditor.	Trade and Supply / Trade Department / Import and Export Department	-	3 minutes
3.	Checking the requisition and reviewing it		-	2 minutes
4.	Transferring the requisition to the income and sales tax representative's office to scrutinize the request and take the approval duly	income and sales tax representative's office inside the ministry building	-	2 minutes
5.	Transferring the requisition to the Greater Amman Municipality and the Amman Chamber of Commerce or the Chamber of Industry of Amman to scrutinize the request and take the approval duly	the Greater Amman Municipality representative's office inside the ministry building and Chamber representative office inside the ministry building	-	5 minutes
6.	Payment of registration fees in the register of importers and the electronic card and stamps.	Ministry's fund.	10 dinars to register in the register of importers for one time. 15 dinars on the original copy of the import card (electronic card). 200 fils stamps on each copy of the import card.	3 minutes
7.	Entering the data on the program prepared for that and printing one copy of the card to the importer shall not be for circulation.	Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply / Trade Department / Import and Export Department	-	4 minutes
8.	Check the card and the requisition with its documents again and turn it to the authorized signatory for signature and stamped with the official stamp and stamp (not for circulation electronic importer card).		-	1 minutes
9.	7. Submitting the copy of the card to the auditor and keep the requisition for archiving.		-	1 minutes

Location: the issuing and the renewal process can be done in one of two locations either the Ministry of Industry and Trade (MIT) or in the Jordan Investment Commission (JIC), in both locations the documents, procedure, cost, and time are the same.

Location	Picture	Address	Contact Information
Ministry of Industry and Trade (MIT)	Washington and the second and the se	K. Hussein St. 34, Amman Po. box 2019 Jordan 11181	Tell: 0096265629030 Fax: 009626 5684692
Jordan Investment Commission (JIC)		Main Premises - Fifth Circle Musa Bin Nusir Street ZIP Code: 11821	Tell: 009625608400 Fax: 009625608416 Email: info@jic.gov.jo Website: http://www.jic.gov.jo

The expected output of this process is the following document:

Figure 3 Importing License



How to renew an importing license card

The renewing process you will need the same exact documents and follow the exact same procedure for the first time issuing except that the fees will be:

- the 15 JD the renewal fee of an imported card on the original copy of the import card.
- 200 fils per copy of the import card.

The expected needed time to finish all the process is 20-25 minutes in case all the documents are ready.

Issuance of export license

Persons benefiting from the service are exporters of wheat and related products, flour and related products, sugar, rice, legumes and freekeh (roasted green wheat cereal)

Documents:

	Document	Source	Cost
1.	A certificate of origin issued by a commerce or industry chamber, certified and stamped by the Directorate of Industrial Development for Local Products.	 commerce or industry chamber Directorate of Industrial Development- Ministry of Industry and Commerce 	5 JD in revenue stamps for sealing the certificate of origin
2.	An original export invoice certified by the Directorate of Industrial Development for Local Products	Directorate of Industrial Development - Ministry of Industry and Commerce	
3.	An official letter of approval by the minister, allowing exporting flour by wheat mills	Minister office- Ministry of	
4.	An official approval on exporting of sugar, rice, legumes and freekeh	Industry and Commerce	
5.	A letter of authorization by the person concerned in the name of the applicant, signed by the person authorized for the trade register and certified by a commerce or industry chamber, or the bank, provided that the certification took place less than one week prior to the submission of the requisition.	Chamber of Industry, Or Chamber of Commerce, Or an official bank.	

The procedure will go as follow:

Steps	Where	Cost	Time
The form of export license (which can be collected from the customer service counter) is filled by the person concerned or their proxy and it is presented to the concerned official for checking.	- Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supplies/Trade Directorate / import- export section	-	4 minutes
The requisition and attached documents are checked by the official and presented to the person authorized to sign.		-	3 minutes
The quantity of flour input in the product is calculated at the Reserves Directorate/ mills section, to determine the identify the quantity of imported flour or that bought from accredited mills; or the subsidy difference of flour input in the product is calculated and the requisition is referred to the Financial Affairs Directorate, where the applicant pays the subsidy difference.		-	5 minutes
Export license fees are paid.	Or	5 JD	2 minutes
Data is entered into the system and the export license is issued.			3 minutes
The license and requisition are double-checked by the official and presented to the person authorized to sign.	Irbid Industry and Trade Department		2 minutes
The license is stamped with the official seal of the ministry and the applicant receives their copy, while the rest of the documents are archived			2 minutes

Location	Picture	Address	Contact Information
Ministry of Industry and	200	K. Hussein St. 34, Amman	Tell: 0096265629030
Trade (MIT)	The state of the s	P.o. box 2019	Fax: 009626 5684692
		Jordan 11181	
Amman Chamber of		Amman, Shmeisani, Prince	Tell: 009626 5666151
Commerce (ACC)	The state of the s	Shakir Ben Zaid street, Building #9	Fax: 009626 5666155
		P.o. box 287	
		Jordan 11181	

Certificates of Origin from Amman chamber of commerce

The Amman Chamber of Commerce (ACC) issues Certificates of Origin for agricultural, animal and Hand-Crafts products and also for natural resources of Jordan along with Certificates of Origin for re-exported foreign goods. Besides, (ACC) issues Certificates of Origin for the Jordanian industrial products as requested by exporter on the basis of a Certificate of Origin issued by one of the Jordanian Chambers of Industry affirming that the goods are of a Jordanian Origin.

The certificate of origin will be issued in either Arabic or English as desired by the customer.

Steps	Where	Cost	Time
Refer to the Information Desk to ascertain the documents required and to obtain a (turn) number.	Information desk at the ACC	-	1 minute
Wait at the hall designated for visitors to the Members Services Department until your number is called through the automatic calling system.	Visitors hall at the ACC	-	3-5 minutes

After receiving the application form (from the customer service counter), the employee will verify the requisition and enter the necessary information into the computer, and after concluding such entry, the requisition will be ready for paying the fees.	Certificates of Origin Unit affiliated with the (ACC) Members Services Department.	-	5 minutes
Fees of the Certificate are paid on the same office (the State Revenue Stamps fees included)	Certificates of Origin Unit affiliated with the (ACC) Members Services Department.	 Merchant (Establishment/ Company) with a capital of five thousand Dinars and more: Fees will be one per thousand of the invoice total value yielding a maximum of fifty Dinars and a minimum of four Dinars. Merchant (Establishment/ Company) with a capital less than five thousand Dinars: Fees will be half point per thousand of the invoice total value yielding a maximum of twenty-five Dinars and a minimum of two Dinars. Non-Registered (Factory/ Manufacturer) Fees will be one per thousand of the invoice total value yielding a maximum of fifty Dinars and a minimum of four Dinars Certificate of Origin should be sealed with State Revenue Stamps amounting to five Dinars for each Certificate of Origin to the benefit of Ministry of Finance. 	3 minutes
the requisition will be referred to the employee authorized to sign on behalf of the (ACC) for signature.		-	3 minutes
The certificate of origin is handed to the applicant.		-	2 minutes

Note that the whole procedure is done in the ACC building

Location	Picture	Address	Contact Information
Amman Chamber of Commerce (ACC)		Amman, Shmeisani, Prince Shakir Ben Zaid street, Building #9 P.o. box 287 Jordan 11181	Tell: 009626 5666151 Fax: 009626 5666155
Visitors hall at the ACC Step 2			
(ACC) Members Services Department Step: 4			

Documents Required:

1. Export/Re-export Invoice:

Exporter should be a registered member with the (ACC), and should present an original commercial invoice (not an invoice indicting prices) signed by the authorized signatory on behalf of the Establishment or Company, including information related to goods in terms of brand, quantity, value, and origin of goods along with the exporter's name, address, importer's name and address, invoice number and date. It is also necessary to add to invoice exporter's declaration either in Arabic or English as follows according to invoice:

We hereby certify that this invoice is in all respects correct and true both with regard to the price and description of the goods referred herein, and that the country of origin is (.....).

- 2. Agricultural products, animal and mineral resources:
- * It is necessary to present an original commercial invoice indicating the information in the above-mentioned Item No. (1).
- * It is also necessary to present a license issued by the Ministry of Agriculture for some agricultural and animal stock products along with another license issued by the Natural Resources Authority for some products of natural resources.
- 3. Re-exported Goods:
- * It is necessary to present an original commercial invoice indicating the information included in the abovementioned Item No. (1).
- * It is also necessary to present an incoming customs declaration or a certificate of origin according to which goods have been imported, endorsed by the Chamber of Commerce which has already issued such certificate to be used as a basis for issuing a certificate of origin for re-export or a commercial invoice endorsed by one of the Arab or foreign Chambers of Commerce.
- 4. Goods Imported to the Free Zone via Transit:
- * It is necessary to present an original commercial invoice indicating the information included in the abovementioned Item No. (1)
- * It is also necessary to present a certificate of origin endorsed by a Chamber of Commerce or a transit declaration or a declaration of admission to the Free Zone endorsed by the Jordanian Customs Department to confirm the origin of goods.
- 5. Goods Imported Directly from One Country to Another Abroad:

These are goods exported directly from the country of origin and/or exporting country to the importing country without going through Jordan, and the beneficiary from the goods is the merchant registered with the (ACC). In this case, the merchant should:

- * Present an original commercial invoice indicating the information included in the above-mentioned Item No. (1) along with a phrase in which the merchant declares that "The goods have been exported directly from the country of origin and/or exporting country to the importing country."
- * Present a certificate of origin endorsed by a Chamber of Commerce confirming the origin of goods and indicating that the merchant is the beneficiary from the goods and also indicating merchant's address in the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan.
- 6. Locally Manufactured Goods:
- * It is necessary to present an invoice in the name of the Jordanian factory including all the information related to goods and endorsed by one of the Jordanian Chambers of Industry.

- * It is also necessary to present a certificate of origin issued by one of the Jordanian Chambers of Industry confirming the origin of the goods.
- 7. Goods Assembled by the Jordanian Local Markets:

This item includes scrap metals, carton waste, damaged paper, oil waste, pieces of cloth locally assembled from the Jordanian markets. In this case, the exporter should:

- * Present an original commercial invoice indicating the information included in above-mentioned Item No. (1).
- * Present evidence confirming that these goods assembled by the local markets and are owned by exporter such as purchase invoices, receipts for purchase, supply agreements, and tenders.
- * Present a letter from the Establishment or Company pledging to that these goods are assembled by local markets and indicating description and quantity of goods and provided that the letter is signed by the person administratively authorized to sign on behalf of the Establishment or Company.

Besides, the exporter should make a declaration on the invoice stating the following: "We certify that the goods indicated in this invoice have been assembled by the local markets of Jordan."

8. Jordanian handcrafts products:

These include handcrafts products in which no manufacturing is involved such as handcrafts, oriental souvenirs, and confectioneries. In this case, the exporter should present an original commercial invoice indicating the information included in the above-mentioned Item No. (1) along with the exporter's declaration on the invoice as follows: "We certify that the goods indicated in this invoice are handcrafts products of Jordan."

Pre-approvals

Institutional licensing for the import of radioactive materials or radios

Goods under this section is the products under (HS code at 4 digits: 2844) of the harmonized system.

TO APPLY ELECTRONICALLY

- Make sure you have the following files as a picture (jpg, png, gif) or Pdf:
 - Professional license or company registration certificate (Annex 1).
 - Participation document for all radiologists in the Corporation with the Personal Radiation Monitoring Service (TDL / OSL).
 - A report showing the nature of the radioactive material or radiation equipment to be imported.
- Make sure you fill out an institutional licensing form for the import of radioactive materials or radios ...
 Click here to download the form
- Filling the service electronically ... Click here

TO APPLY PERSONALLY:

The recipient of the service will bring all the required documents.

The public service employee checks and completes the transaction.

Transferring the service recipients to pay the prescribed fees and handing over the financial link to the representative of the Directorate of Radiological Protection in the service of the public.

Transfer the transaction to the representative of the Office for the purposes of documenting the date and issued.





Energy and Minerals Regulatory Authority
Abdul Rahman Al-Jamal St., Albayader, Amman

Phone: (0962 6) 580 5000

Time	15-30 minuets
Fees	220 JD
Terms of service	The applicant should be licensed for manufacturing purposes
Procedure	 fill the application (can be collected from the customer service counters) and attach all the required documents. pay the required fees. receiving the approval document.
Documents	Customs declaration, Performa Invoice Catalog if needed for some goods. Fill out Form No. (10) Permit to import radiology equipment as per each shipment imported from radiological devices, consisting of five sealed copies of the company.
Renew time	2 years
Renew Cost	220 JD

Approval of importation of semi-manufactured medicines

Goods under this section is the products under (HS code at 2 digits: 30) of the harmonized system.

LO	са	ιti	0	r



Food and Drug Administration / Import and Export Section.

Ahmad Al-Qutaishat St., Yajouz, Amman

Time	24 hours
Fees	Nothing
Terms of service	The applicant should be licensed for manufacturing purposes
	1. The applicant shall submit the requisition attached with the required documents to the department's representative to get
Procedure	2. The requisition shall be transferred to the Import and Export Section for examination and stamping.
	3.the requisition shall be passed to general registry to have an income record.
	4. submitting the approval document to the applicant.
	1.Two copies of bills
Documents	2. product registration document.
Renew time	
Renew Cost	

Import or trade of special foods and nutritional supplements for athletes

Goods under this section is the products under (HS code at 4 digits: 2106) of the harmonized system.

Location



Food and Drug Administration / Food Control Directorate / Food Standards and Quality Section.

Ahmad Al-Qutaishat St., Yajouz, Amman

1				
Time	Within 30 days.			
Fees	(100) dinars for each product to be studied			
Terms of service	 To have a commercial record containing Target 1 medicines. 	Frade nutritional supplemen	ts or warehouse	
	 The presence of the representative or the authorized representative of the institution. 			
	- The producing institution must be licensed to pro-	oduce food and subject to I	nealth control.	
	 That the product conforms to the production specification and is safe to use. 			
		Cost	Time	
	fill in the approval form containing the documents required for the Special Food Division.	-	20 minutes	
Procedure	Pay the fees prescribed by the accountant.	(100) dinars for each product to be studied	10 minutes	
	Waiting time	-	30 days	
	Receive import license	-	10 minutes	
	 A certificate of free sale in the country of origin issued by the official authority (for imported products) includes: 			
	 Name of the company producing or packing, the name of the product to be licensed and its brand. 			
	 Component ratios. 			
	 Method of trading in the country of origin. 			
	 An Arabic product label that includes: product name, ingredients, method of use, manufacturer, country of origin, warnings, any 			
	- The Committee is of the view that it should be ac	dded.		
Documents	 Certificate of original product components issued by the manufacturer The product shows the percentages of active and non-active substances involved in the installation of the product. 			
	 Identify it from the product and the original identification card (photo number 8) and a statement card in Arabic, corresponding to the information contained in the original card. The full warnings and instructions for use are clearly printed and difficult to remove. 			
	 Scientific studies published in scientific journals in support of any claim written on the statement card. 			
	 Classification book for the items that the owners wish to be approved by the classification committee of the General Organization for Food and Drug. 			
	 A clearness certificate of hormone and steroids approved by the body responsible for food control (especially for athletes' food). 			
Renew time	Every 5 years			
Renew Cost	(100) dinars for each product to be studied			

Importing fertilizers

Goods under this section is the products under (HS code at 2 digits: 31) of the harmonized system.

Location Serve delication Aut 3,3HE 113

Ministry of Agriculture

Ministry of Agriculture, Queen Rania Al Abdullah St 39, Amman

Phone: 00962 6 568 6151

Time	35 minutes.		
Fees	25 JD for each sample		
		Cost	Time
	Bring an official letter from the border agricultural center and the institution of specifications.	-	15 minutes
	Pay the fees prescribed by the accountant.	25 JD for each sample	10 minutes
Procedure	Submit the documents, payment receipt and samples for the analysis.	-	10 minutes
	Waiting for sample testing results.	-	2 weeks
	Receive import license	-	
Renew time	-		
Renew Cost	-		

Pre-approval for importing registered milk formulas

Registered infants milk formulas normally come under the HS code 190110.



Jordan Food and Drug Administration/ Import and Export department

Ahmad Al-Qutaishat St., Yajouz, Amman

Time	24 hours			
Fees	The service is free of charge unless there was no origin	nal invoice you have to	pay 10 JD.	
		Cost	Time	
	Fill the application (can be collected from the customer service counters) and submit the documents to the department representative in the counter.	-	15 minutes	
Procedure	Pay the fees if you don't have an original invoice	10 JD	10 minutes	
	Submit the documents and payment receipt to the Import/Export department.	-	10 minutes	
	Receive import license	-	Within 24 hours of submitting the requisition.	
Documents	Three original invoices			
Documents	Original certificate of origin			
Conditions	The imported milk should be for kids below 12 months old			
Renew time				
Renew Cost	-			

Issuing permission to export narcotics and psychotropic substances

Goods under this section is the products under (HS code at 4 digits: 3004) of the harmonized system.



Jordan Food and Drug Administration Drug Directorate / Department of Drugs and Psychotropic Substances

Ahmad Al-Qutaishat St., Yaiouz, Amman

	Phone: (0962 6) 563 2000		
Time	14 Days starting from requisition date		
Fees	20 JD		
	Submit the requisition to the drug department to check the documents and issuing a receipt. (On Sundays and Mondays only)	-	20 minutes
	Pay the fees	20 JD	10 minutes
Procedure	Submit the documents to the official mail bureau	-	10 minutes
	Waiting time (during this time the requisition will be transfer to the drugs department for auditing and preparing the approval and signed by the minister of health)	-	Within 14 days
	Receive import license	-	10 minutes
	A copy of Performa Invoice		
Documents	Certified copy of importing license from the importing country.		
2004	The exporting narcotics and psychotropic substance pharmacist.	s Filled with English languaç	ge and signed by
Conditions	-		
Renew time	-		
Renew Cost	-		

Approval of the purchase of narcotic substances or psychotropic substances from drug stores or pharmaceutical companies

Goods under this section is the products under (HS code at 4 digits: 3004) of the harmonized system.



Jordan Food and Drug Administration Drug Directorate / Department of Drugs and Psychotropic Substances.

Ahmad Al-Qutaishat St., Yajouz, Amman

	1 110110. (0302 0) 000 2000							
Time	1 working day							
Fees	Nothing							
Procedure		Cost	Time					
	Submit the requisition to the drug department to check the documents and issue a receipt.	-	20 minutes					
	Waiting time (during this time the requisition will be transfer to the drugs department for auditing and stamped by approved.	-	10 minutes					
	Receive the license	-	10 minutes					
Documents	A cover letter from the hospital or the pharmacy along with the official purchasing order form, filled and signed by the pharmacist and the hospital manager, and stamped with the hospital official stamp.							

Conditions	Applicant should be a pharmacist with a license to trade narcotics or psychotropic substances
Renew time	
Renew Cost	-

Dealing with agricultural products imported to the kingdom in addition to fruit seedlings and decorations

Goods under this section is the products under (HS code at 2 digits: 08) of the harmonized system.

Location	All the agricultural custom points						
Time	30- 60 minutes						
Fees Previewing fees 500 fils / ton +							
	Marketing fees 200 fils / ton.						
	addition to the re	equired inspection					
	Submit all the documents	-	10 minutes				
	pay the fees	See above	10 minutes				
	during the waiting time the custom employee will:						
Procedure	-Check the custom declaration.		Waiting time				
	-Check the payment receipt.	-	Will take 10-40				
	-Check the shipment and take samples.		minuets				
	-Release the shipment.						
	receive the release documents.	-	5 minutes				
	-Importing license (from the ministry of agriculture)						
	-customs declaration						
Documents	-Certificate of origin						
Documents	-Performa invoice						
	-Agricultural health certificate from the country of origin.						
	-And documents for the importing license.						
Conditions	Having an Importing license						
Ooriditions	Having customs declaration						
Renew time	-						
Renew Cost	-						

Process to receive the authorization number in order to benefit from the simplification of rules of origin

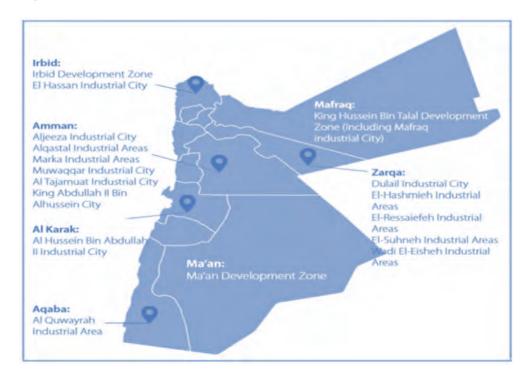
Companies that wish to export under the simplified rules of origin are required to fill out the designated application form which is available on the websites of the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply and the Chambers of Industry. The application form includes information about the factory to be verified by the relevant entities. If the factory meets all requirements under the new decision and is deemed eligible to benefit from the relaxed rules of origin, an authorization number is granted for the factory. This authorization number should be listed on the EUR.1 or EUR-MED movement certificate that is used to export under the EU Jordan Association Agreement.

Location	-
Time	7- 10 working days
Fees	Nothing

		\ \ \ / l =		Page 1
		Where	cost	time
	Print out the application form, fill out the application form and attach all required document	available on the website of the Ministry of Industry Trade and Supply and Chambers of Industry	-	20 minutes
Procedure	verify that the product falls within the 50 exempted HS chapters.	Contact Jordan Customs	-	5 minuets
	verify labor information and the percentage of Syrians. At least you should have 25% Syrians.	the Ministry of Labor	-	20 minuets
	verify the geographical location of the factory and whether it falls within one of the 18 designated zones. *	Contact the Ministry of Municipal Affairs, Jordan Investment Commission Greater Amman Musicality or Jordan Industrial Estate Company	-	20 minuets
	provide evidence that the products meet the required rules of origin; attest that the information provided in the application form is accurate and that any documentation requested by relevant authorities will be presented; and provide written approval to accept any inspection of the factory to verify requirements.	Contact local Chambers of Industry	-	20 minuets
	Submit the application form to the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply, which will in turn verify the application and the supporting documents, and upon approving the application, communication with Jordan Customs to issue a unique Authorization n Number for the factory.	Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply	-	5 days
	The Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply will contact the factory and relevant authorities to inform them that the requisitions have been approved and that an Authorization Number has been issued.	Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply	-	2 days
Conditions				
Renew time				
Renew Cost	-			

^{*} All the 18 designated zones are listed in the image below

Figure 4 Incoterms, Source: www.Searates.com



Other questions about your business you may have

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

A. I want to obtain a membership card from a Chamber of Industry

The chamber issues membership cards for industrialists with a valid annual registration in the chamber. The cards are issued in English and Arabic as long as they meet the following rules and regulations:

- a. A national identification Card of the authorized signatory issued from the Civil Status Department for Jordanians, or a passport or any proof of identification for non-Jordanians.
- b. Photo of the applicant (first time only)
- c. The physical presence of the card holder
- d. A filled-out card issuance form that includes the following information: membership number, card holder name, national number (if any), signature of the authorized signatory, and name of company or organization
- e. Renewal of the annual membership
- f. The applicant must be one of the company or organization's founders, according to the documents held at the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply or the Companies Control Department
- g. The original registration certificate (Annex 1) issued by the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply or the Companies Control Department (first timers only)
- B. I want to know more about taxes

There are two primary types of taxes imposed on small businesses in Jordan:

1. **Income tax:** This type of tax depends on the status of the person/body

Individual Establishments (thesebusinesses are considered natural persons and therefore part of the owner's assets)	 a. For natural persons: The first 12,000 JD earned are exempted from income tax b. For natural persons who are also heads of household: The first 24,000 JD are exempted from income tax Any income earned after that is subject to an income tax as per the following rates: (7%) for every (1) JD of the first 10,000 JDs earned (14%) for every (1) JD of the next 10,000 JDs earned (20%) for every (1) JD of the earnings that follow
Companies (considered as separate corporate entities from the owner/s)	The income tax imposed is calculated according to the type of trade as follows: - Industrial sector: (14%) fourteen percent - Trade sector: (20%) twenty percent - Telecommunications companies, mining companies and financial institutions: (24%) twenty-four percent - Banks: (35%) thirty-five percent

2. **Sales tax:** This type of tax depends on the economic activity of your business

Service sector If sale turnover during 12 consecutive months reaches or exceeds 30,000 JD then you are subject to tax. The general tax rate is 16%.

Industrial sector If sale turnover during 12 consecutive months reaches or exceeds 50,000 JD then you are subject to tax. The general tax rate is 16%.

Retail sector If sale turnover during 12 consecutive months reaches or exceeds 50,000 JD then you are subject to tax. The general tax rate is 16%.

The Minister of Finance issued a decision that is renewed annually, to raise the minimum registration limit to 75 JDs.

Preliminary documentation and certificates

Import

As an Importer you need to create a declaration form before getting your goods cleared from the customs. The declaration form helps the customs to control the goods that entered the country, which can affect the country's economy, security or environment. The levy duty is applied to ensure that restricted items are not brought into the country.

There are different types of Declaration forms but regardless of the type if it is: Import, Export, Transit, Re-Export, or any other types the required documents are listed and described in the table below:

Box 2.2a Preliminary Requirements:

	Document	Origin of the document	Document description
1.	Bill of lading	issued by carrier company	Bill of lading or Airway bill issued by carrier provides the details of cargo with terms of delivery.
2.	Packing List	Issued by exporter	is a document which details the contents, dimensions and weight, of each package or container.
3.	Invoice	Issued by exporter	is the primary document Customs uses to ascertain classification, valuation and, ultimately, duty payments owed on each imported shipment? Customs may demand to review the commercial invoice prior to clearing cargo
4.	Certificate of origin	Chamber of commerce in the Exporter country	is an important international trade document that certifies that goods in a particular export shipment are wholly obtained, produced, manufactured or processed in a particular country
5.	Insurance (Optional)	Insurance Company	
6.	Pre-approvals	This document should be prepared by the Importer from the correspondence entity based on the imported goods.	if the imported goods need a pre-approval
7.	agricultural certificate	Issued by Ministry of Agricultural in the export country	If the imported goods are agricultural items then an agricultural certificate need to be submitted
8.	Health Certificate	Issued by Ministry of Health in the export country	If the imported goods are edible items then a Health certificate need to be submitted
* A s	scanned copy of these docume	nts is available in Annex 6 and 7	

Export

Negotiate and agree with the importer on the terms of the contract such as quantities, quality, packing, marking and labeling requirements, prices, terms of payment, means of transportation and payment of the shipment;

Obtain all necessary documents, licenses and certificates required for exporting. These include health certificates, standards testing, veterinary, phytosanitary certificates and export licenses. Documents are required according to the type of product to be exported as well as to the importer's requests;

Obtain the Foreign Trade Dealing registration

Contact a clearing agent to gather information about requirements and procedures for exporting.

Documents

The documents to complete the export procedures are:

	Document	Origin of the document	Document description				
1.	Export license	Pre-approvals entity	An export authorization obtained from Pre-approvals entities such as the Ministry of Agriculture, Ministry of health, or other parties.				
2.	Certificate of origin	Chamber of commerce in the Exporter country	is an important international trade document that certifies that goods in a particular export shipment are wholly obtained, produced, manufactured or processed in a particular country				
Shipp	oing documents:						
3.	Insurance	Shipping Insurance company	An insurance certificate is required for the goods while in transit.				
4.	Bill of lading /Airway Bill	issued by carrier company	Bill of lading or Airway bill issued by carrier provides the details of cargo with terms of delivery.				
5.	Invoice	Issued by exporter	is the primary document Customs uses to ascertain classification, valuation and, ultimately, duty payments owed on each imported shipment? Customs may demand to review the commercial invoice prior to clearing cargo				
6.	Packing List	Issued by exporter	is a document which details the contents, dimensions and weight, of each package or container.				
7.	agricultural certificate	Issued by Ministry of Agricultural in the export country	If the imported goods are agricultural items then an agricultural certificate need to be submitted				
Health Certificate							
Issued by Ministry of Health in the export country							
If the imported goods are edible items then a Health certificate need to be submitted							
* A scanned copy of these documents is available in Annex 6 and 7							

Export License

Exports do not normally require licenses. There are, however, certain categories of goods, which need to fulfill standards and other controls. For these goods, licenses are the authorization to export, when all requirements have been fulfilled.

Categories of goods requiring an authorization are the following:

Foodstuffs and chemicals - Authorization is obtained from the Ministry of Health.

Agricultural products - Authorization is obtained from the Ministry of Agriculture and is valid for a single shipment. If seasonal products are exported, a seasonal registration must be undertaken at the Ministry before applying for the export authorization. The Ministry of Agriculture also issues the phytosanitary certificate, after an agronomist from the Ministry checks that the farm complies with the requirements. The agronomists check takes one day and no fees are charged. When the importer requires additional analysis, it is possible to have them completed at the Ministry of Agriculture and the results attached to the documents sent to the importer.

Certificate of Origin

Certificates of origin are necessary to benefit from preferential tariff treatment.see annex 7

A. Certificate of Origin: EUR.1

The free trade agreement signed between Jordon and the European Union states that only goods accompanied by a certificate of origin benefit from duty free entrance. The certificate of origin is called EUR.1 and it is the proof that goods are entitled to duty free treatment because they comply with the European or the EFTA rules of origin.

This document is available at the Customs Department and at the Chamber of Commerce. The certificate must be typed in English and must include the exporters signature and seal. In order to be valid, the Customs Department must also stamp the certificate. The Customs Department is entitled to ascertain the origin of the goods at the firm before stamping the EUR.1. No fees are charged at the Customs Department.

The EUR.1 form is also used when exporting to the EFTA countries and the same procedure applies.

In order to grant duty free treatment, the commercial invoice and the packing list should accompany EUR.1.

A) Substitutes for EUR.1: Invoice Declaration

The EU agreement states that for products whose total value does not exceed 6,000 Euro, an invoice declaration to prove the origin can substitute the EUR.1.

B) Substitutes for EUR.1: Approved Exporter

The EU agreement also states that any exporter who has frequent shipments to the EU can be granted the status of "Approved Exporter". This translates into the possibility of substituting the EUR.1 certificate with an invoice declaration.

B. Certificate of Origin: Form A

The American-Jordon Free trade arrangement requires a certificate of origin called Form A, to prove the origin of the goods. Form A is the proof that goods are entitled to duty free treatment because they comply with the American rule of origin.

In order to grant duty free treatment, the commercial invoice and the packing list should accompany Form A. The entrance document, which is a customs form called CF7501, should also be attached and a special permission for direct delivery to the USA called form CF316 should be obtained. Both forms can be obtained (free of charge) through the forwarder or the clearing agent.

C. Certificate of Origin for Canada

The certificate of origin for Canada is the proof that goods are entitled to duty free treatment when exported to Canada as they comply with the Canadian rule of origin. It has the form of a declaration, which needs to be presented to the Canadian Customs Authorities only upon request. The exporter must fax it to the Canadian importer within the time limit stated by the Canadian Customs Authorities. The declaration that the goods originated in Jordan is to be completed and signed by the exporter.

D. Certificate of Origin for the Arab Countries

The certificate of origin for the Arab countries is the proof that goods are entitled to preferential tariff treatment because they comply with the Arab rule of origin. The certificate of origin for the Arab countries is available at the Chambers of Commerce. Three copies need to be completed: one for the Chamber of Commerce and two are retained by the exporter. The original will accompany the goods during the clearing procedures in the country of destination.

Certificate of Origin for Arab Countries						
Procedure	The Chamber of Commerce and the Ministry of industry and Trade must stamp the certificate for the Arab countries. The certificate should include rule of origin, the name of the products, the name of the exporter/producer, the registration number of the company and the place of origin of the raw materials.					
Required documents	a. The commercial invoice b. The corporate registration c. Foreign Trade Dealing registration					
Where	Chamber of Commerce/ Ministry on Industry, Trade and Suppling					
Cost	At the Chamber of commerce fees charged at a rate of 0,002% of the value of the invoice. At the MITS no fees					
Time	10 minutes					

Shipping Documents

The clearing agent receives the products on behalf of the exporter and starts the process of transferring goods on to the international carrier (the shipping procedures). The international carrier can be paid either on "Freight Collect" where the importer pay the carrier or on "Freight Pre-paid basis where the exporter has already paid for the carrier. The clearing agent should confirm cargo space and load the shipping container (if not done at the exporter factory).

The following are the documents to be prepared prior to shipping.

A.Insurance

An insurance certificate is required for the goods while in transit. The most common causes related to the trader liability for the goods are "Free On Board" (FOB) and "Cost Insurance and Freight (CIF). FOB indicates that the importer, receiving the goods, must pay for insurance from the moment goods are shipped. In fact, the liability of the exporter is limited to the port area of departure. CIF indicates that the exporter must pay for the insurance up to the port of arrival. The shipping company provides insurance for the cargo. The following figure stats the most common Incoterms that define the responsibilities and costs between the seller and the buyer correctly and create a sales contract between them.

Figure 5 Incoterms, Source: www.Searates.com

SPECIFICATIONS	Departure from ware- house	Main transportation not paid by the seller		Main trasportation by the seller			Shipping charges paid by the seller until reaching destination point				
Incotern / Cost	EXW	FCA	FAS	FOB	CFR	CIF	СРТ	CIP	DAT	DAP	DDP
Packaging	5	S	5	S	S	S	5	S	5	S	S
Loading from warehouse	В	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Pre-carriage	В	S	S	S	S	S	5	S	S	S	S
Export customs clearance	В	S	S	S	S	S	S	Ś	S	S	S
Handling at departure	В	В	В	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Main transportation	В	В	В	В	S	S	S	S	S	S	S
Transportation insurance	В	В	В	В	В	S	В	S	S*	S	5
Handling at arrival	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	S	S	S
Import customs clearance	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	S
Post-carriage	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	S
Unloading into warehouse	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	В	S

S: Cost paid by the seller

B. Bill of Lading / Airway Bill

A Bill of Lading is the transportation contract between a carrier and the owner of the goods. The carrier issues it and can be negotiable and non-negotiable. Negotiable means that the goods can be traded while in transit.

An Airway Bill (for airfreight) is a document constituting the carrier confirmation of receipt for transport. The carrier issues it and is only non-negotiable, therefore the goods cannot be traded while in transit.

Content of the Bill of Lading/Airway Bill

Both the Bill of Lading and the Airway Bill contain the following information, see annex 6:

B: Cost paid by the buyer * Non-mandatory

- Name of the ship/carrier;
- Name of the beneficial L/C bank;
- Description of the goods (General description);
- Indication of Full Container Load (FCL) or Less Container Load (LCL) clauses; Pre-paid freight or freight collect clauses.

The Master-Bill of Lading/Airway Bill is exchanged between shipping companies while the House Bill of Lading/Airway Bill includes the names of the exporter and the importer. The originals of the "Master and the House must be sent to the importers clearing agent, through the shipping company.

C. Invoice

An Invoice contains the name of the exporter, terms of payment, unit price, total price, quantities and weight of the goods. There are differences between pro-forma and commercial invoices. The pro-forma invoice is a document prepared by the exporter in response to a sales order or inquiry. Its receipt by the importer does not obligate the potential buyer to purchase the product. A commercial invoice, sent by the exporter, includes specifications that both parties have agreed upon in advance and must be printed on the exporter's official letterhead. The importer should sign a copy and return it to the exporter. The commercial invoice could be a copy of the pro-forma invoice if that was unchanged by sales negotiations.

Content of the Pro-forma/Commercial Invoice

This document should include as many details as possible including a full description of the products, prices, import specifications, delivery dates, terms and dates of payment, route to be taken, packaging, shipment, insurance, type of carriage, unloading and accompanying documents. The details are needed to avoid disputes and to obtain all required documents, licenses and certificates based on the description of the goods.

D. Packing List

A Packing List should be prepared by the producer/exporter. see annex 6.

Content of the Packing List

The packing list indicates the gross and net weight of the cargo, invoice number and the importers name. It clearly states all products sent by the exporter as well as the number of pallets, boxes, the contents of each box and the type of products, their quality and specifications. Normally, any mistake in the packing list can cause a delay in clearance at the port of destination. Customs authorities have the right to delay the clearance of the shipment until the importer makes a packing list reflecting the real content of the container (in case the list originating from the exporter is incomplete). The packing list is unnecessary only when all information contained in it is clearly stated in the invoice.



Enquiry point and single window

Enquiry point

Agency	Address	E-mail	Phone /Fax	Website
National Enquiry Point TBT Enquiry Point Knowledge Management Department Jordan Standards and Metrology Organization Contact person: Basma Hashem Assaf	P.O. Box 941287 Amman	Enquiry@jsmo. gov.jo basma.assaf@ JSMO.GOV.JO	+(962) 6 530 1238 +(962) 6 530 1249	http://www.jsmo.gov.jo
Tasks related to Standards, Technical Regulations and Conformity Assessment Jordan Standards and Metrology Organization	P.O. Box 941287 Amman	enquiry@jsmo. gov.jo	+(962) 6 530 1231 +(962) 6 530 1249	http://www.jsmo.gov.jo
Amman Chamber of Commerce (ACC)	Amman, Shmeisani, Prince Shakir Ben Zaid street, Building #9 P.o. box 287 Jordan 11181	info@ ammanchamber. org.jo		
Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply	PO BOX: 2019 Amman 11181 Jordan	Info@mit.gov.jo	Phone Number: 00962 65629030 00962-6-5629060 Fax: 00962 6 5684692 00962-6-5602135 WhatsApp: 00962780324189	https://www.mit. gov.jo/Pages/ viewpage?pageID=155
The Official Site of the Jordanian e-Government			National Contact Center 0096265008080	https://jordan.gov. jo/wps/portal/Home/ Profiling/

Single window

Single Window (SW) Structure and Work Mechanism:

Jordan Customs Single Window (SW) project began in 2011 and operates under the

chairmanship of Customs. Customs established steering committees comprising directors general of SW members as well as a technical committee at a lower level to facilitate SW management, policies, and framework design.

All SW members are connected electronically through ASYCUDA. Each agency implicated in an import declaration has the ability to classify the dossier in one of 3 color categories or "lanes" - Red (implying physical inspection); Yellow (implying inspection of documents); and Green (fast track approval). Different agencies implicated in a clearance can have different lanes e.g. Jordan Institute for Standards and Metrology may be in the "red lane" and Jordan Customs in the "green lane". Goods can only be "released" once all agencies have rerouted the declaration to the green lane. In addition to that, any agency can release the goods against customs bonds guaranteed at any customs office by a representative of that agency. The participation of many relevant agencies in the Single Window operation - e.g.

Jordan Institution for Standards and Metrology (JISM), Ministry of Agriculture, Ministry of Health, ...etc., - enables the importer to clear the goods at the same time and in the same place. Lately, Customs has enabled the simultaneous examination of the customs declaration by different SW institutional members, which means the physical presence of all institutional representatives at the time of inspection of the goods, to shorten the clearance time and facilitate procedures. There are 17 customs offices participating in the single window operations.

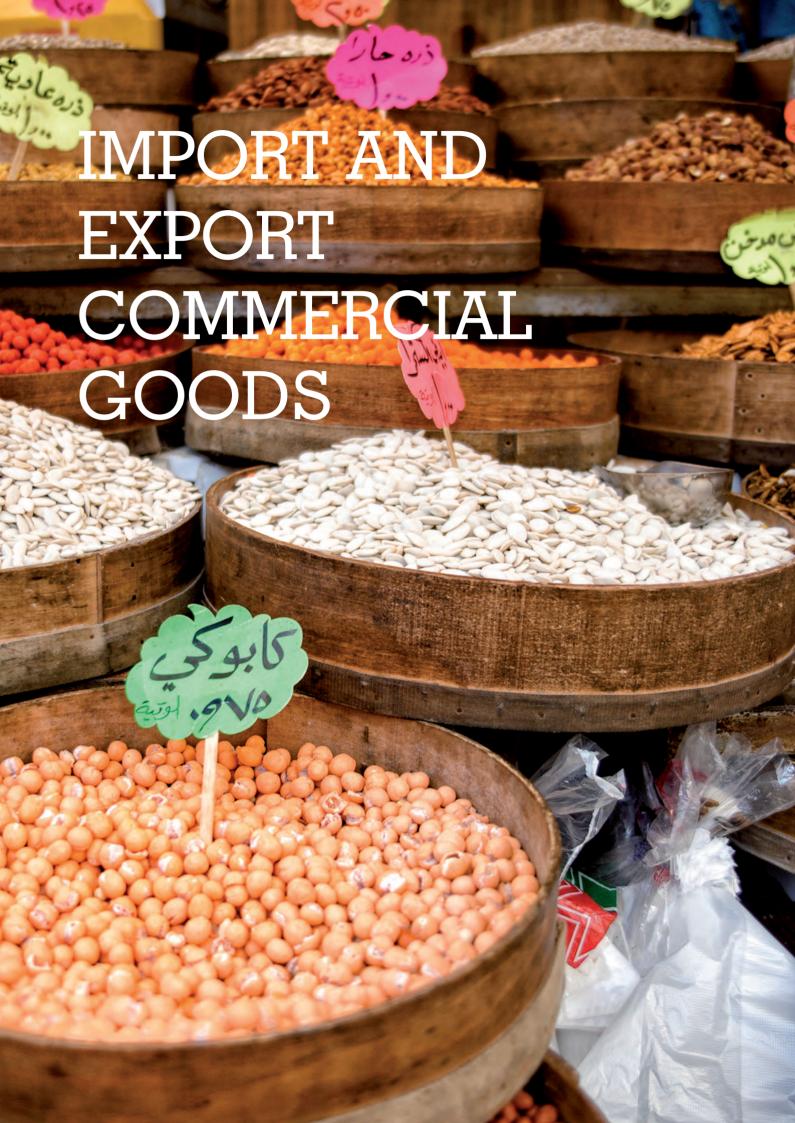
Table 14 physical Singel Windows

No.	Customs office	Office Nature
1	AL-Karamah Customs Office	Border
2	Zarqa Free Zone Customs Office	Free Zone
3	King Hussein Bridge Customs Office	Border
4	Airport Customs Office /Clearance	Airport
5	Omari Customs Office	Border
6	Aqaba Customs Office	Sea Port
7	King Abdullah II Industrial Estate Customs Office	Industrial Zone
8	Amman Customs Office	Urban
9	Mahtat Alrukab Customs Office	Sea Port
10	Jaber Customs Office	Border
11	Jordan Valley Crossing Point Customs Office	Border
12	El-Hassan Industrial Estate Customs Office	Industrial Zone
13	Al- Dleail Customs Office	Industrial Zone
14	Bonded Warehouse Customs Office	Bonded
15	ASEZA Customs Office	Multi
16	Al- Raqeem Customs Office	Industrial Zone
17	Al-Mudawara Customs Office	Border

An electronical single window is a website or an application that provides e-services to facilitate the normal procedures. The table below shows

Table 15 Electronical single win dows

	E-Services	Link
Ministry of	Issuing a certificate for those interested.	
Industry and Trade	Issuing a certificate of the last certificate for those who matter.	
ITaue	Issuing a certificate of the last contract of incorporation.	
	Issuing a certified copy of the last minutes of the Ordinary General Assembly meeting.	
	Issuing a certificate for the last minutes of an extraordinary general assembly meeting.	https://www.mit.gov.jo/Pages/
	Issuing a certificate of the last registration certificate (Annex 1)	viewpage?pageID=148
	Registration of trade names and individual institutions	
	Investigation procedures	
	Technology and Innovation Support Unit	
	International Registration of Patents	
	Electronic depositing	
Amman	Registration Form	Amman Chamber
Chamber of Commerce	Model Amendment	
(ACC)	Determine the Sector Model	
	Update the Data Model	
	Application Form for Membership Card (available on the link of Amman Chamber)	
The official site for the Jordanian egovernment	All the available e-services can be searched on this window. The list keeps expanding to cover all possible procedures.	https://jordan.gov.jo/wps/portal/Home/ AllServices?lang=en&isFromLangChange=yes



IMPORT AND EXPORT COMMERCIAL GOODS

Import

Import is the process of bringing in goods form foreign country through certain procedures. The following section represents different import topics.

Advance rulings

In continuation of the approach of the Jordanian Customs Department in providing services to the recipients of customs service and maintaining the smooth and easy movement of goods and to avoid the accumulation of containers and crises. Such services that can be done in prior to shipment arrival or even prior to importing.

Table 16 Advance ruling in force in the Jordanian government

Advance ruling	Legal justification	Additional information
Advance Goods classification: The application form (which is available in the customs website) will gather the following: a. The advance ruling for classification application shall contain all necessary information reasonably required to process a request for assessment of the classification b. the name and address of the applicant; c. a detailed description of the goods; d. in the case of classification, the classification of goods envisaged; e. in the case of classification, the basis for the classification of the goods; f. the composition of the goods and any methods of examination used to determine this, as needed. g. any samples, photographs, plans, catalogues, copies of technical literature, photographs, brochures, laboratory analysis results, or other documents available on the composition of the goods and their component materials which may assist in describing the manufacturing process or the processing undergone by the materials	 Jordan custom law Annex 8 Advance goods classification application Annex 9 	7 101 011 11 0 11 011
or any other documents that may assist the competent authority in determining the correct classification. h. whether the goods in question are the subject of a classification verification process, or any instance of review or appeal before any governmental agency, appellate tribunal or court. i. any information to be treated as confidential, whether in relation to the public or the administrations. j. an indication by the applicant whether, to his knowledge, advance rulings for goods or materials identical or similar to those referred to under subparagraphs (b) together with (c) above have already been applied for or issued.	Annex 9	

Advance Goods valuation

The application form (which is available in the customs website) will gather the followings:

- For these purposes, an applicant means a person who has applied to the Customs authorities for an advance ruling. Full name and address of the applicant should be provided.
- b. The applicant should indicate its identity in the transaction in question. Supporting documents might be needed to be provided to verify the applicant's claims. If "Other" is indicated, please provide detailed explanation on how they are involved in the issue and provide supporting documents of their status.
- c. A description of the goods should be sufficiently detailed to enable the goods to be identified (and classified in the Customs nomenclature).
- d. The applicant should indicate the nature of the issue in which they are seeking the ruling on. If "Other" is indicated, please describe the specific issue in which the ruling is sought.
- e. Relationship is defined in Article 15.4 of the WTO Valuation Agreement. Supporting documents may be needed to confirm a relationship between the buyer and the seller.
- f. A description of the transaction(s) should be sufficiently detailed to assist Customs in making a ruling on the issue. Also, detailed information about the transaction flow, terms of sale (if applicable), conditions of delivery (Incoterms), details of any intermediaries involved in the transaction and their role (e.g. buying or selling agent, brokers, etc.), elements which may be includable under Article 8, method of payment etc. should be provided.

Annex 10 official circulation

- g. The applicant should attach all documents relevant to the transaction in question which would enable Customs to make an informed decision on the ruling to be issued. Failure to submit the relevant supporting documents could lead to the rejection of the requisition by Customs.
- h. Any information which the applicant wishes to be treated as confidential including the name of companies involved and importing and exporting country should be indicated
- An indication as to whether the applicant has previously applied for an advance ruling for the same or similar arrangement should be given here. Details with regard to that requisition should also be included.
- j. Any knowledge on the part of the applicant of the existence of a ruling being sought made on the same or a similar arrangement with respect to the transaction should be indicated, quoting references
- k. Any knowledge on the part of the applicant of the existence of a ruling being sought or any instance of review or appeal before any governmental agency, appellate tribunal or court with respect to the goods should be indicated, quoting references.
- The applicant is invited to express an opinion/ position on the transaction in question and the proposed treatment.

Complete clearance deceleration:

The whole deceleration is done electronically before the shipment arrives Jordan. For the time being this is done for the transit goods.

Annex 11 shows a screenshot of this systems user interface. ASYCUDA online system Using this system is restricted to customs and customs clearance agents.

a username and password given by the customs authority.

Valuation of goods and customs duty

Duties levied on imported goods by the Jordan customs:

Tariff rate: is a duty levied by the Jordanian government on the imported goods. You can inquiry about the Tariff rate for any goods through the following link: https://services.customs.gov.jo/JCcits/sections.aspx .

All goods are categorized into 21 different sections

Value Added Tax (VAT): is a consumption tax added to a product's sales price. It represents a tax on the "value added" to the product throughout its production process.

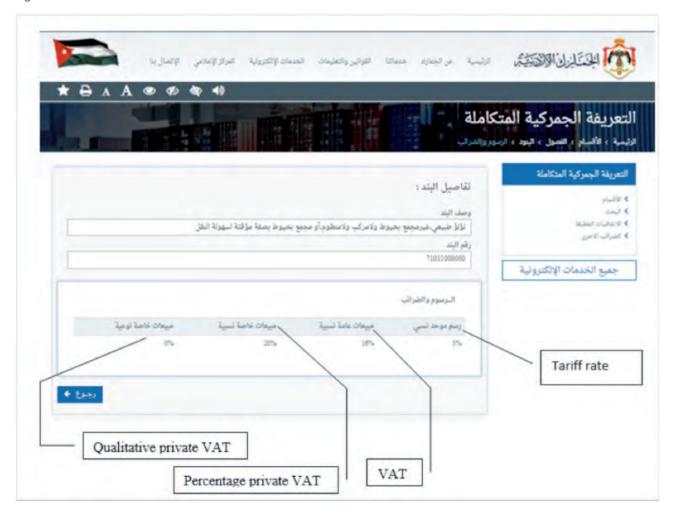
Percentage private VAT: it is a special VAT calculated as a percentage of the price on certain types of goods like precious stones, natural pearls.

Qualitative private VAT: it is a special VAT added as a fixed amount to the price on certain types of goods.

All the above duties and taxes are available on the Jordanian custom website for the Arabic version in the time being.

https://services.customs.gov.jo/JCcits/sections.aspx see the figure below:

Figure 6 Jordanian customs Tariffs



Summary of current valuation methodologies in force:

The value of imported goods shall be determined in accordance with the following customs valuation standards, and the priority in the enforcement of such standards shall be as follows:

- 1. Transaction value
- 2. Transaction value of identical goods
- 3. Transaction value of similar goods
- 4. Deductive method
- 5. Computed method
- 6. Residual method

These methods must be considered in sequence, starting with the transaction value method and moving through the rest of them one by one, until use of a method that suits the goods is appropriate.

The enforcement of such standards shall be as follows: Table 17 Valuation Methodology

	Valuation Methodology	Legal justification
Transaction value	Importers should use this method when determining the value for duty on the price paid or payable for imported goods with consideration to certain adjustments.	
Transaction value of identical goods	When you cannot use transaction value, you must use an established value for duty of identical goods. Identical goods are considered the same in all respects as the goods being appraised. They have one exception however and that is for minor differences in appearance. These differences cannot affect the value of the goods. For goods to qualify, production would have to be in the same country as the identical goods.	
Transaction value of similar goods	When you cannot use transaction and identical goods, you must use an established value for duty of similar goods. For goods to qualify, the value of goods must be:	Custom law No.20 of the Year 1998 Annex 16
	Closely resembling the similar goods	
	Capable of performing the same function	
	Commercially interchangeable	
	Produced in the same country and by the same manufacturer as the similar goods	
Deductive method	If none of the above methods apply, the deductive value method is the next method to consider. The basis of this method is on the Jordanian importers most common selling price (per unit) of the goods sold to Jordanian customers.	
Computed method	The computed value is the cost of production, profit and general expenses of the imported goods. These must be realized by producers in the exporting country when selling the same type of goods to Jordanian importers.	
Residual method	The residual method does not identify specific requirements for determining a value for duty. Instead, the value is based on one of the other methods (considered in sequence). It also requires the least amount of adjustment. The value must be fair market, and reflect commercial reality.	
	In the end, the final value for duty can also be influenced by:	
	The relation between the parties involved. (i.e. a related buyer and seller)	
	Condition where the goods were provided to the Jordanian agent at no charge (i.e. consignment)	
	Allowable additions or deductions to the value of the goods	
	Used goods	
	Goods not sold in Canada (i.e., for rent or lease)	

Customs clearance (considering product type and way of arrival/departure)

The Jordanian custom clearance procedure is the same, no matter the type of goods or the way of arrival. Clearance procedure for restricted items for example is the same procedure for ordinary items. The core difference is in the preapprovals and importing license which should be done and approved away before importing the restricted goods. a customs declaration shall be presented to the customs authorities for all imported goods even when exempted from duties and taxes.

The clearance procedure is provided chronology from the time of shipment arrival notification till it is transferred to the importer warehouse. The process is divided into blocks which represents main tasks, then each task is broken-down to different steps.

Port Entry	Port Entry						
Step and duration	Required Information -resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost(unit)	Additional Explanatory information			
Moving the container to the bonded storage area(1 -2 days)	The bonded transportation department	Customer authorities	Costs for container handling and storage is available in Annex 12	-After the arrival of goods from a foreign country, they are stored in bonded area.			

Audit requirements				
Step and duration	Required	Where?	How much? Cost	Additional Explanatory
	Information -	Entity in	(unit)	information
	resource	charge		
The agent withdraws the delivery permission from the	Bills of Lading Or lease	shipping agent	Around 18- 60 JD for each	
shipping agent	01 10a00		declaration service,	
			(service fees are controlled by government)	
				Documents supplied by the vendor:
				 Packing list.
				- Commercial invoice
				 Certificate of origin.
				- Shipment lease
The agent collects all the required documents from	Declaration		_	- Any health or agricultural certificates
the importer.	documents			 Document provided by the Importer:
				 Mandate letter
				 Import license
				Company registration certificate (Annex 1)
				 Any required preapprovals
				Any processed advance ruling
The declarants or their representatives may examine their goods before presenting the declaration			It cost Nothing for the physical examination.	samples of the goods can be taken when necessary after obtaining the Department's permission and provided that this is carried out under the Department's supervision.
(1-4 days)			Samples testing cost varies based on the goods type	(based on the Jordanian customs law -clearance instructions- article 67 see Annex 8)

CUSTOMS DECLARATION					
Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information	
The agent opens a new declaration form and fill all the fields.		On the ASYCUDA online system			
submit a declaration document electronically (1 hour)		Clearance agent On the ASYCUDA online system	All the upcoming cost are negotiable with the agent as the service cost	The agent submits the customs declaration form based on the invoices submitted, electronically through the connected network system.	
Based on the shipment data available on the ASYCUDA system the container will be sent either to: Red lane					
Green lane					
Yellow lane					
(duration: 1-3 hours based on the queue length)					

Goods Inspection					
Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information	
All containers will go through screen monitoring (X-Ray) *	Nothing	Customs inspection	Nothing		
If the goods are subject to inspection (Red Lane) the Customs authorities shall send a representative team to inspect and valuate the goods.	Declaration documents and Specifications and Metrics	yard BUT the inspection shall be allowed to be conducted outside	If samples have to be tested in the laboratory the cost will vary depending on the items	Inspecting the goods against the documents (type and quantities) In addition to sample testing	
If the goods are not subject to sample testing (Yellow Lane)	Declaration documents	conducted outside the zone upon the request of the pertinent person and on his account and in accordance with the directives set by the Director.	Nothing	Inspecting the goods against the documents (type and quantities) Without sample testing	
If the goods are not subject to any type of inspection (Green Lane)	Nothing		Nothing	-	

Inspection of all goods Imported by accredited diplomatic bodies and political mail on the condition of reciprocity.

The imported goods will be exempted from inspection.

Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information
All containers will go through screen monitoring (X-Ray) *	Nothing	Customs inspection yard	Nothing	

The Department may conduct the inspection in case of suspicion provided that:

- 1. Approval by the custom department for the inspection procedure.
- 2 The presence of a representative of the embassy concerned.
- 3- Attending a representative of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.
- 4. If the concerned embassy does not agree to the inspection procedure, the goods shall be returned to their source.

Inspection of imported used clothing and used shoes:

Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information
All containers will go through screen monitoring (X-Ray) *	Nothing	Customs inspection yard	Nothing	
the Customs authorities shall send a representative team to inspect and valuate the goods.	Declaration documents and Specifications and Metrics		the cost will vary depending on the items	Inspecting the goods against the documents (type and quantities) In addition to sample Analysis

Used clothes and shoes shall be physically inspected on the basis of importation and on the following bases

- 1. Impose the importer to make a commitment that includes the absence of new clothes or shoes or leather clothing within the contents.
- 2. The contents of the statement shall be inspected by the inspection committee and by not less than 10% of the total parcels unless otherwise required.
- 3. In the case of new clothes, leather or new shoes within the contents, the value shall be determined and the customs duties and other fees and taxes shall be calculated as the case may be, in addition to any fines realized in accordance with the provisions of the Customs Law

Inspection of goods that are subject to total inspection					
Step and duration	Required	Where?	How much? Cost	Additional Explanatory	
	Information -	Entity in charge	(unit)	information	
	resource				
All containers will go through screen monitoring (X-Ray) *	Nothing	Customs inspection yard	Nothing		
the Customs authorities shall send a representative team to inspect and valuate the goods.	Declaration documents and Specifications and Metrics		the cost will vary depending on the items	Inspecting the goods against the documents (type and quantities) In addition to sample	

The total inspection of the goods shall be done in the following cases:

- A. Goods received in the form of a compressed sacks.
- B. Goods under the status of lead, ropes or shingles that are not valid, and suspicious goods or that involve violation of the provisions of the Customs Law
- C. Goods whose owners submit a requisition for amendment in their particulars in accordance with the acceptance of the declaration by the Customs.

Inspection of all the Goods that needs the Pre-aprovals from the Energy & Minirals regulatory Commission

Step and duration	Required	Where?	How much? Cost	Additional Explanatory
	Information -	Entity in charge	(unit)	information
	resource			
All containers will go through screen monitoring (X-Ray) *	Nothing	Customs inspection yard	Nothing	
the Customs authorities shall send a representative team to inspect and valuate the goods.	Declaration documents and Specifications and Metrics		the cost will vary depending on the items	Inspecting the goods against the documents (type and quantities) In addition to sample Analysis

All types of samples are to be measured in physical preparation for the measurement of gamma emitters or for submission to the Radiation Chemistry Laboratory (separation of emitters) Alpha, such as Pu, U, Am and sample processing for measurement in an alpha spectroscopy laboratory, separation of beta emitters such as P, C, Sr, Y and processing of measurements for measurement in a beta test laboratory) and then issuing reports based on these tests Whether radiation levels are present in these goods within the limits allowed by the Commission to complete the procedures for clearing the contents.

Inspection of Drinking Water

mape each er 2 mmmg mate				
Step and duration	Required	Where?	How much? Cost	Additional Explanatory
	Information -	Entity in charge	(unit)	information
	resource			
All containers will go through screen monitoring (X-Ray) *	Nothing	Customs inspection yard	Nothing	
the Customs authorities shall send a representative team to inspect and valuate the goods.	Declaration documents and Specifications and Metrics		the cost will vary depending on the items	Inspecting the goods against the documents (type and quantities) In addition to sample Analysis

Analyzing drinking water of all kinds (packaged, sweetened, mineralized and imported) in order to recognize the permissible use or prohibition, where imported water will be targeted based on the ASYCUDA system (through the Directorate of border Radiation Control) In addition to the analysis of the data and the procedure of an annual study radiation levels are present in these goods within the limits allowed by the Energy & Minerals regulatory Commission

Inspection of Agricultural Goods				
Step and duration	Required	Where?	How much? Cost	Additional Explanatory
	Information -	Entity in charge	(unit)	information
	resource			
All containers will go through screen monitoring (X-Ray) *	Nothing	Customs inspection yard	Nothing	
the Customs authorities shall send a representative team to inspect and test the goods.	Declaration documents and Specifications and Metrics		the cost will vary depending on the items	Inspecting the goods against the documents (type and quantities) In addition to sample Analysis
Goods are tested by the Pesticide Residues		Laboratory- Ministry of agriculture	75 JD for each sample	

Inspection of edible products				
Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information
All containers will go through screen monitoring (X-Ray) *	Nothing	Customs inspection yard	Nothing	
Goods are tested by the: Food and Drugs institute	Declaration documents and Specifications and Metrics	Ministry of health laboratory and/or JSMO-Import Control Section	125 JD for each sample	JFDA

Inspection of pharmaceutical and cosmetic				
Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information
All containers will go through screen monitoring (X-Ray) *	Nothing	Customs inspection yard	Nothing	
Goods are tested by the: Food and Drugs institute	Declaration documents and Specifications and Metrics	Ministry of health laboratory and/or JSMO-Import Control Section	Vary depends on samples	JFDA

Medical Goods Inspection				
Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information
All containers will go through screen monitoring (X-Ray) *	Nothing	Customs inspection yard	Nothing	
Goods are tested by the: Ministry of Health and/or the Jordan Standards Metrology Organization	Declaration documents and Specifications and Metrics	Ministry of health laboratory and/or JSMO-Import Control Section	10 JD for sample transfer. 20 dinars for each customs transaction worth more than one thousand dinars 10 dinars for each transaction worth one thousand dinars or less	JSMO-Import Control Section

- X-Ray costs are available in Annex 13

Processing the declaration				
Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information
Re-Examination of clearance requirements (duration 1 hour maximum)	Declaration document (online form)	Custom office	Cost included in customs fees	In case of inspection, an auditing for customs clearance documents is performed after the physical inspection of goods.
Clearance approval is registered	Declaration document (online form)	Custom office		In case of goods found without any problem as a result of examination, approval therefore is registered.

Duty payment				
Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information
Payment in advance by the owner of imported goods	Declaration document	Electronically through e-fawtercom application	15 JD + duties and VAT + 0.03% + 2.5% if there is no importing license	Duties and VAT amount depends on the goods itself.
OR				
Providing financial security				Should be approved by the custom office manager
(by the owner of the imported goods)	Declaration document	Custom financial department	Depends on the case	Can be applied for using official request letter
				(no certain format available)

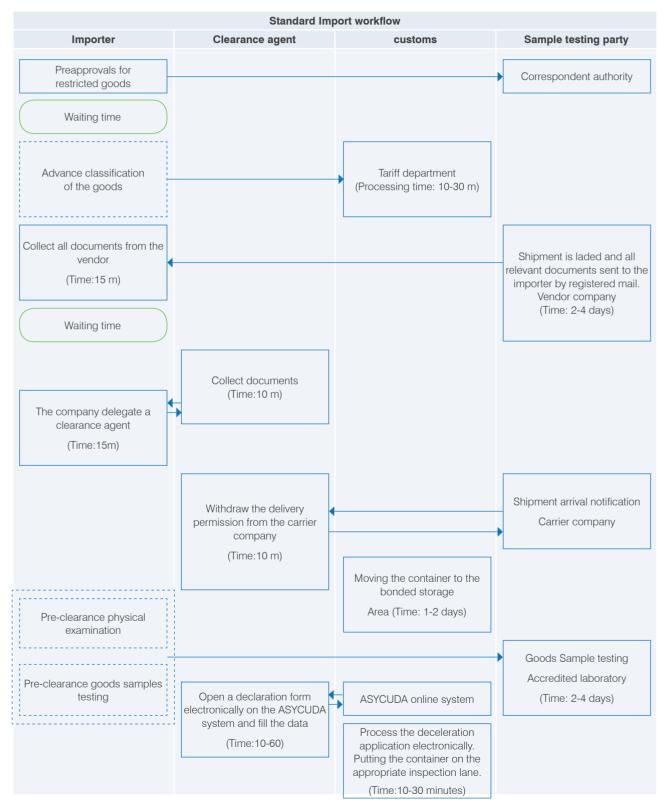
Permission of clearance					
Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information	
Acceptance of the declaration	All information is in the system	Clearance online system		The output should be a goods release certificate	
Delivery of the goods	Destination information	Storage place	Depends on the destination location		

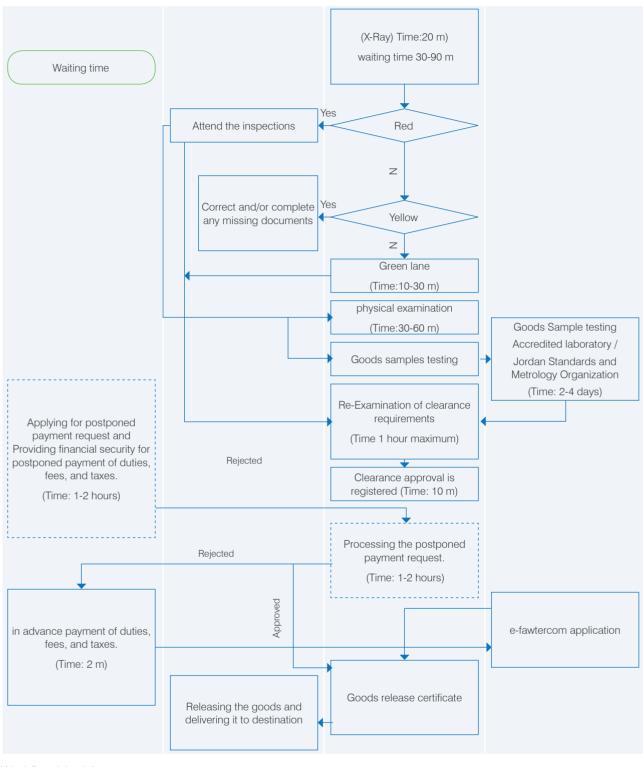
In case of providing financial security					
Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information	
Acceptance of the declaration	All information is in the system	Clearance online system	15 JD + duties and VAT + 0.03% + 2.5% if there is no importing license	Duties and VAT amount depends on the goods itself.	

^{**} Jordan customs provide a mobile SMS service to allow the customers tracking the clearance process. The customer receives three messages on: registering the deceleration, on payment, and on goods release. See annex 14 for registration form.

Import workflow - Import clearance circuit

In this section the Standard Customs Declaration Circuit workflow is described. According to the customs rules the deceleration process should be done through an accredited clearance agent or by an accredited employee for large companies. As we mentioned before this is the standard workflow for imported goods clearance for every single item. However, the Jordanian customs now working on a single window that allows 70% of the shipments to be cleared while it is still in the sea, this single window will be on operation in 2020. For the time being this process is applied on transit shipments as a pilot project. So, transit custom deceleration is done in advance.

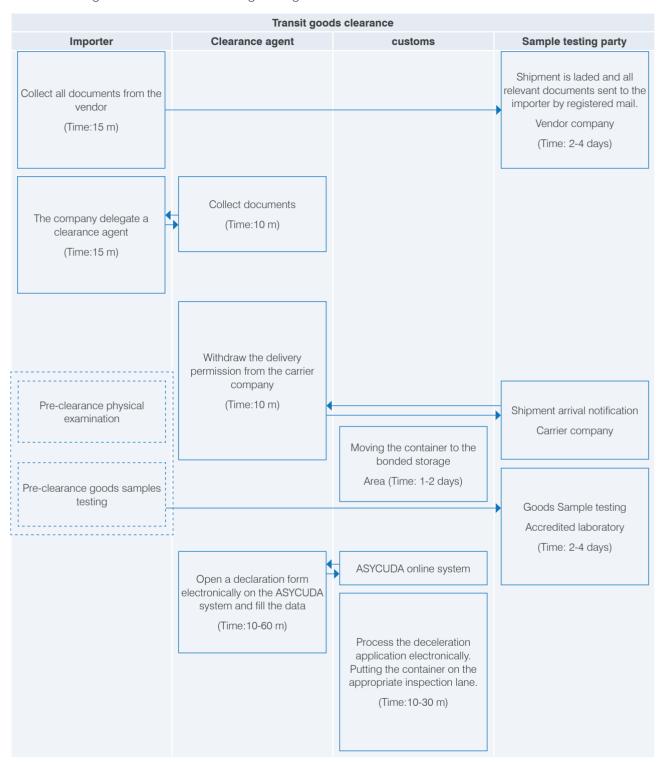


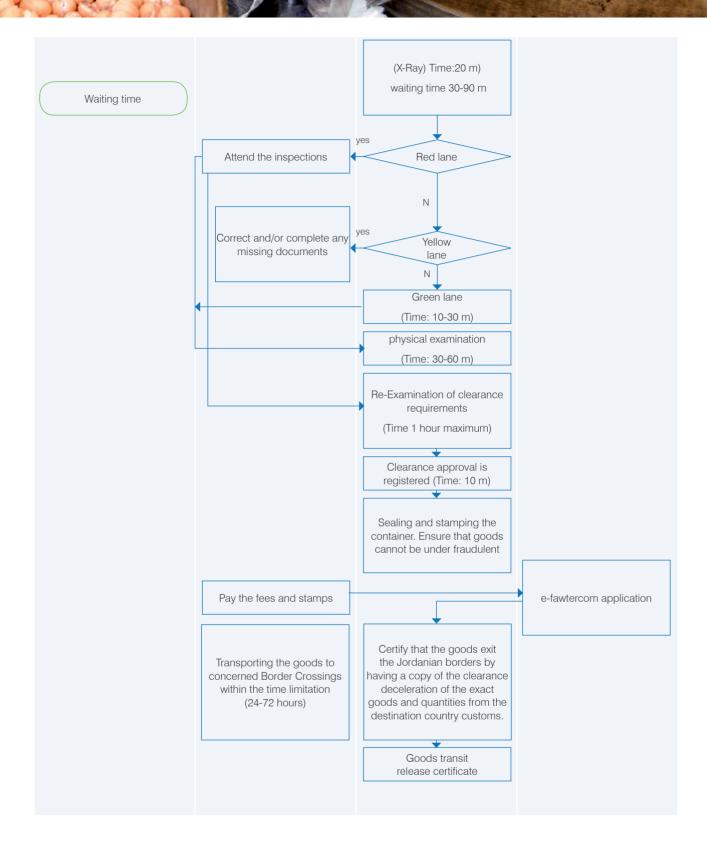


Workflow block key:

Optional		Multi cases
Mandatory		Process Direction
Waiting time		

Goods entering Jordan to reach other neighboring countries has to create a clearance deceleration as a Transit.





EXPORT COMMECIAL GOODS

Process of taking goods or merchandises (natural or manufactured products) from the national territory to a foreign country.

EXPORTING FROM JORDAN

Jordanian manufacturers or items producers can sell their products to foreign countries. The following pages will help them to be more familiar with the export procedures and requirements.

Export Procedures

Marking and Labeling

Goods must be labeled and marked. Shipping marks are important to the safe and speedy transfer of the products. In fact, marks, complying with legal requirements, assist carriers and Custom Authorities to identify the goods. Common shipping marks are the identification of the importer, the number of the packing case, the port of destination, gross and net weight, outside measurements of the case, the country of origin and cautionary marks if careful handling is needed. However, rules applying to shipping marks can vary according to the country of destination.

Labeling requirements vary according to the country of destination. Normally, detailed rules are applied to foodstuff, pharmaceuticals and cosmetics, textile and garments. The importer provides details on labels according to the requirements in the country of destination.

At the Port of Agaba

Goods are transported to the port of embarkation where a "Dock Receipt is issued, upon arrival. The shipping company issues the "Dock Receipt to confirm the arrival and the reservation of the space for the shipment. Goods have to go through security checks and clearing.

Export Clearing

Once the goods are loaded on board, the clearing agent prepares the Export Declaration Form. This is a document stating that the goods have been exported. The Export Declaration Form is submitted to the Customs Authorities, when presenting the documents for shipment.

Content of the Export Declaration Form

It describes the products, states their value and weight, and specifies the country of destination, port of embarkation and arrival, the name of the exporter and the carrier.

Fees & Taxes

There are no taxes, tariffs or duties to pay on exports. The importer will pay the required duties and taxes at the port of destination. Port fees to be paid are 1.3% of the value of the shipment.

Transportation

The exporter should contract a trucking agency to transport the goods from the warehouse to the port of embarkation.

Goods can be transported to the port area in containers or in other transport cases. In the latter case, the clearing agent, the trucking agency or the forwarding company could load the container. If the goods are transported in containers from the warehouse, then the exporter must arrange with the shipping or forwarding company for the container to be brought and filled at the factory. Generally, the exporter fills the container at the factory when goods are not packed in carton boxes.

Exporting and Re-exporting/Export and Return License

In the case of exporting goods, which may be re-imported to the country of origin, there is a special license to be obtained from the MITS. This license is made available for traders participating in fairs abroad and for exporters of machines to be repaired abroad. It is needed in order to obtain exemption from customs duty on the goods returned to Jordan. When the goods are exported, it must be clearly stated in the Customs Declaration Form that re-import is anticipated on some or all of the shipment. Another requirement for duty exemption in this case is that the packing list be accurate and detailed.

In the case of foreign trade fairs, tariffs and duties will be paid only on the items sold abroad, based on counting of items returned to Jordan as compared to the packing list.

The Export procedure is provided chronology from the time of goods leave the exporter Wearhouse till it is loaded on the carrier. The process is divided into blocks which represents main tasks, then each task is broken-down to different steps.

Goods Preparation					
Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information	
Marking & labeling	Labeling requirements for the importer	Exporter	Normal labeling cost, unless serious changes on the label need to be done.	Exporter should ask the importer for a detailed labeling requirement	
Prepare the packing list	Goods details and quantities	Exporter	Nothing	The packing list should exactly match the content of the shipment	

Moving the Shipment to Aqaba port					
Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information	
Goods handled to the clearing agent and loaded into containers (2-6 hours)	-Export License if required certificate of Origin -Packing List -Invoice	Clearance agent	Depends on the: Agent, transportation distance,		
Goods transported to the boarding port (2-5 hours)		Clearance Agent	Inclusive with the agent bill		

Loading on the ship/lorry/ plane					
Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information	
Issuing the Dock Receipt	Shipment's details	Shipping company	Part of the shipping bill		
(20 Minutes)	details		stilbbilig bili		
Security check		Customs Yard			
(15-60 Minutes)					
Loading shipment onboard		Shipping company and port			
(2-4 hours)		handling services			
Submit the shipping documents to the clearance agent		Shipping company			
(20 Minutes)					



Preparing Export Declaration					
Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information	
Open an Export Declaration form (20 Minutes)	All the Export documents	Customs online system			
Submit the shipping documents & Export declaration form to the Customs authorities (20 Minutes)					
(Optional depends on the Exporter – Boer agreement) Pay shipping charges (10 Minutes)		Shipping company offices / or online bank transfer	Depends on destination	Type of shipping	

Posting the Export Documents to the Importer					
Step and duration	Required Information - resource	Where? Entity in charge	How much? Cost (unit)	Additional Explanatory information	
Sending all the export documents to the Importer by mail. (3-14 days)	Importer post address	Exporter	10-35 JD		

The following scheme explain the export procedure:



Annexes

ANNEX 1- Economic Operator Registration certificates

An Economic Operator Registration certificate should be something similar to the document in Figure 1.

Figure 7 Economic Operator Registration Documents



A General Partnership Company or Limited Partnership Company Certificate should be something similar to the document in Figure 2

Figure 8 General Partnership Company or Limited Partnership Company Certificate





A Limited Liability Company Certificate Should be a document similar to the document in Figure 3

Figure 9 A Limited Liability Company Certificate



When you register a private shareholding company, the certificate should be a document similar to the document in Figure 4

Figure 10 private shareholding company certificate



When you register a tradename, this is the certificate that you will receive:

Figure 11 Tradename certificate



Annex 2 - Import and Export Law no. 12 - 2001

رقم ۲۱ لسنة ۲۰۰۱

المادة ١ -

يسمى هذا القانون (قانون الاستيراد والتصدير لسنة ٢٠٠١) ويعمل به بعد ثلاثين يوماً من تاريخ نشره في الجريدة الرسمية.

المادة ٢ -

يكون للكلمات والعبارات التالية حيثما وردت في هذا القانون المعاني المخصصة لها ادناه ما لم تدل القرينة على غير ذلك-:

الوزارة:وزارة الصناعة والتجارة.

الوزير: وزير الصناعة والتجارة.

البضاعة: كل سلعة او مادة بما في ذلك المنتجات النباتية او الحيوانية او الصناعية او المعدنية ، الجهة المختصة: اي جهة رسمية تخولها التشريعات الخاصة بها بالموافقة على استيراد بضاعة معينة او تصديرها.

رخصة الاستيراد: التصريح الذي يسمح بموجبه باستيراد البضاعة الى المملكة.

رخصة التصدير: التصريح الذي يسمح بموجبه بتصدير البضاعة المحلية او اعادة تصدير البضاعة الاجنبية الى خارج المملكة.

الرخصة التلقائية: رخصة الاستيراد أو التصدير التي تصدرها الوزارة أو الجهة المختصة إذا توافرت شروط ومتطلبات منحها.

الرخصة غير التلقائية: رخصة الاستيراد او التصدير التي يجوز للوزارة او الجهة المختصة اصدارها اذا توافرت الشروط والمتطلبات القانونية المقررة لمنحها.

بطاقة المستورد:الوثيقة التي تمنحها الوزارة للمستورد المسجل في سجل المستوردين الذي تعده لهذه الغاية.

بطاقة المصدر: الوثيقة التي تمنحها الوزارة للمصدر المسجل في سجل المصدرين الذي تعده لهذه الغاية.

المادة٣ -

أ-يسمح باستيراد أي بضاعة إلى المملكة دون قيد شريطة الالتزام بإبراز بطاقة مستورد عند التخليص على البضاعة ، او دفع الغرامات المفروضة وفقاً للأنظمة التي تصدر لهذه الغاية.

ب- يسمح بتصدير أي بضاعة من المملكة او إعادة تصدير ها دون قيد شريطة الالتزام بابراز بطاقة المصدر .

ج- يستثنى من تطبيق احكام الفقرتين (أ) و (ب) من هذه المادة مايلي-:

البضاعة التي يحظر استيرادها أو تصديرها او البضاعة التي يحصر كلياً استيرادها او تصديرها بجهة معينة وفقاً لأحكام هذا القانون
 ٢-البضاعة التي يشترط لاستيرادها أو تصديرها الحصول على رخصة وفقاً لاحكام القانون.

د- ١-يستثنى من شرط الحصول على بطاقة المستورد المزارع الذي يستورد المستلزمات الزراعية لاحتياجات مزرعته والشخص الذي يستورد البضائع للاستعمال الشخصي.

٢ - يستثنى من شرط الحصول على بطاقة المصدر كل من-:

-مصدري الخضار والفواكه ما لم يقرر مجلس الوزراء غير ذلك.

-البضائع المصدرة للاستعمال الشخصي

-المنتج الزراعي الذي يقرر الوزير استثناءه.

المادة ٤ ـ

يحدد الوزير البضاعة التي يخضع استيرادها او تصديرها إلى رخص تلقائية.

المادة ٥ ـ

أ- يحدد الوزير أو الجهة المختصة البضاعة التي يخضع استيرادها لرخص استيراد غير تلقائية في الحالات التالية:

١ -اذا كانت متطلبات السلامة العامة او الصحة العامة او النظام العام او المحافظة على البيئة او الصوارد الطبيعية او الامن الوطني تستدعى ذلك.

٢ - اذا كانت البضاعة خاضعة لقيود كمية و فقا للتشريعات النافذة المفعول او الاتفاقيات الدولية ذات العلاقة.

ب- يحدد الوزير او الجهة المختصة البضاعة التي يخضع تصديرها إلى رخص تصدير غير تلقائية.

المادة ٦ ـ

أ- مع مراعاة احكام الاتفاقيات الدولية ذات العلاقة ، لمجلس الوزراء بناء على توصية الجهة المختصة اصدار قرار بما يلي-:

١-حظر استيراد او تصدير أي بضاعة.

٢-حصر استيراد او تصدير أي بضاعة كلياً او جزئياً بجهة معينة وفقا للشروط التي يقررها.

ب- يجوز لمجلس الوزراء بناء على توصية الوزير والجهة المختصة حسب مقتضى الحال تخويل السلطة الجمركية استيفاء الرسوم التي يحددها لهذه الغاية لقاء تصدير بضائع معينة في حالات خاصة ومبررة تستدعيها المصلحة الوطنية على ان يتضمن القرار الصادر بهذا الشأن تحديد انواع البضائع ومدة استيفاء هذه الرسوم.

المادة ٧ ـ

على الوزارة أو الجهة المختصة تبليغ طالب الرخصة بقرارها في حال عدم الموافقة على طلبه ويجب أن يكون قرار الرفض معللاً.

المادة ٨ ـ

تكون مدة سريان رخصة الاستيراد او التصدير سنة واحدة باستثناء الرخصة المتعلقة بالبضاعة الخاضعة لقيود كمية فينتهي مفعولها باتمام استيراد الكمية المحددة في الرخصة على ان لا تتجاوز سنة واحدة في جميع الاحوال.

المادة ٩ _

تعتبر رخصة الاستيراد او رخصة التصدير شخصية ولا يجوز تحويلها او التنازل عنها الا بموافقة الجهة المختصة شريطة توافر المتطلبات القانونية لهذا التحويل او التنازل.

المادة ١٠

أ- يتم الغاء رخص الاستيراد او التصدير بقرار من الجهة التي اصدرتها في أية من الحالات التالية-:

١-اذا قرر مجلس الوزراء حظر استيراد البضاعة او تصديرها او قرر حصر استيرادها او تصديرها بجهة معينة باستثناء البضاعة التي
 تم التعاقد عليها قبل تاريخ صدور أي من القرارين.

٢- اذا قررت الجهة المختصة عدم السماح باستيراد البضاعة او تصديرها بسبب منع تداولها وفقا للتشريعات المعمول بها.

٣-اذا فقد حامل الرخصة احد شروط منحها.

ب- على الجهة المختصة رد الرسوم التي استوفتها مقابل اصدار الرخص التي تم الغاؤها وفقاً لاحكام الفقرة (أ) من هذه المادة باستثناء الحالة المنصوص عليها في البند (٣) منها.

ج- يكون قرار الغاء الرخص قابلا للطعن لدى محكمة العدل العليا.

على الجهة المختصة نشر التعليمات والقرارات التنظيمية التي تصدرها تنفيذا لاحكام هذا القانون او الانظمة الصدادرة بمقتضاه في الجريدة الرسمية وتحديد تاريخ سريان كل منها.

المادة ٢١ -

يصدر مجلس الوزراء بناء على تنسيب الوزير الانظمة اللازمة لتنفيذ احكام هذا القانون بما في ذلك ما يلي-:

أ-الاحكام المتعلقة برخص الاستيراد والتصدير واجراءات وشروط ومتطلبات منحها وتحديد البيانات التي تتضمنها هذه الرخص وحالات الاعفاء من الحصول عليها.

ب-تحديد مقدار الرسوم التي تستوفى لقاء اصدار رخص الاستيراد والتصدير وحالات الاعفاء منها والاحكام المتعلقة ببطاقة المستورد وبطاقة المستوردين وفي سجل المصدرين.

ج- المدة المحددة للبت في طلبات اصدار الرخصة.

المادة ١٣ -

يلغى قانون الاستيراد والتصدير رقم (١٤) لسنة ١٩٩٢ وتبقى الانظمة والتعليمات والقرارات ذات العلاقة المعمول بها حاليا سارية المفعول الى ان يتم استبدال غيرها بها ولا يعمل باي نص وارد في أي تشريع اخر يتعارض مع احكام هذا القانون.

المادة ٤١ -

رئيس الوزراء والوزراء مكلفون بتنفيذ احكام هذا القانون.

ANNEX 3 - Pre-approvals

To begin registering or licensing your business, please visit the Ministry of Industry & Trade or the Companies Control Department (for registration) and/or the municipality in which you operate (for licensing) to secure the required forms for pre-approvals.

The pre-approvals you need to obtain depend on the economic activity of your business and the sector in which it operates. Please note the pre-approvals mentioned below are subject to change.

Ec	onomic Activity	Where do I go to get my pre- approvals?		
	od Service and Lodging Activities	mere acting to get my pro-appretate.		
_	Restaurants and hotels			
_	Hotels, lodging houses and camps and other places of residence			
_	Investments in and promotion of tourist villages			
_	Owning and managing tourist camps			
_	Management of hotels, suites, and tourist rentals	Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities		
_	Owning and investing in tourist restaurants and hotels	·		
_	Establishment of tourist restaurants and franchises			
_	Operating tourist restaurants			
_	Tourist coffee shops			
_	Bakery			
-	Automatic bakery			
-	Stone bakery	Michael Carlos and Carlos and Carlos Biomicals		
-	Saj bakery	Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply- Inventory Directorate		
-	Half-automatic bakery			
_	Bake sales, bakery exhibitions and any related events			
_	Places that sell alcoholic beverages			
_	Coffee shops except places that offer shisha (hookah)			
_	Traditional old-style cafes	Ministry of Interior		
-	Student housing			
_	Catering and food services for ships	Jordanian Maritime Authority		
Ad	ministrative and Support Service Activities	,		
- ten	Registering non-Jordanians from Gaza and the West Bank to hold nporary Jordanian passports	Ministry of Interior		
_	Services for universities			
_	Theatrical performances			
_	Folkloric performances	Ministry of Higher Education		
_	Heritage performances	Ministry of Higher Education		
-	Organization and management of cultural and			
-	heritage events			
Со	nstruction			
-	Stationary and mobile quarrying machinery			
_	Building stone quarries			
-	Rubble quarries			
-	Sand quarries	Energy and Minerals Regulatory		
-	Quarries	Commission		
-	Cement quarries			
-	Marble quarries			
-	Mining			
-	Exploration			

_	Contracting	
-	Amendments or changes to the trade registration, (except for any increases in capital)	
_	Weighbridges to weigh trucks and cars	
_	Design and implementation of design works	
_	Maintenance of buildings	
_	Prefabricated reinforced concrete	Ministry of Public Works and Housing
_	Design and implementation of design works:	
_	(Isolation works/metal works/extend the lighting of buildings	
_	and streets/all electricity works including extensions, running	
_	Them and maintenance/building residential and industrial	
_	buildings that are prefabricated)	
Ed	ucation	
_	Private schools	
_	Private nurseries	
_	Cultural centers (including training courses with certification)	
_	Educational cultural centers for physiotherapy and rehabilitation	Ministry of Education
_	Please note: every branch is considered an individual education	
_	facility and needs a prior approval.	
_	Universities	
_	Community colleges	Ministry of Higher Education
_	University services	, ,
Ele	ectricity, gas, steam and air conditioning	
_	Liquefied gas	
_	Development and distribution of liquefied gas	
_	Petrol stations	Ministry of Energy and Mineral
_	Trade of petrol	Resources
_	Production and import of empty gas cylinders	
_	Production of mineral oils	
Fin	ancial and Insurance Activities	
_	Accepting deposits	
_	Currency exchange	
_	Dealing with foreign currencies	
_	Representing foreign banks	
_	Sale of gold and jewelry	
_	Extending credit in all its forms including commercial operations	
_	Providing payment and collection services	Central Bank of Jordan
-	Issuance and management of payment platforms, including bank withdrawals, debit, credit cards, and tourist checks	
-	Money market and capital market dealing, including purchase and sale for personal account or on the behalf of clients and these should be explained in further detail.	
_	Buying and selling debts with the right of recourse and Without Financing through leasing	
_	Insurance service firms	Ministry of Industry Trade and County
_	Arbitration services (in the insurance field)	Ministry of Industry, Trade and Supply-
_	Insurance brokers	Insurance Management Directorate
	Websites that specialize in economic consultancies	Media Commission

_	Securities	hro	kers

- Buying and selling bonds and shares (trading)
- Issuance and distribution of securities and futures
- Provision of administrative services to investment funds
- and provide investment services, including management of mutual funds
- Management and safe storage of money and valuable items
- Financial advisory services and brokerage

Jordan Securities Commission

Human health and social work activities

- Licensing pharmacies
- Licensing pharmaceutical warehouses
- Licensing pharmaceutical factories
- Licensing private hospitals
- Eye examinations
- Prescription eyeglasses
- Fitting of contact lenses
- Manufacturing of contact lenses
- Retail of contact lenses
- Emergency Medical Centers (24-hours)
- Domestic nursing service centers
- Midwifery services
- Dermatological centers
- Treatment centers
- Medical products
- Preparation of herbal cosmetics and natural medicinal plants for medical purposes
- Institutions for selling medical equipment
- Sale of diagnostic equipment and medical treatment
- X-ray centers
- Foot care and evaluation centers
- Dental centers
- Medical labs
- Anesthesia
- Speech therapy and audiology
- Fitness and health
- Prosthetics and casts
- Clinical psychology, mental health and counseling
- Bio-medicine and genetic engineering
- Dental technician
- Health coaches and health monitors
- Medical shoes
- Chiropractic services
- Production of medical gases
- Sale of medical gases
- Sport and exercise medicine
- Production of medical herbs

Ministry of Health

_	Nutritional consultation centers	
_	Production of medicine for human consumption	Jordan Food and Drug Administration
_	Production of medicinal herbs	
-	Nursing homes	Ministry of Coolal Dayslanmant
_	Day centers for the elderly	Ministry of Social Development
Со	mmunication and Information	
_	Daily publications	
_	Non-daily publications	
_	Specialized publications	
-	News agency o Establishment of media institutions including: Printing prosses o Publishing houses o Distribution houses o Economic research centers o Economic consultation centers o Political studies, research, and consultation centers o Libraries o Polling centers o Translation centers • Advertising agencies	Media Commission
-	Websites specializing in economic consultations	
_	Creation and management of non-news related websites	
_	Creation and management of social work and volunteering	
_	website	
_	A specialist website for programming and design	
_	The production of cartoons for kids and educational films	
Ma	nufacturing	
_	Production of fireworks and firecrackers	Ministry of Interior
_	Production of stamps, ink stamps and rubber stamps	
_	Production of contact lenses	Ministry of Health
_	Production of medical gases	
-	Gold and jewelry production	Central Bank of Jordan and Ministry of Interior
Mii	ning and Quarrying	
_	Import of petroleum and petroleum products	
_	Distillation	Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources
_	Exploration, mining and exploitation of mineral ores	
_	Mobile and fixed breakers	
_	Building stone quarries	
_	Rubble quarries – sand quarries – quarries	
_	Cement quarries	Energy and Mineral Resources
_	Marble quarries	Regulatory Commission and Ministry of Tourism and
_	Mining	Antiquities
=	Exploration	
	Soil testing Well diaging	
_	Well digging	
Oth	er Service Activities	Ministry of Tourism and Astiguities
_	Investment in tourist villages to attract tourism Sales of stamps and imports	Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities Ministry of Finance
_	oales of starrips and imports	will nou y Or i mande

Dw	Secretary Colombisis and Technical Activities	
Pro	ofessional, Scientific and Technical Activities	
_	Preparation of medicinal herbs and natural medicinal plants	
_	for medical purposes	
-	Fitness and health	Ministry of Health
-	Clinical psychology, mental health and psychological counseling	
-	Dental technician	
-	Health coaching and health monitoring	
_	Parcel and post shipping	Telecommunications Regulatory
		Commission
-	Protection, security institutions and private guard	Ministry of Interior
Re	al estate Activities	
-	Land survey offices	Department of Lands and Surveys
-	Real estate agencies	,
Tra	nsportation and Storage Services	
_	Driving centers, transfer of ownership, the introduction and withdrawal of partners based on the provisions of Article 35 of the Traffic Law	Ministry of Interior/Department of Vehicle and Driver Licensing
-	Pharmaceutical warehouse	Ministry of Health
-	Ship administration services	
_	Hire and rental services for ships	Jordan Maritime Authority
-	Broker shipping services	
-	Transport of goods by land	
-	Land freight services and agencies	
-	Joint bus lines	Land Transport Deculatory Commission
-	Internal bus lines	Land Transport Regulatory Commission
-	Car rental offices for tourists	
-	Outbound travel offices	
-	Paid car parking	Greater Amman Municipality or relevant municipality to
-	Taxi services	your business
_	Trading and maintenance of public safety materials / fire extinguishers	General Directorate of Civil Defense – Directorate of
_	Filling of fire extinguishers	Prevention Management and Self-Protection
		Management and Sen-Frotection
-	Transport of passengers by sea	
-	Transport of cargo by sea	
-	Freight services by sea	
-	Operation of ships	
-	Ship management services	
-	Acts of maritime agencies	Jordan Maritime Authority
-	Ocean freight	ordan manano / adnonty
-	Marine shipping agent	
-	Hiring and renting ship services	
-	Trade of ships	
-	Nautical agencies	
-	Sea shipment brokerage	
	Civil aviation activities	
_		
_	Air transport	Jordan Aviation Authority
_	Jordanian shipping services	
_	Selling and buying airplanes	

_	Environmental services	Ministry of Environment/ Ministry of Health
-	Waste and biomedical waste treatment	
-	Trade of medical gases	Ministry of Health
-	Services for fixing and maintaining ships	Jordan Maritime Authority
-	Sea inspection services in the Aqaba Marina	or dan maname / dans.ns,
Τοι	urism and travel office businesses	Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities
Fre	ight-forwarding businesses	Jordan Customs Department
Re	cruitment of non-Jordanian domestic workers	Ministry of Labor
Fai	rming, Forestry and Fishing	
Soi	il testing	Energy and Minerals Regulatory Commission
Dig	gging wells	Ministry of Public Works and Housing
Art	t, Entertainment and Innovation	
-	Billiard and snooker centers— except training centers which are licensed by the Higher Council of Youth	
_	Electronic game centers	
_	Computer game centers	
-	Video games	
_	Internet cafes	Ministry of Interior
_	Retail and trade of fireworks	
_	5-a-side football stadiums and centers	
_	Theme parks, games and tourism recreation	
_	Jacuzzis and Turkish baths	
_	Production and trade of traditional arts and crafts	
_	Production of traditional handicrafts	Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities
_	Theme parks, games and tourism recreation	
_	Kindergartens, nurseries and day care centers	Ministry of Social Development
_	Coordination and accommodation of sport leagues and camps	
_	Development of taekwondo and jujitsu sports	
_	Football training centers	
_	Developing the karate sport (excluding training centers)	
_	Paintball centers	Higher Council for Youth
_	Boxing training centers	
_	Kick boxing training centers	
_	Fitness centers	
-	Watersports	Jordan Maritime Authority
_	Film production	
_	Film distribution	
_	Magnetic tapes	
_	Cassette tapes	Media Commission
_	Video tapes	
_	Production of programs and movies	

ANNEX 4 - Scanned Copy of the documents for registering an individual establishment

National ID card



Passport:

Deferred military service for males born in or after 1989





- Obtain a letter from MOITS if your economic objective requires pre-approvals from related authorities
- Power of Attorney if you are authorizing someone else to register your business on your behalf
- Lease agreement for your business certified by the Greater Amman Municipality or other municipalities
- Property deed if the business owner also owns the real estate from which the business will operate
- For non-Jordanians: Bank statement that shows a bank balance of at least JD 50,000

ANNEX 5 - Import and Export License Card Regulations for 2004

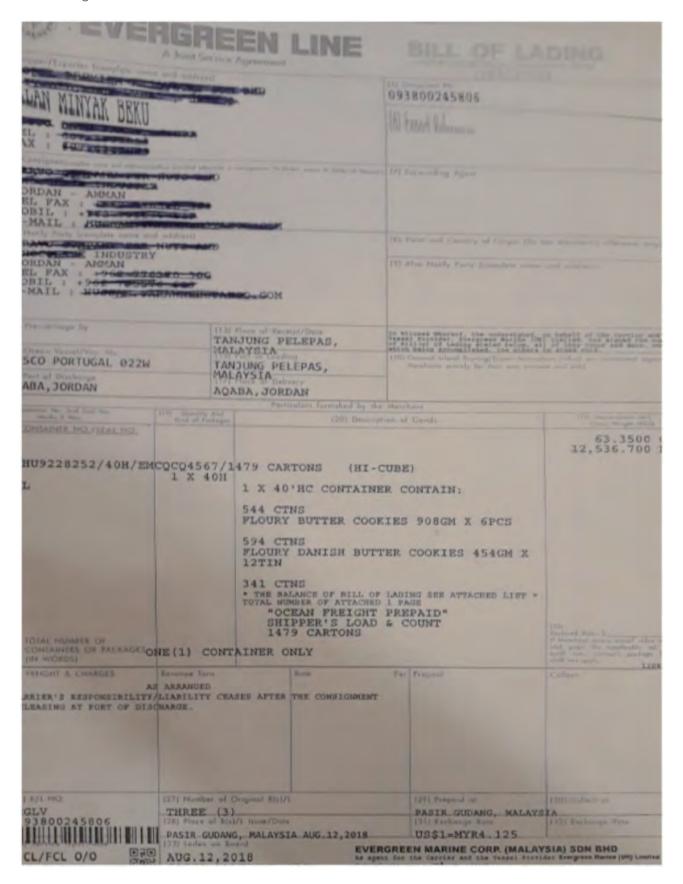
Article 4:

The following authorities registered in the register of importers or exporters register with the Ministry may obtain an Importer card or Exporter card:

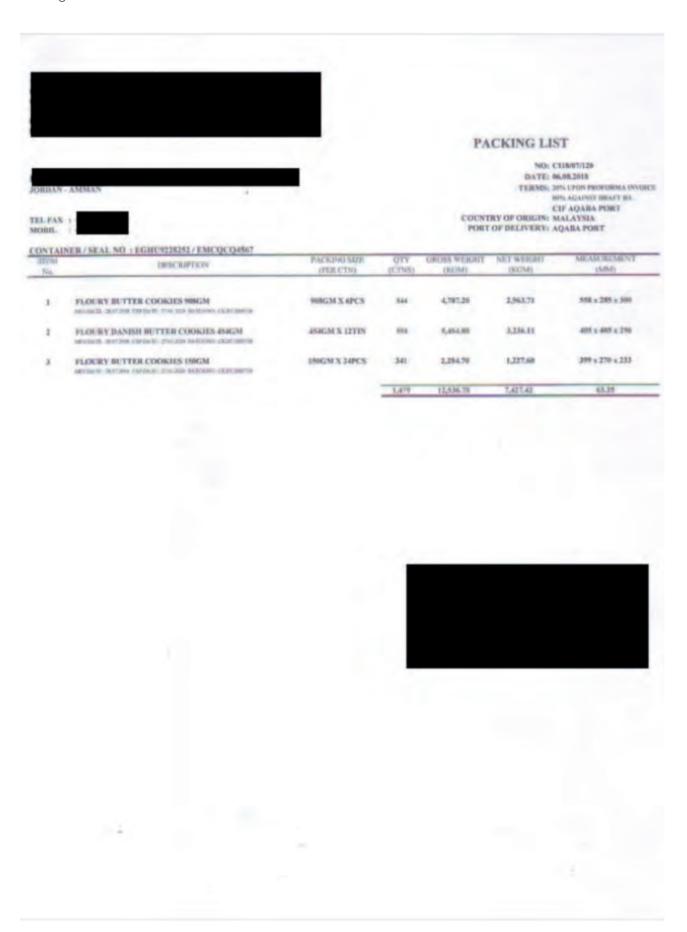
- Companies and traders registered in the register of companies and chamber of commerce or chamber of industry and has a valid vocational license.
- Jordanian companies, bodies and institutions that are not industrial or commercial, possess a valid vocational license.
- Foreign companies, bodies and institutions with a valid vocational license.
- Non-commercial foreign companies, bodies and institutions with a valid work permit (vocational license).
- Scientific and religious institutions, charitable, hospitals and banks.
- Companies, bodies, entities and institutions registered or accredited by an official body establishing a
 development projects in the Kingdom.
- Foreign contractors and foreign companies or their branches registered in the Kingdom as foreign companies operating under the Companies Law. Provided that the goods to be imported are necessary for the consummation of contracts concluded with the Government or by civil institutions.
- The concerned party shall support the importer's request for such supplies with a statement of their quantity and type.
- Private bodies and bodies established in accordance with their own legislation.

ANNEX 6 - Customs Clearance required documents

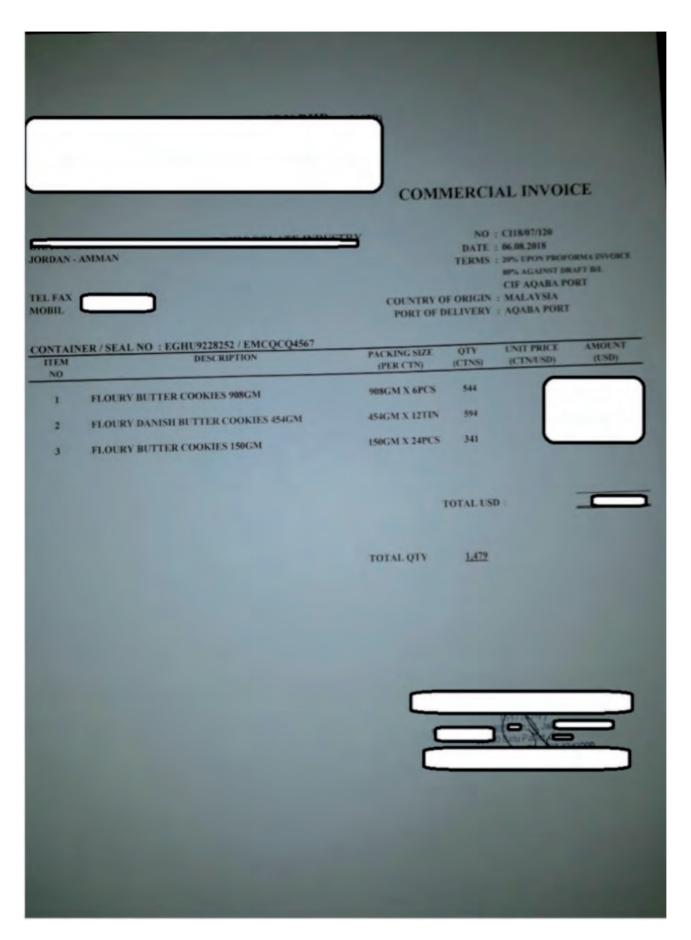
Bill of lading



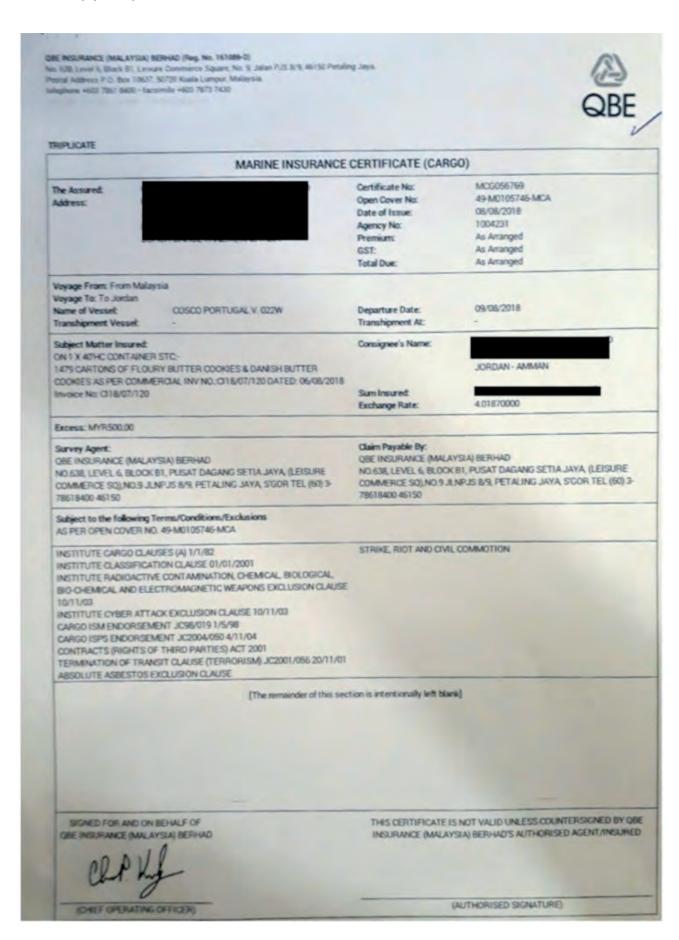
Packing List



Invoice



Insurance (Optional):



Health Certificate:



ANNEX 7 - Certificate of Origin

		and the same of th			-
1 Goods address	Consigned From (Expo s, country)	inter's business name,	Reference No.		
			201	8 8 004)
	Consigned To (Importe s, country)	r's business name,	Certificate of Drigin		
	FORDAN - AMMAN		Issued I	in(Country)	
3. Notify F	Party (Name & Address SAME AS CONSIGNEE	5)			
4. Means	of Transport and Rout	e (as far as known)		(3)	
Departure	200			W	
Vessel / Air	FORTUGAL V.622W	t of Loading: TANJUNG PELEPAS: MALAYSIA It of Discharge: AOABA JORDAN Ital Destination: AOABA JORDAN	32 Jalan Rai	BATU PAHAT hmat, 83000 Batu Pahat, 1311989, 4315989 Fax	Johor, Malayr
5. Item No.	6. Marks and Numbers on Packages	7. Number and Types of Description of Goods (where appropriate HS importing country)	incl. quantity	Gross Weight and / or Other Quantity and Value	9. Number a of invoice
	CONTAINER / SEAL NO. EGHU9228252 / EMCQCQ4567	1 x 40 HC CONTAINER S 1479 CARTUNS FLOURY BUTTER COOF FLOURY DANISH BUTTER FLOURY BUTTER COOF	KIES 908GM X 6PCS	SALCINS SHICINS	CHAW DATI 96.002
		SHIPPED ON BOAL FREIGHT P	DEPART:	GW 1253A 70 KGS AA35 ND	
The	statement are correct,		11. Certificat	y certified, on the basis eclaration by the exporte	of control carr ir is correct.
For goo	ods exported to 30	ntry)	32, John Rohmed Moon Robe Patrick. Sonor Springer 1 5 AUG 2018		
	(Importing	Country)	******	xecutive Secretary / Assista	nt Secretary
1			L	DEA CHIN LEE	
14	AU	1010-1-101	Place and da	te, signature and stamp	of Certifying S
P	Place and date, signatu	re of Authorised Signatory	T GOOD BOOK AND		

ANNEX 8 - Jordan Custom Law

JORDAN CUSTOM LAW

Home Custom Law

Chapter Five - Customs Clearance Stages
Customs Clearance Stages

Chapter One/Customs Declarations

Article 61:

A. Upon clearing any commodity, even when exempted from duties and taxes, a customs declaration shall be presented to the customs house, such declaration shall be organized: -

- In writing
- 2. By using information or data processing method whenever such method is required and in accordance with directives issued by the Director. The provisions applied to the written declaration shall apply to this kind of declaration as well.
- B. The Director shall specify the forms of declarations and the media for their submission, in addition to the number and princes of copies, the information they must contain, the documents which shall be attached to the declarations as well as the information contained in such documents. Article 62:

The detailed customs declaration should only contain the goods mentioned in one manifest only except in cases determined by the Director. Article 63:

The declaration should not mention several sealed packages or packages assembled in any way to look as if they form one unit. The directives issued by the Director with regard to the containers, pallets and trailers shall be observed. Article 64:

The declarant, upon his request, is allowed to amend one or more of the items of the declaration after being accepted by Customs, provided that such amendment shall not result in making the declaration apply to goods other than that originally covered therein. However, the amendment shall not be allowed if the request was submitted after customs authorities have already carried out any of these formalities:

- 1. Informing the declarant that they intend to examine the goods.
- 2. Decided that the items or details in question are incorrect.
- 3. Released the goods. Article 65:

A. Goods entering the Kingdom shall be admitted under any of the following customs procedures:-

- 1. Free circulation
- 2. Transit
- 3. Warehousing
- 4. Deposit in free zones
- 5. Temporary admission
- 6. Admission for processing purposes

B. Goods may be transferred from a certain customs procedure to another upon the Departments approval and in accordance with procedures determined by the Director.

Article 66:

- A. The customs authorities may cancel the registered declaration of which the due duties and taxes are not paid or those not completed, after the elapse of 15 days from the date of registration, due to reasons connected with the person who submitted them.
- B. The Department may agree to the cancellation of the declarations upon a request from the person who submitted them as long as due duties and taxes have not been paid. In case of a violation, cancellation shall not be allowed until such violation has been settled, however, amending the rates of duties and taxes or changing the exchange price of foreign currencies shall not result in refusing the cancellation application.
- C. In all these cases, the Department shall have the right to request inspection of the commodity in the presence or absence of the declarant after duly advising him with the date of such inspection.

Article 67:

The declarants or their representatives may examine their goods before presenting the declaration. They can also take samples of the goods when necessary after obtaining the Department's permission and provided that this is carried out under the Department's supervision. Those samples shall be subject to due duties and taxes. Article 68:

People other than the declarants or their representatives shall not be allowed to examine the declaration with the exemption of competent judicial and officials' authorities.

Chapter Two Inspection of Goods

Article 69:

Following the registration of the customs declaration the customs officials concerned shall inspect goods wholly or partly according to the directives issued by the Director.

Article 70:

- A. Inspection of the goods shall be conducted at the customs zone. However, the inspection shall be allowed to be conducted outside the zone upon the request of the pertinent person and on his account and in accordance with the directives set by the Director.
- B. The transfer of goods to the inspection place and the opening and packing of the packages and all other steps required for the inspection process shall be paid for by the person who presented the declaration and on his responsibility.
- C. Goods deposited in stores or in places set for inspection may not be transferred without the approval of the Department.
- D. Those involved in the transfer of goods and presenting them for inspection should be acceptable by the Department.
- E. It shall not be permitted for any person to enter the stores and warehouses and the barns and shelters and yards prepared for the storing or depositing the goods for inspection without the approval of the Department.

Article71:

The inspection shall be carried out in the presence of the person who presented the declaration or his representative. When a decrease in the contents of the packages occurs, the responsibility thereof shall be defined as follows:

- A. If the packages were brought into the stores and warehouses in an apparent sound condition under which the decrease is certain to have occurred in the country of origin before shipment, then prosecution of the decrease shall be dropped.
- B. If the packages brought into stores or warehouses were in apparent unsound condition, the investing body of these stores and warehouses together with the Department and the transport company should record such condition in the delivery report and check the weight, contents and number. The investing body should also take the necessary measures to secure the packages preservation. The responsibility in this case shall be borne by the transporter unless there is a reservation in the manifest endorsed by the customs authorities of the country of origin and in this case prosecution of the matter shall be dropped.
- C. If the packages were entered in apparent sound condition and became under suspicion after entering stores and warehouses, the responsibility lies on the investing body when a decrease or replacement is concerned.

Article 72:

The Department authorities may open the packages for inspection upon suspicion of the existence of prohibited goods or goods which contravene the contents of the customs documents. The Department can do this in the absence of the person concerned or his representative if he refrains from attending the inspection at the specified ed time after being duly notified. When necessary, the Department may carry out the inspection before informing the person concerned or his representative provided that the inspection is carried out by a committee formed for this purpose. The committee shall prepare a verbal process on the result of the inspection.

Article 73:

The Department shall have the right to analyze the goods by an authorized analyst so as to check the kind or specifications of the commodity or its compliance with the legislations in force.

Article 74

The Department and the person concerned may object to the result of the analysis before the special committee prescribed in Article (80) of this Law.

Article 75:

- A. Should the other legal provisions in force require the availability of special terms and specifications for the goods and this in turn required the carrying out of the analysis or the inspection then this should be done. The Director shall have the right to release the goods in return for the necessary guarantees which insure that they will not be dealt with except after the result of the analysis has been obtained.
- B. It shall be allowed to release the goods before the result of the analysis is known if the aim of the analysis is to apply the customs tariff and payment by the commodity owner of the duties on the basis of the highest rate of the tariff which shall be held in trust until the result has been obtained.
- C. The Director shall have the right to destroy the goods which the analysis or the examination proves tobe harmful and are not in conformity with the authorized speci cations. Costs of the destruction shall be paid by the owners of the goods and in their presence or presence of their representatives. They may, If they wish, re-export the goods within a period determined by the Director. In case they fail to attend or re-export after being informed in writing, the destruction shall be carried

out at their expense and the necessary verbal - process on that shall be prepared. Article 76: Packings of the goods subject to an advisory tariff shall be subject to the duties imposed on their contents of goods. The Minister, upon the recommendation of the Director, may issue a decision defining the cases in which the fees and duties imposed on the covers shall be collected separately from those imposed on their contents of goods and in accordance with provisions of their relevant tariff. The decision shall apply to the goods subject to an advisory or specific tariff or subject to reduced duties or exempted from customs duties. Article 77: Should the Department be unable to check the accuracy of the contents of the declaration through the examination of the commodity or the submitted documents, it shall have the right to stop the examination and request the submission of the documents which provide the necessary elements of confirmation provided that all measures shall be taken to shorten the period of stay.

Article 78:

Fees and duties shall be collected in accordance with the contents of the declaration, however, if the result of the examination showed a discrepancy between such result and the contents of the declaration, the fees and duties shall be collected on the basis of this result without violating the right of the Department to pursue the collection of the required due fines in accordance with the provisions of this Law.

Article 79:

When necessary, the customs authorities and owners of goods or their representatives shall have the right for re-inspection in accordance with the provisions of Articles 69 - 78 of this Law.

Chapter Three

Article 80:

- A. The Minister shall designate a special committee to discuss disputes concerning the value, origin, characteristics or tariff classification of goods. Said committee shall consist of three of senior officials of the Department.
- B. In case of a dispute between the declarants and the Department, such dispute shall be referred to said committee which may consult the opinions of experts and technicians whose help it may seek. C. The Director shall issue his decisions upon recommendation of the committee.
- C. The Directors decisions may be contested before the Customs Court within 15 days from the date of notification thereof.
- D. The goods may be delivered prior to the settlement of the dispute mentioned in paragraph a of this Article. Samples of the goods in question shall be kept with the Department according to the terms, rules and guarantees specified by the Director.
- E. Customs duties and other fees and taxes not included in the dispute shall be collected for the revenue. While customs duties and other fees and taxes in question shall be levied by a deposit or a bank security bond until settling the dispute.

Chapter Four

Special Terms for Travelers

Article 81:

- A. Declarations and inspection shall be carried out at Customs Centers concerning travelers belongings in accordance with the procedures and regulations determined by the Director.
- B. Despite the provisions of this Law, Customs duties shall be levied on goods in the possession of passengers in accordance with the duty rates decided by the Minister upon recommendation from the director by regulations issued for this purpose. These regulations shall specify the conditions and procedures required for the application of the provisions of this Article and the types of goods to which it shall be applicable.

Chapter Five

Payment of Duties and Taxes and Withdrawal of Goods

Article 82:

- A. Goods are the security for duties and taxes and shall not be withdrawn except after the completion of customs formalities and payment of duties and taxes in accordance with the provisions of this Law.
- B. ubject to the principle of civil and joint liability provided for in this Law, the importer shall be in charge of payment of the determined customs duties and other fees and taxes.
- C. The provisions related to withdrawal of goods before payment of duties and taxes, in addition to conditions and guarantees to be submitted for withdrawal of those goods in case of emergency, as well as the provisions related to the calculation of duties and taxes and toes related to receipts under which duties and taxes are levied and other provisions related to this chapter shall be determined by directives issued by the Minister.

Article 83:

However, taxable persons may withdraw their goods before the final assessment of due duties and taxes against a bank or a cash guarantee and under the conditions and rules determined by the Director.

Article 84:

- A. The customs authorities may, by the Directors approval and after releasing the goods, examine the customs and commercial documents and data relating to the import or export operations in respect of the goods concerned. Inspection and examination of goods may be carried out at the premises of the declarant, or any other person directly or indirectly involved in the said operations in a business capacity within a period not exceeding three months from the date of releasing those goods.
- B. Where revision of the declaration or post clearance examination indicates that the provisions governing the customs procedure provided for in this Law have been applied on the basis of incorrect or incomplete information, the customs authorities shall, in accordance with the provisions laid down, take the measures necessary to regularize the situation, taking account of the new information available to them.

Article 85:

In exceptional conditions determined by the Council of Ministers, it shall be permitted to withdraw the goods in return for special guarantees and under conditions determined by a decision from the Minister. These goods shall be subject to the customs duties and other fees and taxes in effect at the date of their withdrawal.

Article 86:

The Department's officials charged with the collection of duties and taxes shall give receipts for these duties and taxes written in the name of the importer and in the form defined by the Minister. Settlements of the refundable duties and taxes which need to be refunded shall be prepared in the name of the importer after presenting the receipt given to him or a copy thereof when necessary.

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ANNEX 9 - Advance Goods classification application

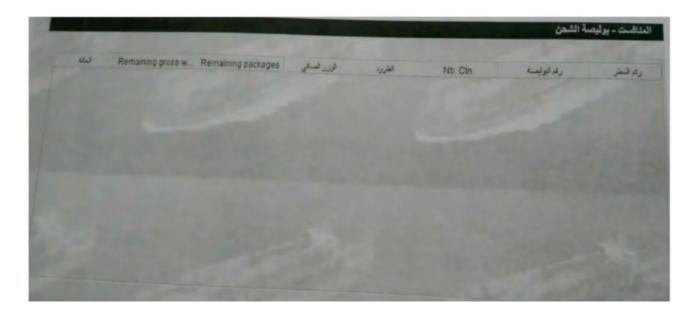


ANNEX 10 - Legal justification for goods advance valuation

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	ir			
	الرائد تشتر .	الخنشاران		
Ref. Date			2015/08/23	ئرفسم : سي العاريخ : 3
	(2015/ /)	تعميم داخلي رقم		
	مواصفات والمقاييس ومسة الدواء والغذاء زرراعة جمرك العقبة المساعدون المساعدون المساعدون المساعدة شركات التخليص	سادة مؤسسة السادة مركز سادة مركز	5) [3 5)	
سماحة العليا للوطان ، رب الأحمر ، والاكتفاء الترفيق الجمرك . أما الإنتها في جمول العقبة الإنتها في جمول العقبة الإنتها في المحالة الماويات المعالية السنزامنة . المعالية السنزامنة . المعالية السنزامنة .	ن وكشوفات التحويل ذات المسر ها بنظام التتب الإلكتروني أو ال الدخلوة فقم الاستعاضة عن معا (فلارسالوات ذات الصنف الواحد الدوائر المعنية التي يتطلب البيان ومن والدوائر الأخرى ذات العلا الكشف ، تعليها والتراما بعقهرم الكشف ، تعليها والتراما بعقهرم	سائع ، وتلاقيا لتكدس المنادية وعطوفة مدير عا الإجراءات التنالية : باع الإجراءات التنالية : X-iRAY أو ارسالو للمراكز الجموكية الوصول. حاويات البيان الواحد (مريطة إجازة البيان الواحد (مريطة إجازة البيان من الماويات السعارة أو	سبابية وسهولة حركة البحة للطة منطقة العقبة الاقتصار من تاريخة أقرار أن مسرف النظر عن البحد على المحاولة البوانات الني مقصة بمعاينتها في مراكز الإفراج عن جموج المطلوبة للمعاينة تا حروزة التمديق بها المعركي بشأن طلة	1
		Úlá.c.	ov.ju	(A. F.)

ANNEX 11 - ASYCUDA system screenshots

المنافست - معلومات عامة	THE RESERVE		-
e of departure / arrival عرض عدد — General Information	Office	OC.	
رقب تربطه 0043/135/135/1 معان ضمعره BRAILA ROBRA	تاريخ المفارة 05/10/2018	تاریخ ترصول رقت توصو 05-10/2018 تاریخ التسمیل 09:58 03/10/2018 مکان المقصد AQABA (EL AKABA JOAGJ	2099 / 2018 - در شعن
— Shipping Information شرعة صع 135		Bills	2
رکانة جورج بحثل تتماوحه null null null null		قطروه تحاویات عرزن هستني	831.00 0 340.500.000
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بدي		ALFERDAWI 1 المكان	
ا برعو IMO Si 64223 تدایش CAPTALI ZI	-	فتريخ	







ANNEX 12 - Storage and handling fees for containers in Aqaba port



كشف مقارنة لتعرفة لاتحة بدلات خدمات المناولة والتخزين في ميناء الحاويات في العقبة

الصنف	التعرفة الس	ابقة (دينار)	التعرفة الجا	نيدة (دينار)	نسبة التغير (%)			
	٠٠ قدم	أكثر من ٢٠ قدم	٠٠ قدم	اکثر من ۲۰ قدم	۲۰ قدم اکثر من ۲۰ قدم			
		4 574	دمات الحاويات					
وارد : معباً / فارغ	47,0	19	09 79		7.	Y . , £		
سادر: معبا / فارغ	77,0	19	79	09	7.	Y . , £		
نرانزیت: (عبور) معبا			79	09	۲.	Y+,£		
الاقطرمة	77	95	Vž,o	111,0	T+,1	*.		
فتنه الحاويات على السفن	٩	٧	5	1	,V_	14,4-		
غطاء المعابر	,0	٥٢	A	٧	,0	£A		
صندوق المعدات (التربيط)	4	٧	0	4	,Y	۲.		
لات ربط الحاويات مردة (لكل يوم)	14.0	**	75,0	79,7	£.	į.		
		يدلات خدماد	ن مناولة الحاو	پات				
الوارد / معيا	0,70	V٩	7.	٩.	15,7	11		
الوارد / قارغ	11,0	17 11.0		δį	10	10		
لترانزيت (عبور) معبا	11,0	T7,7 £Y		o į	TV	10		
الصادر / فارغ	11,0	ŧ٧	77,7	05	10	10		
الصادر / معيا	11,0	ŧ٧	77.7	10 10 01				



كشف مقارنة لتعرفة لانحة بدلات خدمات المناولة والتخزين في ميناء الحاويات في العقبة

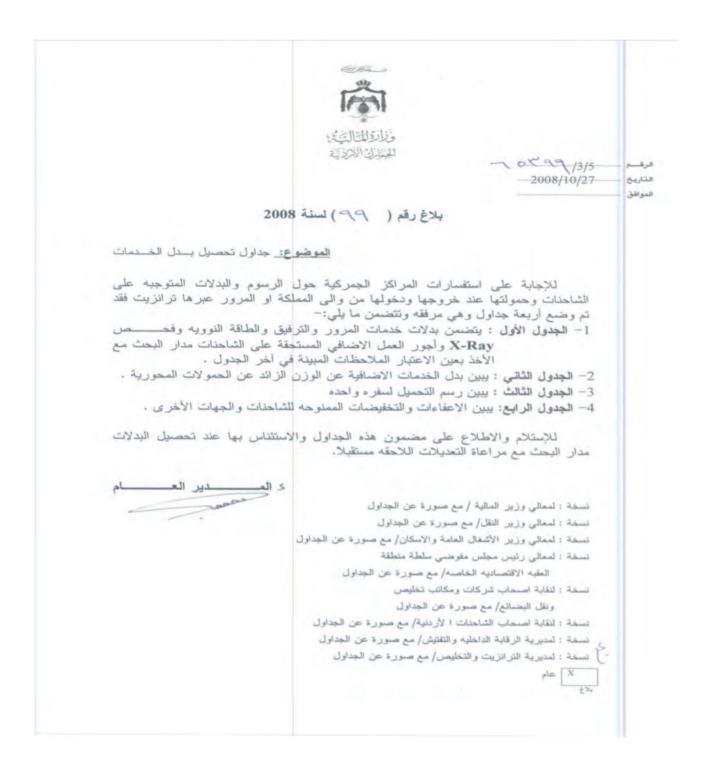
بدلات خدمات التخزين - الحاويات المعبأة الواردة

نير (%)	نسبة التا	ييدة	يفة الجا	التعر		بغة السابقة	التعري
اکثر من ۲۰ قدم	٠٠ قدم	اکثر من ۲۰ قدم	۲. <u>ق</u> م	الفترة	اکثر من ۲۰ قدم	٠٠ قدم	الفترة
-	- 5låen		معفاة	٧ ايام	Slien	معفاة	۷ ایام
		1.	٥	۸-۱۶ يوما (لكل يوم)	1.	0	۱-۰۱ ایام (لکل یوم)
1	1	ŧ.	۲.	۱۵-۲۱ يوما (لكل يوم)	۲.	1.	۱۱-۰۱ يوم (لكل يوم)
1	1.,	۸.	٤.	۲۲ یوما واکثر (لکل یوم)	t.	۲.	اکثر من ۲۰ یوم (لکل یوم)

بدلات خدمات التخزين - الحاويات الفارغة الصادرة

فير (%)	نسبة الته	ã <u>l</u>	ريفة الجد	التع		التعر	
اكثر من	٠٠ قدم	اکثر من ۲۰ قدم	٠ ٢قدم	القترة	اكثر من ٢٠ قدم	۲۰ قدم	القترة
	. 6	Sláza	Slike	۷ ایام	ilien	Sièsa	۷ ایلم
1	1	17.	1	۸-۱۶ یوما (لکل یوم)	1	٢	۱۱ (لکل یوم)
1	1.44	Ťž.	14	۲۱-۱۵ يوما (لكل يوم)	14	1	۲۰-۱۱ يوم (لكل يوم)
1	1	£Α	TÉ	ما بعد ذلك (لكل يوم)	YÉ	17	ما بعد ذلك (لكل يوم)

ANNEX 13 - Fees applied on X- ray inspection, Trucks, financial exemption on trucks.



أولا:- جدول الرسوم والبدلات المفروضة على الشاحتات الداخلة إلى المملكة أو الخارجة منها والعايرة تراثزيت وحسب جنسية الشاحنة وحالة الدخول (محملة/فارغة)

	الآردنية الآردنية						السورية				التركية				الإماراتية				
	جنسية الشاحنة ووضعيتها	فارع	alki	إعلاة تصدير	تراتزيل	فارغ	ankri	إعادة تصدير	はばず	فارع	anke	اعادة تصدير	ははず	فارغ	صادر	اعادة تصدير	は江河		
	فدمان	0	100	100	210	3.70	3.70	370	370	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	*0.01		
1910	は動	120 او 130 داو 140	120 le 12	1 20 1 20 1 20 1 2 1 2 0 2 4 0	1 20 1 20 1 1 20 1 20 1 2 40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
قاصدة إلى الأردن	طَاقَةً نَوْرِيةً	77	7 7	22	7.5	32	32	12	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32		
رين	x- ray	210	110	110	110	310	310	310	3 10	110	310	310	110	110	310	310	110		
	الجرا عما إذا	0	315	513	320	0	215	315	320	0	315	315	320	0	315	115	0		
	خدمان المرور	0	57	210	010	3.70	370	170	3.70	*0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	* 0.01		
9	ترفيق	ان مارد اور 10 د اور 10 مارد	1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1	ان مان او 1 ء ع او 1 ء ع 40	20 د او 20 د او 240	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
خارجة من الأردن	वीहर	22	75	7.5	22	32	32	32	12	3.2	12	32	3.2	32	32	12	32		
3	x-ray	310	210	210	0110	3 10	110	310	310	310	310	110	310	3 10	3.10	3 10	310		
	أجرا عم إيما ألم	0	115	215	220	0	3.15	315	320	0	115	315	3 20	0	115	315	0		
	فدمان	0	0	210	240	3 110	370	370	1145	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	* 0.01		
12	·文書	20 د او 1 ء 30 1 ع 40	20 د او 1 م م د او 1 م م د	1 20 اور 1 3 30 د اور 1 4 40	20 د اور 20 د اور 20 د اور	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
تراتزين هير الأرين	विहर	7.5	22	77	32	12	32	22	32	32	12	3.2	3.2	12	32	32	32		
	x-ray	۰10	110	110	210	310	110	710	310	310	310	210	310	310	310	3.10	3.10		
	اجور عمل إضافي	0	0	315	320	0	0	215	120	0	0	315	320	0	0	315	0		



أولا:- جدول الرسوم والبدلات المفروضة على الشاحنات الداخلة إلى المملكة أو الخارجة منها والعايرة تراتزيت وحسب جنسية الشاحنة وحالة الدخول (محملة/فارغة)

جنسر	990		司司				المعودية				الثباحنات	えず			えてます				الاجنبزة	الأخرى	
جنسرة الثباجنة	ووصعيبها	فارغ	صادر	إعادة تصدير	はばず	فارغ	صادر	إعادة تصدير	は気ず	فارغ	صلار	إعادة تصدير	はばず	فارغ	صادر	اعادة تصدير	はばず	فارغ	صادر	إعلاة تصدير	はばず
	خدمان	.002	.002	.002	.002	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
<u>al</u>	なる。	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
قاصدة إلى الأردن	طاقة نووية	32	32	3.2	12	32	32	32	32	32	3.2	32	3.2	32	32	3.2	32	32	32	32	32
3	x- ray	3.10	310	110	3 10	310	310	310	310	110	310	310	3.10	110	3.10	310	3 10	310	310	310	310
	क्रिक्	0	315	115	320	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	315	3.15	3.20	0	115	215	320	0	315	315	120
	خدمان	.002	.002	.002	200.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
-1	نر فين	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
خارجة من الأرين	طَاقَةً نوويةً	32	32	32	32	32	3.2	32	32	32	32	3.2	32	32	3.2	32	32	3.2	12	3.2	32
3	x-ray	310	310	110	310	310	310	310	310	310	310	310	3.10	3.10	3.10	3 10	110	310	3.10	310	110
	الجورا عمل إفراقي	0	315	315	320	0.0	315	0.0	0.0	0	315	315	320	0	3.15	315	320	0	115	315	320
	خدمان	.002	.002	.002	2007	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	10.0	10.0	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.03
	ترفيق	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
تراتزين عبر الأرين	4.65. iqq.	32	32	22	32	3.2	32	32	32	32	32	32	3.2	3.2	3.2	22	32	32	3.2	12	32
الأرين	x-ray	310	310	310	3 10	3 10	310	310	310	210	310	310	3.10	3.10	310	3.10	310	110	3.10	110	310
	اجرا عا إذا الله	0	0	315	320	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	315	320	0	0	315	320	0	0	315	320

ì



ملاحظة 1 :- تم وضع مبالغ مقطوعة في مربعات يدل خدمات المرور في الجنول أعلاه وتم وضع نسب منوية في بقية المربعات لغايات احتماب بدل الخدمات حسب معادلة الوزن وزن الشاحنة قائم (طن)× المسافة المقطوعة (كم) × النسبة وتم وضع (0) في الحالات المعفاة

ملاحظة 2 :- عمر تجاوز بدل الخدمات عن الشاحنات العربية المطبقة لمعادلة الوزن (النسبة) التي مقصدها الأردن أو الخارجة منه بعد تفريغ معولتها مبلغ 40 دينار عن كل شاحنة ملاحظة 3; - هناك يدلات أخرى سترد ضمن جداول لاحقة ينظلب الاطلاع عليها لاحتساب رسم التصيل لسفرة وإحدة للشاحنة المحملة إلى غير بلد تسجيلها ويدل الخدمات عن

ملاحظة 5 :- يستوفي مبلغ 10 دنقير رسوم طوابع بيان جمركي باستثناء البيانات المحملة على الشاحنات الإماراتية والكويتية و السعودية ملاحظة 6 :- في حلاة تحميل الشاحنات السعودية بصنادرات اردنية يستحق عليها رسوم طوابع بيان جمركي بواقع 10 دنتير ملاحظة 7 :- تعفي الشاحنات التركية في رحلة العودة فارغة من العقبة من بيل خدمات المرور على الغرق. ملاحظة 8 :- يحصل بدل الحراسة والترقيق عن الشاحنات الأردنية التي يتم ترقيقها فعليا وحسب المساقة من (1 كم- 90 كم) 20 دينار/(100 كم – 199 كم) 30 دينار/(100 كم

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- جدول بدل خدمات إضافيه عن الوزن الزائد عن الحمولات المحورية

من والى المملكة (نقل دولي)	داخل المملكة	زيادة الوزن عن الحمولة المقررة	التسلسل
ن زائد 20 دينار عن كل طن زائد	10 دناتير عن كل طر	من (1 إلى 5) طن	-1
زائد 30 دينار عن كل طن زائد	15 دينار عن كل طن	أكثر من 5 طن	-2

الإعقاءات والتخفيضات	جنسية الشاحنة/الجهة المعفاة
تعفى البضائع المعاد تصديرها من جمرك مطار الملكة علياء الدولي من بدل خدمات المرور والمساعي ورسوم طوابع البيان فقط	مؤسسة الإذاعه والتلفزيون
	الشاحنات المحملة مادة القمح المستورد لحساب وزارة الصناعة والتجارة
معقاة من بدل خدمات المرور البضائع المصدرة من المصنع إلى ميناء العقية فقط	شاحنات شركة اليوتاس العربية
البضائع الواردة من المطار التخليص إلى مطار عمان المدني معفاة من بدل خدمات المرور فقط	الشركة الأردنية لأظمة الطيران
معفاة من بدل خدمات المرور فقط	الثاحنات التي تحمل الفوسفات
اليضائع الواردة جوا إلى المنطقة الحرة الخاصة الصيانة الطائرات معفاة من بدل خدمات المرور فقط	مستوردات الشركة الأردنية لصيانة الطائرات
معفاة من كافة الرسوم والبدلات باستثناء بدل فحص X-Ray	المنطقة الحرة الخاصة باللجنة الدولية للصليب احمر
يعصل بدل خدمات المرور بواقع (5) دناتير عن كل شاحنة أردنية مع استيفاء كافة اليدلات الأخرى	البضائع المنقولة من المنطقة الحرة الخاصة الشيبيه إلى العقية
 يحصل بدل خدمات المرور بواقع (5) دناتير عن كل شاحنة أردنية مع استيفاء كافة البدلات الأخرى 	الأغنام المنقولة من ميناء العقبة إلى المنطقة الحسرة الخاصــة القويره
معقاة من يدل خدمات المرور فقط	بيانات إعادة التصدير الخاصة برديات ضريبة المبيعات التسي تزيد قيمة الضريبة المسددة عن (500) دينار
، معقاة من كافة الرسوم والضرائب والبدلات باستثناء بدل فحص الأشعة X-Ray	إعقاءِ المواد الواردة لمكتب الأمسم المتحسدة ومسن المنظمات معقاة من كافة الرسوم والضرائب والبدلات الحكومية وغير الحكومية واللجنة الدولية للصليب الأحمر إلسي باستثناء بدل فحص الأشعة X-Ray العراق
معقاة من كافة الرسوم والضرائب والبدلات باستثناء بدل فحص الأشعة X-Ray	المساعدات الإسائية إلى السلطة الوطئية القلسطينية



ANNEX 14 - customs clearance process tracking via mobile ${\rm SMS}$ – service application

الجمارك الأردنية
الجمركية الشاملة
الختصاص
الختصاص
الختصات الجمركية
المعلومات
التخدمات الجمركية

اسم الخدمة:	الاشتراك في خدمة الرسائل القصيرة
وصف الخدمة :	يتم اشر اك متلقي الخدمة بخدمة الرسائل القصيرة بحيث يتم اعلامه بحالة البيان الجمركي المسجل له بو اقع ثلاث رسائل لكل بياز
	(عند النسجيل ، عند النصفية ، وعند الدفع)
الفئة المستهدفة من الخدمة:	جميع الشركات التجارية وشركات التخليص
أماكن الحصول على الخدمة:	
"	مديرية خدمة الجمهور – مديرية تكنولوجيا المعلومات/قسم الحكومة الإلكترونية
	لا يــوجـــد
	يمكن الحصول على نموذج الاشتراك عبر الموقع الالكتروني لدائرة الجمارك www.customs.gov.jo
ذكر الموقع: (انترنت)	
متطلبات الحصول على الخدمة	
الشمروط الواجب توفرها للحصمول على-	
الخدمة:	- أن يكون للشركة رقم ضريبي أو رقم شركة تخليص.
الوثائق المطلوبة للحصول على الخدمة:	 صورة عن السجل التجاري الأصلي .
	 هوية الأحوال المدنية.
	حضور المفوض بالسجل التجاري لاستلام كلمة السر. أد تقدين أو ثر نعر آن، بادتلا كارة السرية كارين على الندند بدولةة الناف على حقّالة قد
الإجراء المتبع للحصول على الخدمة وخط	 أو تغويض أي شخص آخر باستلام كلمة السر بشكل رسمي على النموذج ومصادقة البنك على صحة التوقيع.
ا و جراء العلب للعصيدون على العدمة و لحد سير ها تسلسليا حسب الأقسام و الوقت اللازم	
لاســـتكمال كل خطوة من خطوات الحصـــول	
على الخدمة :	 تحويل الاستدعاء إلى مدير مديرية تكنولوجيا المعلومات للدراسة واصدار القرار مديرية تكنولوجيا المعلومات
-	 "يحول الاستدعاء الى رئيس قسم الحكومة الالكترونية للدراسة واصدار القرار. مديرية تكنولوجيا المعلومات
	 خويل الاستدعاء الى الموظف المختص لاصدار قرار بالموافقة او عدم الموافقة مديرية تكنولوجيا المعلومات
	 إصدار القرار بقبول الطلب أو قرار بالرفض والاعتذار.
1	 تمنح متلقي الخدمة اسم المستخدم وكلمة السر وادراج الشركة في السجلات مديرية تكنولوجيا المعلومات
	الالكترونية للشركات المشتركة في الخدمة.
الزمن المستغرق للحصول على الخدمة:	_
	- تقدم الخدمة وفقاً لنظام المتابعة الالكتروني نعم () لا (*)
	تبدأ الخدمة من قسم خدمة الجمهور نعم (*) لا ()
	تتنهي الخدمة من قسم خدمة الجمهور نعم (*) لا ()
الرسوم المالية المطلوبة:	- رسوم تغویض – ان وجد – بدل طوابع.
الشركاء في تقديم الخدمة	
اسم الشريك:	لا يـــوجـــد
دور الشريك: لا	لا يـــوجـــد
الأخطاء والمشماكل الوارد حدوثها إثناء تقديم	
الخدمة	
المشكلة أو الخطأ ال	لا يـــوجـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
سبب المشكلة أو الخطأ	غـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
تكرار المشكلة	غــــير محـــدد
الاقتراح الوارد لحل المشكلة	ر.
طرق التقدم بشكوى على مستوى تقديم الخدمة	سندوق الشكاوي كرم بشكوى مباشرة للمسؤول ك الشكاوى المجانية الكتروني
ألية التعامل مع الشكوى : يَـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	يتم استلامها من ضابط الشكاوي وتحويلها للجنة الشكاوي والمقترحات للبت بموضوعها وارسال الرد لمقدمها على العنوان
51	المصرح عنه.

ANNEX 15 - Helpful contact list

Na	me	Phone Number
1.	Entities to help you with formalizing your business	
_	The Social Security Corporation	065501880
-	The Public Revenues and Tax Department	064624577
-	The Ministry of Labor	080022208
_	The National Electricity Power Company	065858615
-	The Ministry of Water and Irrigation	065652265
2.	Chambers of Commerce	
_	Jordan Chamber of Commerce	065902040
-	Amman Chamber of Commerce	065666151
-	Zarqa Chamber of Commerce	06253851930 / 06253851710
_	Ramtha Chamber of Commerce	0273838178
_	Aqaba Chamber of Commerce	032012235
-	Salt Chamber of Commerce	0253554821
-	Irbid Chamber of Commerce	027242077
-	Ma'an Chamber of Commerce	03213050
-	Karak Chamber of Commerce	032351171
-	Tafileh Chamber of Commerce	032241085
-	Madaba Chamber of Commerce	053244120
-	Mafraq Chamber of Commerce	026234197
-	Jerash Chamber of Commerce	02350969
-	Mazar Chamber of Commerce	032372359
-	Shooneh Chamber of Commerce	053581625
-	Rusaifeh Chamber of Commerce	053745081
-	Ajloun Chamber of Commerce	026422334
3.	Chambers of Industry	
-	Jordan Chamber of Industry	064642649
-	Amman Chamber of Industry	064643001
_	Irbid Chamber of Industry	02258222
-	Zarqa Chamber of Industry	0553932841
4.	Ministry of Industry & Trade and its directorates	
-	Ministry of Industry & Trade in Amman	065629030
-	Ministry of Industry & Trade in Madaba Governorate	053242146
_	Industry &Trade Directorate in Balqa Governorate	053554835
_	Industry &Trade Directorate in Aqaba Governorate	032019467
-	Industry &Trade Directorate in Karak Governorate	032351040 / 0323511320
-	Industry & Trade Directorate in Ma'an Governorate	032132305 / 032132195
-	Industry & Trade Directorate in Tafileh Governorate	032241191 / 032240952
-	Industry & Trade Directorate in Ajloun Governorate	026422181
-	Industry & Trade Directorate in Jerash Governorate	026341664
-	Industry & Trade Directorate in Zarqa Governorate	053983885
-	Industry & Trade Directorate in Irbid Governorate	027254059
-	Industry & Trade Directorate in Mafraq Governorate	026232368

5. Companies Control Department and its subsidiaries	
- Companies Control Department in Amman	560026006
 Mafraq office – Chamber of Commerce of Mafraq 	326236983
Zarqa office – Chamber of Commerce Mafraq	353855463
 Madaba office – Chamber of Commerce of Madaba 	353242146
 Irbid office – Irbid Chamber of Commerce 	327253793
Aqaba office – Aqaba Special Economic Zone Authority	2362 (sub-number) / 239333
Sahab office – Abdullah II Ibn Al-Hussein Industrial Estate	176 (sub-number) / 4022101
- Jordan Investment Commission	065608400
6. Other support institutions	
Development & Employment Fund	064618851
 Jordan Enterprise Development Corporation 	065603507
Agricultural Credit Corporation	065603507
 Tanmeyah (Jordan Microfinance Network) 	065358589

Annex 16 - Custom law No.20 of the Year 1998

subject, after being submitted for consumption in said country, for the Customs Tariff applied to goods of the country of origin or source whichever of them is higher.

C. Goods which undergo additional processing in a country other than that of origin, shall be subject to the Customs Tariff applied to goods of the country of origin or country of manufacture, according to the processing degree, and in accordance with the basis provided for in paragraph (A) of this Article.

Article 26:

- A. Imported goods shall be subject to prove their origin. The conditions of proving the origin and the exemption cases thereof shall be determined by a decision from the Minister upon recommendation from the Director.
- B. The Department shall have the right to request additional evidence to prove the origin of goods in case of doubting the authenticity of the presented certificate of origin.

B- Preferential Origin

Article 27:

The rules on preferential origin shall be determined and implemented in accordance with agreements concluded between the Kingdom and other parties and which provide for the granting of preferential tariff treatment.

Section 2: Customs Value

Article 28:

- A. Customs value of imported goods shall be the transaction value, that is the price actually paid or payable for the goods, when bought, provided:-
 - 1. That there are no restrictions as to the disposition or use of the goods other than restrictions which are provided for in this Law or any other Law or restrictions which limit the geographical area in which the goods may be resold or those which do not substantially affect the value of the goods.
 - 2. That the sale or price is not subject to some condition or consideration for which a value cannot be determined with respect to the goods being valued.
 - 3. That no part of the proceeds of any subsequent resale, disposal or use of the goods by the buyer will accrue directly or indirectly to the seller, unless an appropriate adjustment can be made in accordance with the provision of paragraph (F) of this Article.
 - 4. That the buyer and seller are not related.
- B. Persons, either being natural or legal, shall be deemed to be related only

if:--

- 1. They are officers or directors of one anothers business.
- 2. They are legally recognized partners in business.
- 3. They are employer and employee.
- 4. Any person directly or indirectly owns not less then 5 percent of the outstanding voting stock or shares.
- 5. One of them directly or indirectly controls the other.
- 6. Both of them are directly or indirectly controlled by a third person.
- 7. Together they directly or indirectly control a third person.
- 8. They are members of the same family up to the third degree.
- C. The fact that the buyer and the seller are related within the meaning of paragraph B of this Article shall not in itself be grounds for regarding the transaction value as unacceptable provided that the relationship did
- D. In a sale between related persons, the transaction value shall be accepted and the goods valued in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (A) whenever the importer demonstrates that such value closely approximates to one of the following test values of goods imported within 90 days before or after the date of importation: -
 - The transaction value in sales of identical or similar goods to buyers unrelated to the sellers for export to the Kingdom.
 - 2. The customs value of identical or similar goods as determined under the provisions of paragraph (C) or (D) of Article 30.
- E. In applying the test values mentioned in paragraph (D) of this Article, due account shall be taken of demonstrated differences in commercial levels. quantity levels and costs provided for in paragraph (F) of this Article.

- F. In determining the transaction value, the following costs shall be added to the extent that they are not included in the price actually paid or payable for the imported goods: -
 - 1. Commission and brokerage, except buying commission.
 - 2. The cost of containers which are treated as being for customs purposes part of the goods.
 - 3. The cost of packing whether for labor or materials.
 - 4. The value of the following goods and services where supplied directly or indirectly by the buyer free of charge or at reduced cost for use in connection with the production of the imported goods: -
 - 5. Materials, components and parts incorporated in the imported goods.
 - 6. Tools, dies and molds used in the production of the imported goods.
 - Materials consumed in the production of the imported goods.
 - Engineering, development, artwork, design work, and plans and sketches carried out elsewhere than in the Kingdom and necessary for the production of the imported goods.
 - 7. Royalties and license fees of using the concession right related to the goods being valued that the buyer must pay, either directly or indirectly, as a condition of sale of the goods.
 - 8. The value of any part of the proceeds of any subsequent resale, disposal or use of the imported goods that accrues directly or indirectly to the seller.
 - 9. The cost of transport of the imported goods to the port or place of importation.
- 8. Loading, unloading, handling and insurance charges associated with the transport of the imported goods to the port or place of importation.
- G. No additions shall be made to the price actually paid or payable in determining the transaction value except as provided in paragraph (F) of this Article. Additions to the price actually paid or payable shall be made only on the basis of objective and quantifiable data, otherwise it will be impossible to determine the transaction value under this Article.
- H. When the Jordan Customs has reasonable reasons to doubt the truth of the produced documents, despite the conformity of the provisions of this Article, it shall communicate to the importer, in writing if requested, its grounds for doubting the truth or accuracy of the presented documents and the importer shall be given a reasonable opportunity to respond. In case the importer fails to present the evidence acceptable by the Department within the given period, then the provisions of Articles (29,30 31) shall be applied successively.

Article 29:

Whenever the customs value cannot be determined under the provisions of

Article 28, then it shall be determined in accordance with items (A-D) of Article 30: according to the order shown therein and by applying methods successively until determining the customs value in accordance with the first possible method. At the request of the importer and the Department's approval, the order of application of items (D) and (C) Article 30 may be reversed.

Article 30:

The customs value shall be: -

- A. The transaction value of identical goods sold for export to the Kingdom and exported at or about the same time as the goods being valued. In applying this Article, differences in commercial level, quantity, distance and means of transport shall be considered. If, when applying this item, more than one transaction value of identical goods is found, the lowest of these values shall be used to determine the customs value of the imported goods.
- B. The transaction value of similar goods sold for export to the Kingdom and exported at or about the same time as the goods being valued. In applying this Article, it shall be considered the discrepancies arising from differences in commercial level, quantity, distances and modes of transport. If, in applying this item, more than one transaction value of similar goods is found, the lowest of such values shall be used to determine the customs value of the imported goods. C.
- 1. If the imported goods or identical or similar imported goods are sold in the Kingdom in the condition as imported, the customs value of the imported goods shall be based on the unit price at which the imported goods or identical or similar imported goods are sold in the greatest aggregate quantity, at or about the time of the importation of the goods being valued, but before the expiration of 90 days after such importation, to persons who are not related to the persons from whom they buy such goods, provided that deductions must be made in the commissions usually paid in the Kingdom or agreed to be paid and the additions usually made for profit and general expenses of goods of the same class or kind regardless of their origin, and in the usual costs of transport and insurance incurred within the Kingdom, as well as in the customs duties and the other fees and taxes and other national taxes payable by reason of the importation or sale of the goods in the Kingdom.
- 2. If neither of the goods provided for in paragraph (C/1) of this Article are sold in the condition as imported, then the customs value shall be based on the unit price at which the imported goods, after further processing, are sold. Due allowance shall be made for the value added by such processing and the deductions provided for in the foregoing paragraph.

	D. The customs value of imported goods under the provision of this item shall be based on a computed value. Computed value shall consist of the sum of:-
	1. the cost or value of materials and fabrication or other processing employed in producing the imported goods.
	an amount for profit and general expenses equal to that usually reflected in sales of goods of the same class or kind as the goods being valued which are made by producers in the country of exportation for export to the Kingdom.
	3. wages, cost and expenses provided for in items 7-8 paragraph (F) of Article 28.
Article 31:	A. Where it is impossible to determine the customs value under the provisions of Articles 28, 29, 30, then it shall be determined by directives issued by the Minister and shall be published in the Official Gazette.
	B. If the importer so requests, the importer shall be informed in writing of the customs value determined and the methods used to determine such value.
	C. Every declaration should be accompanied by an original list (invoice) attested by the chamber of commerce of the city where commodity has originated or by any agency acceptable for the Department confirming the authenticity of prices and origin. These documents shall also be attested by the Jordanian Consulate Missions and in case these Missions are not existing it would be sufficient to attest them by chambers of commerce or official bodies.
	D. The Director may allow the completion of formalities of clearing the commodity without the presentation of the attested lists and the required documents in return for cash guarantee not exceeding 2% or a bank security not exceeding 4% of commodity value for each document, provided that this deposit shall be refunded to payer as soon as he presents the attested lists and the required documents within (60) days of date of payment.
	E. The attested list or whole or part of terms thereof may be disregarded in accordance with instructions issued by the Minister for this purpose upon recommendation from the Director, where cases of disregarded tothat list shall be determined and published in the Official Gazette.
	F. Where the declared value is calculated in foreign currency, it shall be converted into local currency. The conversion shall be made on basis of rate of exchange duly published by the Central Bank on date of registering the declaration.
	G. The Department shall have the right to request the documents, contracts, correspondences and others related to the transaction, including documentary credits.
	H. Commodity kind shall be written in Arabic, in compliance with the customs tariff, on the invoices issued in foreign language.
Article 32:	The value declared in export is the value of the goods at the time of the registration of the customs declaration added to it all the expenses incurred up to the time of the commodity's arrival at the border. This value shall not include:
	A. The duties and taxes imposed on exportation if existed.
	B. The local taxes and others refundable upon export.
Section 3: K	ind
Article 33:	A. For the purposes of determining the kind, decisions of analogy and classification of goods not mentioned in Customs Tariff schedules shall be issued by a decision by the Minister upon recommendation of the Director and in pursuance of rules stated in the schedule. These decisions shall be published in the Official Gazette.
	B. Subject to explanatory notes of Tariff issued by the World Customs Organization, additional and applicable terms of Tariff shall be issued by the Director by decisions in which he shall determine their effective date. Such decisions shall be published in the Official Gazette.

Chapter Four: Entering and Leaving of Goods

Chapter One

Presentation of Goods to Customs Authorities

Article A summary declaration shall be presented for each commodity entering the

34: Kingdom or leaving therefrom. Such goods shall be presented without delay to the customs authorities at the nearest customs house as specified by the Department.

Chapter Two

Prohibition and Restriction

Article 35:

Ships of whatever load capacity shall be forbidden from anchoring at seaports other than those assigned for them except under a maritime emergency as a result of a force majeure. In such case, the captain of the ship shall inform the customs house or security post without any delay.

Article 36:

The ships whose load capacities are less than two hundred maritime tones each shall be forbidden from ferrying, within the sea customs limit, restricted or prohibited goods or goods subject to heavy duties or the specific prohibited goods prescribed in Article 2 of this Law.

Article 37:

Ships of load capacity less than two hundred maritime tones each and which ferry goods mentioned in Article (36) of this law shall be denied entry into the sea customs zone and shall also be forbidden from sailing inside the zone or changing their course inside it except under conditions created by maritime emergency or force majeure. In such case, the captain shall inform the nearest customs center or security post without any delay.

Article 38:

Airplanes shall be forbidden from taking off or landing at airports where no customs houses are available except under force majeure. In such case the captain shall at once inform the nearest customs house or security post and submit a report on that to the Department attested by the party which was notified.

Article 39:

- A. The specified prohibited goods shall be seized even if they were declared by their real nomenclature unless they were licensed in advance to enter or leave the country.
- B. Other prohibited goods whose real nomenclature are declared shall not be seized but shall be returned to outside or inside the Kingdom whenever necessary.
- C. The official customs formalities shall not be allowed for any commodity whose importation or exportation depends on the issue of a license or permit or a certificate or any other document before obtaining the required document.

Article 40:

Foreign goods which carry marks, names or signs which may suggest that they are locally produced whether on the products or their pickings or their rapings, shall be considered as prohibited. The prohibition shall be also applicable in conditions where duties are outstanding.

Article 41:

The entry of foreign goods which do not meet the terms incorporated in the Laws and regulations for the protection of origin and ownership shall be forbidden unless the pertinent authorities agree to remove such prohibition.

Article 42:

The Director may impose special rules for the packing of certain goods for the purposes of simplifying inspection procedures.

Chapter Three

Sea Transport

Article

A. Every commodity arriving by sea shall be registered in the cargo Manifests

ANNEX 17 - List of Jordanian Customs Offices

Office	Nature	Clearance	Border	Single	Querant	Full
	(Type of			Window		Delegation
	Office)			(SW)		
Aqaba Customs Office	1	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
Aseza Customs Office	1	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	
Mahtat Alrukab Customs	1	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
Office						
Airport Customs Office	2	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$
/Clearance						
Airport Customs	2	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$			
Office/Passenger						
Amman Civil Airport Customs	2		$\sqrt{}$			
Office						
Amman Customs Office	3	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
Al-Ramtha Customs Office	3		$\sqrt{}$			
Al-Mafraq Customs Office	3	$\sqrt{}$			$\sqrt{}$	
Al-Karamah Customs Office	3		$\sqrt{}$			
King Hussein Bridge Customs Office	3	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		
Omari Customs Office	3		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		
King Abdullah li Industrial Estate Customs Office	3	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$
Addereh Customs Office	3		$\sqrt{}$			
Jaber Customs Office	3	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	
Wadi Arrabah Customs Office	3		$\sqrt{}$			
Jordan Valley Crossing Point Customs Office	3		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		
Zarqa Free Zone Customs Office	4		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		$\sqrt{}$
Syrian- Jordanian Free Zone	4	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		
El-Hassan Industrial Estate Customs Office	5		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		
Al- Raqeem Customs Office	5		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		
Al- Dleail Customs Office	5		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		
Al- Hussein Bin Abdullah II Estate Customs Office	5		$\sqrt{}$			
Bonded Warehouse Customs Office	6		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$
Post Office	7		$\sqrt{}$	$\sqrt{}$		

Legend; Type of Office: (1): Seaport, (2): Airport, (3): Land Port, (4): Free Zone, (5): Industrial

Zone, (6): Bonded Warehouse, (7): Post office.

ANNEX 18 - List of Customs Clearance agencies/agents

اسم الشركة	العنوان	المدينة
شركه السلام لنقل و تخليص البضائع ذ.م.م.	شارع الملك حسين - عماره المتحده	عمان
	للتامينوسط البلد	
الشركه الاردنيه للشحن و تخليص البضائع	العبدلي - شارع اميه بن عبد شمس مجمع	عمان
	عمان التجاري	
شركه الوفاق لخدمات التخليص	تلاع العلي شارع وصفي التل	عمان
شركه الاتكال لنقل و تخليص البضائع	وسط البلد - شارع الهاشمي - مقابل حلويات	عمان
	حبيبه	
الشركه المتحده لنقل و تخليص البضائع بالتر انزيت	جبل الحسين - شارع اسعد خليل حمدوخ -	عمان
	مجمع احمد الخصاونه التجاري	
شركه كريم للملاحه و التخليص	ام اذينه - شارع سعد بن ابي وقاص - مبنى	عمان
tedi all characters	رقم ۳۰	- 1
شركه سالتوس للشحن و التخليص	مقابل البوابه رقم ٤ - مبنى رقم ٤٧ المدينه	عمان
شركه النجاح للنقل و التخليص	الرياضيه التجاريه الاولى	العقبه
شرکه المنار لنقل و تخلیص البضائع	النجارية الاوتى وادي صقره - شارع عرار - مبنى رقم ٤٧	عمان
شركه البدر للملاحه و التخليص د.م.م.	وادي صعره - سارح عرار - مبنى رقم ٢٠ ماركا الشماليه - قرب مسجد الامير راشد	عمان
سرت ابدر ممرحه و التحليص درم.م.	مارع فینان شارع فینان	عقص
شركه الهلال لنقل و تخليص البضائع	العبدلي - شارع الشريف الرضي	عمان
شركه المنار لنقل و تخليص البضائع	التجاريه الاولى	العقبه
شركه كريم للملاحه و التخليص	الضليل - مجمع الضليل الصناعي	الزرقاء
شركه الحريه للملاحه و النقل و التخليص ذ.م.م.	الشميساني - شارع سالم الهنداوي - مبنى	عمان
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ي ي ري ، په ري . ي رقم ۷ رقم ۷	
شركه مالترانس للوكالات الملاحيه و التخليص ذ.م.م.	الشميساني - شارع جابربن حيان - مبنى	عمان
	رقم ۶۰	
شركه الجابري التخليص	سحاب - مركز سحاب - المدينه الصناعيه	عمان
شركه مطالقه و موسى للشحن و تخليص البضائع	العبدلي - شارع الملك حسين - مركز	عمان
ذ.م.م	الصائغ التجاري	
شركه مالتر انس للوكالات الملاحيه و التخليص	التجاريه الثانيه	العقبه
شركة الوصال للتخليص الجمركي	الرمثا	أربد
شركه رم و الخليج للنقل البري و التخليص و التجاره	وادي صقره - مقابل شركه محمد علي	عمان
المساهمه المحدوده	منصور	
شركه اتقان للتخليص ذ.م.م	ام السماق - شارع مكه - بنايه رقم ١٨٨	عمان
شركة البيرق الذهبي للتخليص	شارع الملك حسين - عمارة بلبيسي ستار -	عمان
	طابق ثالثالعبدلي	
شركه رم و الخليج للنقل البري و التخليص	الزرقاء ـ المنطقه الحره	الزرقاء
شركه البراق للتخليص ذ.م.م.	جبل الحسين - شارع خالد بن الوليد	عمان
شركه ذياب الحلبي و او لاده	وسط البلد - شارع بسمان	عمان
شركه صلاح الصلاح و اولاده	جبل عمان - الدوار الاول - شارع ⁹ شعبان	عمان
شركه كونه و ناجل - الاردن ذ.م.م.	الشميساني - عماره الحمراء - مبنى رقم ٨	عمان
شركه عبر الاردن للتخليص ذ.م.م.	جبل الحسين - مجمع عادل القاسم	عمان
شركه ز هره الاردن للتخليص ذ.م.م.	تلاع العلي - شارع وصفي التل - مجمع	عمان
	حمیدان - مبنی رقم ۲۵۰	

		. 1
شركه ليفانت اكسبرس سيرفيس	جبل اللوييده - شارع ضرار بن الازور -	عمان
	مبنی رقم ۸۰	
شركه بهجت الجعبري و شركاه	وسط البلد - شارع الملك حسين	عمان
الشركه الدوليه المتحده للتخليص ذ.م.م.	الجبيهه - شارع الملكه رانيا العبد الله - مبنى	عمان
	رقم ٨٤	
شركه محمود النهار و شريكه للتخليص	ماركا الشماليه - عماره سعود العايد	عمان
شركه احمد كريم النهار و شركاه	القويسمه - جمرك عمان	عمان
شركه احمد عبد الحياري و شركاه	المدينه الرياضيه - مقابل بوابه رقم؟	عمان
شركة مسافات للتخليص و خدمات الشحن	مرج الحماممرج الحمام	عمان
الشركة الدولية للتصدير International Auto	عمان ـ دوار الكيلوعمان	العاصمة
Export		
شركه الكوكب للتخليص على البضائع ذ.م.م.	ام السماق - عماره البنك العربي	عمان
شركه نقل بضائع الترانزيت الاردنيه	جبل الحسين - شارع خالد ابن الوليد - مجمع	عمان
	الحسيني	
شركه وليد العورتاني و اخوانه لتخليص البضائع		عمان
	الأمريكي	
شرکه فواز ابو القرم و شریکته	الاذاعه و التلفزيون - شارع الصخره -	عمان
.5 3/3 5: 53	مجمع دحبور	
شركه محمد عربيات و شركاه لتخليص البضائع	القويسمه - شارع الامير حسن - جمرك	عمان
	عمان	0
شركه النجاح لتخليص و نقل البضائع	وسط البلد - شارع سينما الحسين	عمان
الشركه العربيه الامريكيه للنقل السريع	الزرقاء - الحاووز	الزرقاء
شرکه موسی عبد العال و ولده	وسط البلد - شارع الملك حسين	عمان
شركة يورك الدولية لخدمات الشحنشركة يورك	شارع المدينة المنورةتلاع العلي	عمان
الدولية لخدمات الشحن		
شركه علي صالح هليل و اولاده للتخليص	الصويفيه - شارع الحمراءمبني رقم ١٣	عمان
شركة نبع الأردن للشحن البحري	شارع الرازي	عمان
شركه محمد ابو حسان و محمد الصرايره	جبل الحسين - شارع خالد بن الوليد مجمع	عمان
	عادل القاسم	
شركه عيد ادريس و تيسير اسعد للتخليص	العبدلي - شارع الملك حسين - مقابل وزاره	عمان
	الماليه - مبنى رقم ٧٤	
شركه مروان الزركاني و شركاه لتخليص البضائع	و سط البلد - شارع الشابسوغ - مقابل جامع	عمان
	الشركس	
شركه حسام المدلل و شريكه	جبل الحسين - ٧٢ شارع الرازي	عمان
شركه نجمه الاردن للتخليص و النقل ذ.م.م	شارع الجليلجبل الحسين	عمان
شركه ياسين للتخليص و نقل البضائع	وسط البلد - شارع الهاشميوسط البلد	عمان
شركه العالميه المثلى لخدمات الشحن و الوكالات	الزرقاء ـ شارع طاش	الزرقاء
الملاحيه		
شركة الأسطورة للملاحة و وساطة الشحن البحري	شارع المدينة المنورةتلاع العلي	عمان
شركه اور ابيا للملاحه و النقل الدولي ذ.م.م.	تلاع العلي - شارع وصفي التل - مقابل	عمان
	نعمان مول	
شركه تادرس و شركاهم للتخليص و نقل البضائع	الصويفيه - بجانب مطعم الكلحه	عمان
بالترانزيت	,	
شركه عثمان للتخليص و نقل البضائع	العبدلي - شارع الملك حسين - مركز	عمان
	الصائغ التجاري	
	،ــــري	

ألشركه الاورو اسيويه للملاحه البحريه	شارع الخالدي	عمان
الشركه الوطنيه للتخليص و نقل البضائع	وسط البلد - شارع الامير محمد - قرب	عمان
	كازيه الدجاني - مبنى رقم ١٤٦	
شركه الاردن لتخليص و نقل البضائع ذ.م.م.	وسط البلد - شارع الملك عبد الله الاول	عمان
شركه محمد صالح ابو رمان و اولاده للتخليص	وسط البلد - شارع الامير غازي	عمان
شركة الاسطورة للملاحة و وساطة الشحن البحري	شارع المدينة المنورةتلاع العلي	عمان
شركه الشيماء للتخليص علي البضائع	تلاع العلي - شارع وصفي التل - عماره	عمان
	مرام رقم ۱۰۹	
شركه محمد مصطفى الناطور و اولاده لتخليص	وسط البلد - شارع الشابسوغ	عمان
البضائع		
شركه الشرق الاوسط للتخليص و نقل البضائع	وسط البلد شارع الملك غازي - مبنى رقم ٢	عمان
بالترانزيت ذ.م.م.		
شركه العالم الجديد للتخليص و النقل ذ.م.م	جيل الحسين - شارع الرازي - مجمع	عمان
	الحوتري	
شركه خالد عوده و شركاه لتخليص البضائع	العبدلي - شارع الملك حسين	عمان
شركه حامد ابو ديه و اولاده للتخليص على البضائع	القويسمه - جمرك عمان	عمان
الشركه العالميه للتخليص و نقل البضائع بالترانزيت	جبل الحسين - شارع الجليل - مبنى رقم °	عمان
المحدوده المسؤوليه		
الشركه الشرقيه الدوليه للتخليص و نقل البضائع	الضليل - مجمع الضليل الصناعي	الزرقاء
محدوده المسؤوليه		
شرکه جوردن اکسبرس	العبدلي - شارع المخابرات	عمان
شركه صويص و شركاهم للتخليص و النقل	تلاع العلي - حي الرابيه - شارع مكه	عمان
	المكرمه ـ مبنى رقم ٥٨	
شركه الواحه للتخليص و نقل البضائع المساهمه	وسط البلد - شارع الملك حسين	عمان
المحدوده		
شركه خليج العقبه للتخليص ذات المسؤوليه المحدوده	جبل الزهور - قرب دوار الصحابه	عمان
شركه اكسبدايترز انترناشونال - الاردن مساهمه	جبل عمان - شارع زهران - مجمع جعفر	عمان
خاصه	الحجاوي	
شركه خليل عبد الرحمن نصار و شركاه للتخليص و	الوحدات - شـــارع مادبا - قرب حلويات	عمان
شحن البضائع	حبيبه	
الشركه الشرقيه الدوليه للتخليص و نقل البضائع ذ.م.م.	جبل اللويبده - بنايه السلام	عمان
شركه الاستثماري لتمويل سلسله الامداد مساهمه .	بنايه رقم ١٩ - شارع صلاح فليح العطيات	عمان
خاصه	- خلف جمرك عمانالجويده	
النسر للتخليص و النقل الدولي ذم م	تلاع العلي شارع الصعب بن جثامه	عمان
شركه صالح داوديه و شركاه	خلدا - حي ام السماق - شارع عامر بن	عمان
the first term that the state of the state o	مالك - قرب المدارس الانجليزيه	
شركه عبر الشرق للتخليص و نقل البضائع المساهمه	جبل عمان - شارع زهران - عماره رقم	عمان
المحدوده	177	.1
شركه المخازن العموميه - الاردن المساهمه الخاصه	الشميساني - عماره الحمره	عمان
شركه بترا للملاحه و التجاره الدوليه ذ.م.م	تلاع العلي - شارع وصفي التل - مجمع	عمان
1.1.1.1.1	غازي التجاري رقم ۸۰	.1
علي طه علي ابداح	طبربور مقابل شركه لادا	عمان
شركه النسر للتخليص و النقل الدولي ذ.م.م.	تلاع العلي - شارع الصعب بن جثامه	عمان
الخدمات الدوليه للسياحه و السفر ذم م	الشميساني شارع عبد الحميد شومان	عمان

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شركه امين قعوار و اولاده م.خ.م.	الشميساني - شارع عبد الحميد شرف -	عمان
1. 411 11.	مبنی رقم ۲۶	
مؤسسه اطلس للتخليص	سحاب - المدينه الصناعيه - مجمع شركات	عمان
	التخليص	
شركه تكنولوجيا العصر العربيه ذ.م.م	تلاع العلي - شارع وصفي التل - مبنى رقم	عمان
	٧٢	
العربيه الامريكيه للتخليص و النقل (ارامكس)	تلاع العلي شارع خليل السالم مبنى رقم	عمان
	١٨	
رم و الخليج للنقل البري و التخليص و التجاره	وادي صــقره مقابل شــر كه محمد علي	عمان
المساهمه المحدوده	منصور	
الجازي للملاحه و التخليص - الجازي للسياحه السفر	الشميساني - ٩٠ شارع الملكه نور	عمان
جبال عزون لتخليص البضائع	الازرق الشمالي	الزرقاء
جدارا للتخليص	تلاع العلي ـ شارع وصفي التل	عمان
الاعمار للتخليص	العبدلي - مركز الصائغ التجاري	عمان
مؤسسه النصير للتخليص	جمرك عمان - مكتب رقم ٣٣	عمان
العصريه للتخليص	تلاع العلي - شارع الجاردنز	عمان
مؤسسه دجله للتخليص	العبدلي - شارع اميمه - عماره الداود	عمان
شركة شعاع السرعة لخدمات الشحن	شارع المدينة المنورةتلاع العلي	عمان
جنيفا للتخليص على البضائع	المقابلين - شارع الحريه	عمان
مؤسسه الحدا للتخليص	القويسمه - جمرك عمان	عمان
مؤسسه جراسيا للتخليص	ري و	عمان
مؤسسه الر افدين للتخليص	مركز جمرك عمان - شارع الامير حسن	عمان
مؤسسه السنابل للتخليص على البضائع	تلاع العلي - شارع وصفي التل	عمان
الجواد العربي للتخليص و الشحنالجواد العربي	شارع الحرية عمارة رقم ١٣٤عمان	عمان
الجواد العربي سختيم و الشحت بعواد العربي التخليص و الشحن	سارع العربية عمارة رقم ١١١ عمان	عقدان
المدى للتخليص	المدينه الرياضيه - شارع البتاني - عماره	عمان
المدى سخليص		عمان
مؤسسه عبر الجنوب لنقل و تخليص البضائع	رقم ٥ التجاريه الثانيه	العقبه
الابرار للتخليص	العبدلي - شارع الملك حسين - عماره	عمان
	الداود	
مؤسسه البركه للتخليص	جبل الحسين - شارع خالد بن الوليد -	عمان
	مجمع الحسيني التجاري	
مؤسسه غرناطه للتخليص	وسط البلد - عماره ماضي - شارع الملك	عمان
	فيصل	
المركز الاردني للتخليص الجمركي	مطار الملكه علياء	عمان
مكتب الدار للتخليص على البضائع	العبدلي - مركز قمحيه التجاري	عمان
اسوار القدس للتخليص	الجبيهه - مجمع ابو الحاج النجاري	عمان
مؤسسه العون للتخليص	تلاع العلي - شارع كابول - مقابل مسجد	عمان
	الضاحيه	
المسار للتخليص	القويسمه - دوار الشرق الاوسط - مقابل	عمان
	فندق الخليج	
النز هه للتخليص	جبل اللويبده - عماره السلام شارع كليه	عمان
	الشريعه	
مؤسسه عبر البلاد للتخليص	وسط البلد - اول طلوع الحايك - مبنى رقم	عمان
	77	
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مؤسسه ماجد المحيسن للتخليص	الوحدات ـ شارع الامير الحسن	عمان
مؤسسه ابو ورده للتخليص	القويسمه - دوار منور الحديد	عمان
مؤسسه بيت المقدس لتخليص البضائع	منطقه اليرموك - شارع الحزام - مثلث	عمان
	جمرك عمان	
مؤسسه امان للتخليص	الشميساني - شارع وادي صقره - عماره	عمان
	الريان	
نهر الاردن للتخليص	جبل الحسين - شارع خالد بن الوليد -	عمان
	عماره قدوره	
مؤسسه الرائد للتخليص	الوحدات - شارع حنين - مقابل قريه	عمان
	الطييات	
الرياديه للتخليص	تلاع العلي - شارع المدينه المنوره - مجمع	عمان
	عمير اللوزي	
مؤسسه الامل للتخليص	ماركا الشماليه - شارع فليح ابو جاموس	عمان
	مقابل دير اللاتين	
مؤسسه الزهور للتخليص على البضائع	العبدلي - مجمع شيكاغو	عمان
رامي ابو ورده للتخليص	الوحدات - حي الشعيليه - شارع العداله	عمان
مؤسسه البحر المتوسط للتخليص	العبدلي - شارع الشريف الرضي مقابل	عمان
	وزاره الصناعه و التجاره	
مؤسسه الروابي للتخليص	العبدلي - شارع السلط - مجمع الداوود	عمان
	التجاري	
مؤسسه الرواد للتخليص	المدينه الرياضيه - شارع الزمخشري مبنى	عمان
	رقم ۱۹	
رتاج التخليص	الجبيهــه - دوار المنهـل - مجمع الرايــه	عمان
	التجاري - مبنى رقم ٨١	
ثريا للتخليص	بيادر وادي السير - حي الجندويل - شارع	عمان
	احمد عقله النسور	
العربيه الامريكيه للتخليص و النقل ارامكس -	تلاع العلي - شارع خليل السالم مبنى رقم	عمان
Aramex	١٨	
الخيار للخدمات اللوجستية	شارع الملكة نور	عمان
خالد الصوري و شريكه للتخليص	جبل الحسين - شارع اسعد خليل ممدوح	عمان
الباسل للتخليص على البضائع	ام الحيران - شارع الامير حسن - مقابل	عمان
	کلیه حطین	
مؤسسه الوطن العربي للتخليص	جبل اللويبده الغربي - عماره الشخشير	عمان
	سنتر	
الهدايه للتخليص على البضائع	المقابلين - ام قصير - شارع الحريه - بنايه	عمان
	رقم ۱۰۳	
اميره للتخليص على البضائع	جبل الحسين - دوار فراس - مجمع	عمان
	الحسيني	
مؤسسه الاهلي للتخليص	ام الحيران - شارع الامير حسن - قرب	عمان
	البنك الاهلي	
الاصايل للتخليص على البضائع	جبل الحسين - شارع خالد بن الوليد - مبنى	عمان
	رقم ۵۸	
مؤسسه القطاطشه للتخليص	الاذاعه و التلفزيون - مجمع دحبور	عمان
	التجاري - شارع الصخره المشرفه	

وتار للتخليص الجمركي	جبل الحسين - شارع خالد بن الوليد -	عمان
	مجمع الحسيني	
المؤسسه الاردنيه للترانزيت	وادي صقره - بنايه الياسمين سنتر	عمان
انجاز للتخليص	عماره محمد الاقر عوادي صقره	عمان
مؤسسه هلسا للتخليص و الخدمات	صويلح شارع الملكه رانيا - مجمع القضاه	عمان
	التجاري	
المراد للتخليص على البضائع	وسط البلد- شارع بسمان - مجمع بسمان	عمان
	بلازا	
الابداع لتخليص و نقل البضائع	تلاع العلى - شارع وصفي التل - ريف	عمان
	سنتر - مبنی رقم ۱۹۳	
مؤسسه الرضوه للتخليص	جبل الحسين - دوارفراس - شارع خالد بن	عمان
	الوليد - بنايه ١٦٧	
عبر المحيطات للنقل و التخليص على البضائع	تلاع العلي - شارع وصفي التل - مجمع	عمان
	المحتسب	
مؤسسه المهدي لنقل و تخليص البضائع	وسط البلد - شارع قريش - قرب البنك	عمان
	العربي	
العربيه لنقل و تخليص البضائع بالترانزيت	وادي صـقره ـ قرب مفورشـات زهير عبد	عمان
	الحق مبنى رقم ١٦	
مؤسسه السيف للتخليص و نقل البضائع	مجمع اليرموك بلاز االرابية	عمان
مؤسسه عمر و للتخليص و نقل البضائع	وسط البلد - شارع بسمان	عمان
العلا للتخليص على البضائع	العبدلي - شارع الملك حسين - عماره	عمان
	البلبيسي رقم ١١٠	
مؤسسه الازدهار للتخليص و نقل البضائع	الجويده - قصير السهل	عمان
مؤسسه شبكه الشحن للتخليص السريع	جبل الحسين - شارع خالد بن الوليد	عمان
مؤسسه الحسبان للتخليص و نقل البضائع	الشميساني - مقابل فندق الكومودور - مبنى	عمان
	رقم ۱۰۸	
الكونيه الاولى للتخليص	تلاع العلي - شارع وصفي التل - عماره	عمان
	الروضه	
مؤسسه المها السريع لتخليص البضائع	شارع وادي صقره - قرب نادي السيارات	عمان
1 20 1 1 1	الملكي	
موسى عبد العال و ولده التخليص	شارع الملك حسينوسط البلد	عمان
النجمه الذهبيه للتخليص	تلاع العلي - شارع وصفي التل - عماره	عمان
1	الحميدي	
السهم الثلاثي للتخليص	تلاع العلي - شارع وصفي التل - مقابل	عمان
a tube test	نعمان مول - بنایه رقم ۸۲	
التخصصيه للتخليص و نقل البضائع	شارع خالد بن الوليد - جبل الحسين	عمان
المدائن للتخليص و نقل البضائع	تلاع العلي - شارع وصفي التل - مجمع	عمان
a be be test to	العساف التجاري رقم ١٣٧	
النموذجيه للتخليص و نقل البضائع	جبل الحسين - شارع خالد بن الوليد -	عمان
test	مجمع عادل القاسم	•1
مؤسسه عمون للتخليص	وادي صقره - شارع وادي صقره -	عمان
مؤسسه ميس الدوليه للتخليص	عماره الصادق - مبنى رقم ٦٦	-1 -
مؤسسه ميس الدولية للتخليص مؤسسه الكابتن للتخليص	بجانب البريدام البساتين تلاع العلي - شارع الملكه رانيا	عمان
مؤسسه الخابل للتخليص	للاع العلي - سارع الملحة رابيا	عمان

النمر للتخليص	الشميساني - شارع عبد الحميد شومان -	عمان
	عماره غاليه	
مؤسسه النهضه العربيه للتخليص على البضائع	جبل عمان - الدوار الثالث - بجانب فندق	عمان
	رويال مبنى رقم ١٤	
زمزم لتخليص البضائع	العبدلي - شارع الشريف عبد الحميد	عمان
	شرف - عماره لؤلؤه العبدلي	
الزاهره الدوليه للتخليص و نقل البضائع و الحاويات	العبدلي - مجمع شيكاغو التجاري	عمان
على الطرق		
مؤسسه الرفاعي للنقل و التخليص	شارع الشريف حسين بن علي مبنى رقم	عمان
	٠ ١ العبدلي	
مؤسسه الكمال للملاحه و التخليص	الصويفيه - شارع باريس - مجمع	عمان
	حجازي	
مؤسسه ثغر الاردن للتخليص و النقل	وادي صقره - شارع وادي صقره -	عمان
	مجمع حسين عطيه	
الخضري للتخليص على البضائع	شارع الملك فيصل - سوق الصاغه -	عمان
	عماره ماضيوسط البلد	
مؤسسه المدار للتخليص	شارع الحريهالمقابلين	عمان
المرساه للتخليص على البضائع - الابرار لنقل الحاويات	تلاع العلي - شارع وصفي التل	عمان
على الطرق		
المدينه المنوره للتخليص و نقل البضائع	وسط البلد - مجمع الشابسوغ	عمان
مؤسسه الاسراء للتخليص	شارع الملك حسين مبنى رقم ١٩٢ العبدلي	عمان
المؤسسه الشرقيه للتخليص	المدينه الرياضيه - شارع الملكه رانيا	عمان
	العبد الله - مبنى رقم ٥	
مؤسسسه العلمين لاتخليص و النقل و الملاحه و	ام السماق ـ شارع مكه	عمان
الترانزيت		
الثقه للتخليص و النقل	الشميساني - شارع الثقافه - مجمع	عمان
	الناصر التجاري	
المؤسسه المركزيه للتخليص و نقل البضائع	جبل الحسين - شارع خالد بن الوليد -	عمان
	مجمع عادل القاسم التجاري	
نجمه الموصل الذهبيه	بيادر وادي السير - الدوار السابع - مجمع	عمان
	الحسيني	
المؤسسه الاهليه للتخليص على البضائع	وسط البلد - شارع الهاشمي - عماره	عمان
	مؤسسه الايتام	
شركة اونيكس للخدمات اللوجستية شركة اونيكس	شارع الملك حسينالعبدلي	عمان
للخدمات اللوجستية		
مؤسسه مكه للتخليص على البضائع	جبل الحسين - شارع ابو الفداء الايوبي	عمان
teelt de la constant	مبنی رقم ۳	.1
روافد نهر اليرموك للتخليص	جبل عمان - الدوار الثالث - شارع الامير	عمان
ti , ati t, ati i su	محمد - مبنی رقم ۲٤٣	-1
الاهرام للتخليص و الشحن البري	الشميساني - مقابل مجمع بنك الاسكان -	عمان
Jegli SV i Tibli e	شارع الملكه نور مبنى رقم ٩٤	•1
مؤسسه زكي الناطور و اولاده للتخليص	مقابل مدينة الملك عبد الله الثاني	عمان
. 1	الرياضية القويسمة	•1 -
باسم صب لین	الشارع الرئيسي بجانب البنك الاردني الكويتيابو علندا	عمان
	الكويتيبو علادا	

مؤسسة الأفق لخدمات الشحن	178شارع وصفي التلتلاع العلي	عمان
صفوة عمان للخدمات اللوجستية	شارع الملكلة رانيا العبد الله - رقم البناية	عمان
	٣٧٣ - الطابق ٤ - مكتب ١٠ ٤تلاع العلي	
شركه لين لخدمات الشحن ذم مشركه لين لخدمات	229شارع المدينه المنوره تلاع العلي	عمان
الشحن ذ.م.م		

ANNEX 19 - Jordanian Customs Golden List

مجال عمليات تدقيق الالتزام	تاريخ الحصول على القائمة	القانمة	الرقم الضريبي	اسم الشركة	الرقم
التصدير	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۰۰/۱۹ ص	القائمة الذهبية		بترا للصناعات الهندسية	١
التخايص	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية		كريم للملاحة والتخليص	۲
ادارة النقل	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية		السلام للوكالات البحرية	٣
ادارة النقل	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية		عمون لخدمات النقل والملاحة	£
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۰۰/۱۰/۲۷ ص	القائمة الذهبية		شركة الكينا لصناعة الورق الصحي	٥
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۲۰۰۱/۰۱/۲۹ ص	القائمة الذهبية		شركة ناجي الهمشري وأولاده - المجموعة العالمية لقطع غيار السيارات	٦
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ س	القائمة الذهبية		مجموعة حيدر مراد واولاده للاستثمار	٧
مجال الاستيراد ۲۰۰7/۱۰/۳۰ مجال التصدير ۲۰۱۰/۰/۲	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۰۲/۱۰/۳۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية		شركة البوتاس العربية المساهمة العامة	٨
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۰۷/۰۸/۲۲ ص	القائمة الذهبية	٠٠٤٠٠٣٠٧١	شركة صناعة الحديد والصلب الاردنية (مصانع الحسين للحديد)	٩
المناطق الصناعية المؤهله (QIZ)	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية	•• ٤• ७७ ७ ६७	ايام ماليبان تكستايلز برايفت ليمتد لصناعة الإليسة الجاهزة	١.
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۲۲ ص	القائمة الذهبية	٠ • ٤ • ٦٧٣ • ٤	شركة الوحده للهواتف الخلوية (i2)	11
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية	. ۱ 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 .	شركة عزت موسى مرجي واولاده	1 4
اسئیر اد وتصدیر	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۰۹/۰۳/۱۲ ص	القائمة الذهبية	.177772	الخليج للكابلات والصناعات المتعدده	1 4
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۰۹/۰۰/۱۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية		حسان وحسام ابو الفيلات (مركز المحيط للاسماك)	١٤
الاستير اد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ س	القائمة الذهبية		الشركة الأردنية للصناعات الخشيية (جوايكو)	١٥
مجال الاستيراد ٢٠٠٩/٦/١٨ مجال التصدير ٢٠١١/١١/٢٩	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۰۹/۰٦/۱۸ ص	القائمة الذهبية	٠٠٤٠٠٥١٨٠	شركة مصنع الادوية البيطرية والزراعية (قابكر)	١٦
الاستير اد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۰۹/۰۸/۲۷ ص	القائمة الذهبية	۰۰٤۰۰٦۲۰۸	شركة عمان للأدوية والتجارة (اداتكو)	١٧

الاستيراد والتصدير	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية	.179.9950	شركة ايلا لكيماويات البناء	۱۸
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۰/۰۰/۰۲ ص	القائمة الذهبية	· · £ · 0 Y \ 0 0	الشركة المركزية للتجارة والمركبات	19
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۰/۰۳/۳۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية	.177.2210	شركة مجموعة دملاج الصناعية	۲.
الاسئيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۲۱۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية		الشركة الاردنية الحديثة لخدمات الزيوت والمحروقات	۲۱
الإستيراد والتصدير	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۰۱۰/۱۱/۲۳ ص	القائمة الذهبية	9577	شركة مجموعة منير سختيان التجارية	4 4
الاستيراد والتصدير	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۰۱۰/۱۲/۲۷ ص	القائمة الذهبية		شركة الرياض لصناعة المنظفات	۲۳
الإستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۱/۰۱/۲۶ ص	القائمة الذهبية	.17977570	شركة نسيم الدادا وشركاه ذ.م.م	۲ ٤
الإستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۱/۰٤/۲۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية	۰۰٤۰۰۰۸۲	شركة تر انسميد-الأردن	40
الإسئيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۱/۰۲/۲۷ ص	القائمة الذهبية	. ۱۷۹۲۸٤٦.	شركة وكالة الشرق الأوسط للاستيراد والاستشارات (مديكا)	۲٦
الإستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۱/۰۸/۰۱ ص	القائمة الذهبية		الشركة التجارية الفلسطينية.	۲٧
المناطق الصناعية المؤهله (QIZ)	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۱/۰۹/۱۳ ص	القائمة الذهبية		الشركة المتحدة للإبداع لصناعة الأليسة الجاهزة ذ.م.م	۲۸
الإستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۲/۰۳/۰۸ ص	القائمة الذهبية	£ 191.1	مؤسسة المشرق للتسويق	۲٩
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۲/۰٤/۱۹ ص	القائمة الذهبية	.17977797	شركة نضال عدنان الخليل وإخوانه / مؤسسة نور على نور /فلنسيا	۳.
مجال الاستيراد ٢٠١٢/٦/٣ مجال التصدير ٢٠١٣/٨/٢٩	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۲/۰۲/۰۳ ص	القائمة الذهبية	. ۱٦٦ . ۲۸۲ .	شركة اسمنت الشمالية	۳١
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۲/۰٦/۱۸ ص	القائمة الذهبية		شركة صلبشيان التجارية	٣٢
الاستيراد والتصدير	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۲/۰۹/۰۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية	£ . ٣٦٦٤٦	الشركة الاردنية البريطانية لكيماويات البناء	th th
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۲/۱۱/۲۲ ص	القائمة الذهبية		شرکة زهير عيسى مراد واولاده	ځ ۳
الاستيراد و التصدير	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۳/۰۲/۱۹ ص	القائمة الذهبية	.17971£41	شركة مصانع الكابلات المتحدة م.ع.م.	٣٥
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۳/۰۳/۱۱ ص	القائمة الذهبية	.177774977.	شركة الليان للتوريدات الغذانية	۳٦

٣٧	شركة جورج ابو زيد	.17907719	القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۳/۰۰/۲۸ ص	الاستير اد
٣٨	شركة المطاحن و معامل المعكرونة الحديثة	٠٠٤٠١١٤٨١	القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۳/۰۹/۲۹ ص	الاستيراد
٣٩	شركة العصامي للاستثمار و التجارة	.11701.0	القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۳/۱۱/۲۶ ص	الاستيراد و التصدير
£ 4	شركة طهبوب اخوان للتجهيزات العالميه	.17919757	القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۱٤/۰۲/۲۰ ص	الاستيراد
٤١	شركة إنجاز للتموين والتوزيع ذ.م.م	.11/4744.	القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱٤/۰۰/۲۰ ص	الاستيراد
٤٢	الشركة التجارية الصناعية		القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱٤/۰٥/۲٦ ص	الاستيراد
٤ ٣	الشركة الأربنية للتقنيات الكهربانية		القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱٤/۰۷/۰۹ ص	الأستيراد
£ £	شركة جميل بسطامي و أولاده	20.7097	القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱٤/۱۰/۲۱ ص	الاستيراد
£ 0	شركة بنك الاسكان للتجارة و التمويل - البوندد		القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۱٤/۱۱/۲۱ ص	المستودعات
٤٦	شركة مجموعة مراد و مهاني للاستثمار		القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱٤/۱۲/۱۰ ص	الاستيراد
٤٧	شركة الرفاعي للنقل الدولي والتخليص		القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۵/۰۳/۱۰ ص	التخليص
٤٨	الشركة المتطورة لصناعة الاثاث		القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۵/۰۳/۲۶ ص	الاستيراد و التصدير
٤٩	شركة المصفوفة لتكنولوجيا الاعمال	• ١٦٦٦٦٨٨٧	القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۵/۰٤/۲۱ ص	الإستيراد
٥٠	شركة بروفيمي الاردن	۰۰٤۰٤٩٨٠٢	القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۵/۰۵/۲۱ ص	الاستيراد و التصدير
01	شركة العبوات الطبية العربية		القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۵/۰۷/۰۸ ص	الاستيراد و التصدير
٥٢	الشركة الاردنية الحديثة للتجارة الدولية		القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۵/۱۲/۲۲ ص	الاستيراد
٥٣	شركة الغانم للتجارة و المقاولات	٠٠٤٠٠٣١١٠	القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۲/۰۲/۱۱ ص	الاستيراد
0 £	شركة مدماك لإنتاج الأسمدة و الأدوية الزراعية و البيطرية	· · £ · ٣٨٦٥٧	القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۲۲۰۰۰۰ ص	المناطق الصناعية المؤ هلة (QIZ)
٥٥	شركة إبراهيم و خالد أبو شقرة و شركاهم	۱۱۲۰۳۶۲۱۰	القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۲/۰۱/۱۳ ص	الاستير اد

الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۲/۰۲/۲۳ ص	القائمة الذهبية		الشركة العربية لصناعة الالمنيوم" أرال"	٥٦
الإستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۲/۰۹/۲۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية	. ۱ ۷ 9 ۲ ۸ ۸ ۳ ٤	شركة أعمدة اليبت التجارية	٥٧
الإستيراد والتصدير	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۲/۰۹/۲۹ ص	القائمة الذهبية	٠٠٤٠٠٨٠٩٠	شركة أدوية الحكمة	٥٨
التصدير	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۰۱/۲۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية	•1772•197	شركة الشريف لصبهر وتجارة المعادن	09
الإستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۰۱/۳۱ ص	القائمة الذهبية		شركة الواثق لتجارة الإتصالات	٦.
الاستيراد والقصدير	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۰۲/۱۲ ص	القائمة الذهبية	۰۰٤٠٨٦٨٣٠	شركة المدينة للصناعات الهندسية "مؤسسة عابدين الصناعية"	٦١
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۰۳/۱۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية		الشركة العامة للحاسبات والالكترونيات	7.7
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۰۳/۳۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية	.1777777	الشركة الاستشارية للدواجن والاعلاف	7,4
الإستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۰٤/۲۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية		شركة دار الغذاء	٦ ٤
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۰۰/۱۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية		الشركة المتميزة للطباعة	70
الاستيراد والتصدير	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۰۰/۱۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية	· • £ • 1 \	شركة فاين لصناعة الورق الصحي	44
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۰۰/۲۲ ص	القائمة الذهبية	97977	مستودع أدوية حسام النمر	٦٧
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۰۷/۲۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية	.177779	شركة صباغ اخوان ذم.م.	٦٨
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۷/۰۸/۰۱ ص	القائمة الذهبية	.119.17.4	شركة الميسرة لصناعة وتجارة البلاستيك	٦٩
المناطق الصناعية المؤهلة (QIZ)	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۰۸/۱۰ ص	القائمة الذهبية		شركة ناب الفيل لصناعة الالبسة	٧٠
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۰۸/۲۷ ص	القائمة الذهبية	.17727179	شركة اس واي إتش / الأردن "أيكيا"	٧١
الاستير اد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۰۹/۱۷ ص	القائمة الذهبية	.177707.7	شركة الهدف الدولية للاستير اد والصناعة (رامي الصاحب وشريكه)	٧٧
الاستيراد	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۱۰/۰۸ ص	القائمة الذهبية	.179.7077	شركة أمنية للهواتف المتنقلة	٧٣
النقل وإدارة النقل	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۱۰/۱۲ ص	القائمة الذهبية	.1797.45.7	شركة البتراء للنقل البري	٧٤

V 0	شركة كمباج العالمية للتجارة والاستثمار	£ A . V٣	القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۱۰/۱۲ ص	الاستيراد
V %	شركة نقل للسيارات	٠٠٤٠٨٥٤٥٠	القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۱۱/۲۱ ص	الاستير اد
٧٧	شركة اليوم للاغذية	.1797/2671	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	الاستيراد
٧٨	شركة محلات اميل	20.9729	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	الاستنير اد
V 9.	شركة أنباء احمد مراد	v910197	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	الاستيراد
٨٠	شركة عبيدو للادوات الكهربائية	99.1170	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	التصدير
٨١	شركة مصانع الدهانات الوطنية		القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	الاستيراد
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٨٣	شركة رامي الصاحب وشريكه	.177707.1	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	التصدير
Λ£	شركة اسمنت القطرانة	.17749£7£	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	الاستير اد
٨٥	شركة اسمنت القطرانة	.17749£7£	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	التصدير
۲۸	الصنوبر لصناعة الورق الصحي	£1. £٣٨٢	القائمة الذهبية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	الاستير اد
٨٧	شركة بلاستيك الشرق	£1. 777.	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	الاستير اد
٨٨	شركة المحمودية لتجارة السيارات	٠٠٤٠٦٠٨١٤	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	الاستير اد
٨٩	الشركة القطرية للاعمال التجارية	.17975701	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	الاستير اد
٩.	شركة لويس فيتون / الأردن	.1792.7.0	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	الاستيراد
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9 7	شركة ماجد الفطيم - هايير ماركتس / الاردن		القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	الاستير اد
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9 £	شركة الكسيح لتصنيع الاطعمة المعلبة	٠٠٤٠٣٧٨٨٠	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۷/۱۲/۰۳ ص	التصدير

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105	شركة ارام وهاكوب للتصوير والتجارة	£07777.	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۸/۰۷/۱۲ ص	الاستيراد	
100	شركة سمير وغسان عودة وشركانهم	£00.0 <u>/</u> V	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۸/۰۷/۱۲ ص	الاستيراد	
107	شركة غيث وحنيطي النجارية	£01471	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۸/۰۷/۱۲ ص	الاستيراد	
104	شركة محمد شوقمي جعفر واولادة	£09£7£9	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۸/۰۷/۱۲ ص	الاستيراد	
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109	شركة عبر البلاد لتجهيزات	179771771.	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۸/۰۷/۱۲ ص	الاستيراد	
17.	الوطنية الاردنية لصناعة الزيوت	179828.99	القائمة الفضية	۱۲:۰۰:۰۰ ۰۰۱۸/۰۷/۱۲ ص	الاستيراد	
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